

STANDING ORDERS ISSUED PRIOR TO EFFECTIVE DATE OF LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULES

I. TREATMENT OF STANDING ORDERS IN LOCAL RULES UPDATE

Except as set forth in Part II, all standing orders issued prior to the effective date of the current local bankruptcy rules either expired or have been incorporated into the local rules and appendices as follows:

SO#	Local Rule	Description of Standing Order / Local Rule Update
18-01	3015-6(d), 3015-8(c)	Revises certain chapter 13 trustee and debtor's attorney requirements.
18-02	1007-1(f), 5003-1(b), 9011-2(b)	Revises federal form 121 retention requirements.
20-01	See Part II	Adopts interim federal rules and forms.
20-02	3002.1-1, 3002.1-2, 3002.1-3	Establishes new rules pertaining to notices of mortgage payment change.
20-03	4001-2	Revises procedure for debtor to retain possession of leased premises after entry of pre-petition judgment for possession.
20-04	5005-2(a), 5005-3(a), 5005-4(a), 9011-2(c)	Revises <i>pro se</i> electronic filing procedures.
20-05	1007-1(l), 3070-1(a)	Permits TFS Billpay in lieu of wage withholding in chapter 13 cases.
20-06	4001-3	Establishes procedure to seek to continue or impose the stay under § 362(c)(3) and (4).
20-07	2015-1	Establishes operating report requirements in chapter 12 cases.
20-08	2015-2	Revises operating report requirements in business chapter 13 cases.
20-09	Expired	Established certain pandemic-related procedures that expired on July 4, 2021.
20-10	9011-1(b), 9011-4(c)	Establishes use of digital signature software products in lieu of ink signatures.
20-11	See Part II	Adopts revised interim federal rules.
20-12	Expired	Extension of 20-09 that expired on July 4, 2021.
20-13	9011-1(b), 9011-4(c)	Extension of 20-10.
20-14	Expired	Extension of 20-09 that expired on July 4, 2021.
20-15	9011-1(b), 9011-4(c)	Extension of 20-10.
21-01	9018-1	Establishes procedure for restricting access to highly sensitive documents.
21-02	See Part II	Temporarily provides certain pandemic-related relief, in accordance with the Further Consolidated Appropriates Act.
21-03	9011-1(b), 9011-4(c)	Extension of 20-10 (and extension of 20-09 that expired on July 4, 2021).
21-04	Appendix IX	Establishes criteria for remote appearances at hearings.
21-05	Appendix IX	Revises criteria for remote appearances at hearings.

II. STANDING ORDERS NOT SUPERSEDED BY LOCAL RULES

- (A) **Standing Order # 20-01** (adopting interim Bankruptcy Rules 1007, 1020, 2009, 2012, 2015, 3010, 3011, 3014, 3016, 3017.1, 3017.2, 3018, and 3019, and interim Official Forms 101, 201, 309E1, 309E2, 309F1, 309F2, 314, 315, and 425A)¹ shall remain in effect until the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules obtains final approval and withdraws the interim versions of those Bankruptcy Rules and Official Forms; and
- (B) **Standing Order # 21-02** (incorporating temporary pandemic-related relief enacted under the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act) shall remain in effect until the sunset dates of December 27, 2021 (with respect to Vt. LBR 3015-8(b)(4), 4001-3(d), and 4004-2(e)), and December 27, 2022 (with respect to Vt. LBR 6006-2).

Attachments:

- Standing Order # 20-01
- Standing Order # 21-02

¹ This Appendix previously listed Standing Order # 20-11 as being still in effect, but that Standing Order was subsequently superseded by Standing Order # 22-03 due to expiration of Section 1113 of the CARES Act and is no longer in effect.

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF VERMONT**

In re:

**MODIFICATION OF THE LOCAL RULES
OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE
IN THE U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF VERMONT**

BY ADOPTION OF

STANDING ORDER # 20-01

INTERIM BANKRUPTCY RULES

**1007, 1020, 2009, 2012, 2015, 3010, 3011, 3014,
3016, 3017.1, 3017.2, 3018, and 3019,
AND OFFICIAL FORMS
101, 201, 309E1, 309E2, 309F1, 309F2, 314, 315,
and 425A;**

TO IMPLEMENT

THE SMALL BUSINESS REORGANIZATION ACT OF 2019

On August 23, 2019, the Small Business Reorganization Act of 2019 (the “SBRA”) was enacted into law, with an effective date of February 19, 2020.

At its September 26, 2019 meeting, the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules (the “Advisory Committee”) recommended amendments to nine Federal Bankruptcy Rules and seven Official Bankruptcy Forms, as well as the adoption of two new Official Bankruptcy Forms, to implement the SBRA. Because the SBRA will take effect long before the rulemaking process can run its course under the Rules Enabling Act, the proposed amended rules will first be issued as interim bankruptcy rules (Interim Rules) for adoption by each judicial district. The Advisory Committee has recommended final approval of the following Interim Rules and Official Forms: Interim Rules 1007, 1020, 2009, 2012, 2015, 3010, 3011, 3014, 3016, 3017.1, 3017.2, 3018, and 3019, and Official Forms 101, 201, 309E1, 309E2, 309F1, 309F2, 314, 315, and 425A, and further recommended each court adopt the Interim Rules and pending Official Forms, on a temporary basis, until these documents obtain final approval.


Based on this guidance, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, and pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2071, Rule 83 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and Rule 9029 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the following attached Interim Rules and Official Forms are adopted in their entirety:

Interim Rules: 1007, 1020, 2009, 2012, 2015, 3010, 3011, 3014, 3016, 3017.1, 3017.2, 3018, and 3019; and

Official Forms 101, 201, 309E1, 309E2, 309F1, 309F2, 314, 315, and 425A.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED these Interim Rules and Official Forms are adopted effective February 19, 2020.

February 12, 2020
Burlington, Vermont



Colleen A. Brown
United States Bankruptcy Judge

Attached: Interim Rules 1007, 1020, 2009, 2012, 2015, 3010, 3011, 3014, 3016, 3017.1, 3017.2, 3018, and 3019; and
Official Forms 101, 201, 309E1, 309E2, 309F1, 309F2, 314, 315, and 425A.

1 Rule 1007. Lists, Schedules, Statements, and Other
2 Documents; Time Limits

4 (b) SCHEDULES, STATEMENTS, AND OTHER
5 DOCUMENTS REQUIRED.

(5) An individual debtor in a chapter 11 case (unless under subchapter V) shall file a statement of current monthly income, prepared as prescribed by the appropriate Official Form.

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¹ These interim bankruptcy rules (the Interim Rules) have been prepared by the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules and approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States to be adopted as local rules by the Bankruptcy Courts to implement the procedural and substantive changes to the Bankruptcy Code made by the Small Business Reorganization Act of 2019. The Interim Rules will be withdrawn after similar amendments can be made to the Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure under the normal Rules Enabling Act process.

12 (h) INTERESTS ACQUIRED OR ARISING
13 AFTER PETITION. If, as provided by § 541(a)(5) of the
14 Code, the debtor acquires or becomes entitled to acquire any
15 interest in property, the debtor shall within 14 days after the
16 information comes to the debtor's knowledge or within such
17 further time the court may allow, file a supplemental
18 schedule in the chapter 7 liquidation case, chapter 11
19 reorganization case, chapter 12 family farmer's debt
20 adjustment case, or chapter 13 individual debt adjustment
21 case. If any of the property required to be reported under
22 this subdivision is claimed by the debtor as exempt, the
23 debtor shall claim the exemptions in the supplemental
24 schedule. This duty to file a supplemental schedule
25 continues even after the case is closed, except for property
26 acquired after an order is entered:

27 (1) confirming a chapter 11 plan (other than one
28 confirmed under § 1191(b)); or

33 * * * * *

1 **Rule 1020. Chapter 11 Reorganization Case for Small**
2 **Business Debtors**

3 (a) SMALL BUSINESS DEBTOR
4 DESIGNATION. In a voluntary chapter 11 case, the debtor
5 shall state in the petition whether the debtor is a small
6 business debtor and, if so, whether the debtor elects to have
7 subchapter V of chapter 11 apply. In an involuntary chapter
8 11 case, the debtor shall file within 14 days after entry of the
9 order for relief a statement as to whether the debtor is a small
10 business debtor and, if so, whether the debtor elects to have
11 subchapter V of chapter 11 apply. The status of the case as
12 a small business case or a case under subchapter V of chapter
13 11 shall be in accordance with the debtor's statement under
14 this subdivision, unless and until the court enters an order
15 finding that the debtor's statement is incorrect.

16 (b) OBJECTING TO DESIGNATION. The United
17 States trustee or a party in interest may file an objection to
18 the debtor's statement under subdivision (a) no later than 30

19 days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors held
20 under § 341(a) of the Code, or within 30 days after any
21 amendment to the statement, whichever is later.

22 (c) PROCEDURE FOR OBJECTION OR
23 DETERMINATION. Any objection or request for a
24 determination under this rule shall be governed by Rule 9014
25 and served on: the debtor; the debtor's attorney; the United
26 States trustee; the trustee; the creditors included on the list
27 filed under Rule 1007(d) or, if a committee has been
28 appointed under § 1102(a)(3), the committee or its
29 authorized agent and any other entity as the court directs.

1 **Rule 2009. Trustees for Estates When Joint**
2 **Administration Ordered**

3 (a) ELECTION OF SINGLE TRUSTEE FOR
4 ESTATES BEING JOINTLY ADMINISTERED. If the
5 court orders a joint administration of two or more estates
6 under Rule 1015(b), creditors may elect a single trustee for
7 the estates being jointly administered, unless the case is
8 under subchapter V of chapter 7 or subchapter V of chapter
9 11 of the Code.

10 (b) RIGHT OF CREDITORS TO ELECT
11 SEPARATE TRUSTEE. Notwithstanding entry of an order
12 for joint administration under Rule 1015(b), the creditors of
13 any debtor may elect a separate trustee for the estate of the
14 debtor as provided in § 702 of the Code, unless the case is
15 under subchapter V of chapter 7 or subchapter V of chapter
16 11.

17 (c) APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEES FOR
18 ESTATES BEING JOINTLY ADMINISTERED.

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* * * * *

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(2) *Chapter 11 Reorganization Cases.* If the

21

appointment of a trustee is ordered or is required by

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the Code, the United States trustee may appoint one

23

or more trustees for estates being jointly

24

administered in chapter 11 cases.

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* * * * *

1 **Rule 2012. Substitution of Trustee or Successor**

2 **Trustee; Accounting**

3 (a) TRUSTEE. If a trustee is appointed in a chapter
4 11 case (other than under subchapter V), or the debtor is
5 removed as debtor in possession in a chapter 12 case or in a
6 case under subchapter V of chapter 11, the trustee is
7 substituted automatically for the debtor in possession as a
8 party in any pending action, proceeding, or matter.

9 * * * * *

1 **Rule 2015. Duty to Keep Records, Make Reports, and**
2 **Give Notice of Case or Change of Status**

3 (a) TRUSTEE OR DEBTOR IN POSSESSION. A
4 trustee or debtor in possession shall:

5 (1) in a chapter 7 liquidation case and, if the
6 court directs, in a chapter 11 reorganization case
7 (other than under subchapter V), file and transmit to
8 the United States trustee a complete inventory of the
9 property of the debtor within 30 days after qualifying
10 as a trustee or debtor in possession, unless such an
11 inventory has already been filed;

12 (2) keep a record of receipts and the
13 disposition of money and property received;

14 (3) file the reports and summaries required by
15 § 704(a)(8) of the Code, which shall include a
16 statement, if payments are made to employees, of the
17 amounts of deductions for all taxes required to be

18 withheld or paid for and in behalf of employees and
19 the place where these amounts are deposited;

20 (4) as soon as possible after the
21 commencement of the case, give notice of the case to
22 every entity known to be holding money or property
23 subject to withdrawal or order of the debtor,
24 including every bank, savings or building and loan
25 association, public utility company, and landlord
26 with whom the debtor has a deposit, and to every
27 insurance company which has issued a policy having
28 a cash surrender value payable to the debtor, except
29 that notice need not be given to any entity who has
30 knowledge or has previously been notified of the
31 case;

32 (5) in a chapter 11 reorganization case (other
33 than under subchapter V), on or before the last day
34 of the month after each calendar quarter during
35 which there is a duty to pay fees under 28 U.S.C.

36 § 1930(a)(6), file and transmit to the United States
37 trustee a statement of any disbursements made
38 during that quarter and of any fees payable under 28
39 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) for that quarter; and
40 (6) in a chapter 11 small business case, unless
41 the court, for cause, sets another reporting interval,
42 file and transmit to the United States trustee for each
43 calendar month after the order for relief, on the
44 appropriate Official Form, the report required by
45 § 308. If the order for relief is within the first 15 days
46 of a calendar month, a report shall be filed for the
47 portion of the month that follows the order for relief.
48 If the order for relief is after the 15th day of a
49 calendar month, the period for the remainder of the
50 month shall be included in the report for the next
51 calendar month. Each report shall be filed no later
52 than 21 days after the last day of the calendar month
53 following the month covered by the report. The

54 obligation to file reports under this subparagraph
 55 terminates on the effective date of the plan, or
 56 conversion or dismissal of the case.

57 (b) TRUSTEE, DEBTOR IN POSSESSION, AND
 58 DEBTOR IN A CASE UNDER SUBCHAPTER V OF
 59 CHAPTER 11. In a case under subchapter V of chapter 11,
 60 the debtor in possession shall perform the duties prescribed
 61 in (a)(2)–(4) and, if the court directs, shall file and transmit
 62 to the United States trustee a complete inventory of the
 63 debtor’s property within the time fixed by the court. If the
 64 debtor is removed as debtor in possession, the trustee shall
 65 perform the duties of the debtor in possession prescribed in
 66 this subdivision (b). The debtor shall perform the duties
 67 prescribed in (a)(6).

68 (c) CHAPTER 12 TRUSTEE AND DEBTOR IN
 69 POSSESSION. In a chapter 12 family farmer’s debt
 70 adjustment case, the debtor in possession shall perform the
 71 duties prescribed in clauses (2)–(4) of subdivision (a) of this

72 rule and, if the court directs, shall file and transmit to the
73 United States trustee a complete inventory of the property of
74 the debtor within the time fixed by the court. If the debtor is
75 removed as debtor in possession, the trustee shall perform
76 the duties of the debtor in possession prescribed in this
77 subdivision (c).

78 (d) CHAPTER 13 TRUSTEE AND
79 DEBTOR.

80 (1) *Business Cases.* In a chapter 13
81 individual's debt adjustment case, when the debtor is
82 engaged in business, the debtor shall perform the
83 duties prescribed by clauses (2)–(4) of subdivision
84 (a) of this rule and, if the court directs, shall file and
85 transmit to the United States trustee a complete
86 inventory of the property of the debtor within the
87 time fixed by the court.

88 (2) *Nonbusiness Cases.* In a chapter 13
89 individual's debt adjustment case, when the debtor is

90 not engaged in business, the trustee shall perform the
91 duties prescribed by clause (2) of subdivision (a) of
92 this rule.

93 (e) FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE. In a case in
94 which the court has granted recognition of a foreign
95 proceeding under chapter 15, the foreign representative shall
96 file any notice required under § 1518 of the Code within 14
97 days after the date when the representative becomes aware
98 of the subsequent information.

99 (f) TRANSMISSION OF REPORTS. In a chapter
100 11 case the court may direct that copies or summaries of
101 annual reports and copies or summaries of other reports shall
102 be mailed to the creditors, equity security holders, and
103 indenture trustees. The court may also direct the publication
104 of summaries of any such reports. A copy of every report or
105 summary mailed or published pursuant to this subdivision
106 shall be transmitted to the United States trustee.

1 **Rule 3010. Small Dividends and Payments in Cases**
2 **Under Chapter 7, Subchapter V of Chapter 11, Chapter**
3 **12, and Chapter 13**

4 * * * * *

5 (b) CASES UNDER SUBCHAPTER V OF
6 CHAPTER 11, CHAPTER 12, AND CHAPTER 13. In a
7 case under subchapter V of chapter 11, chapter 12, or chapter
8 13, no payment in an amount less than \$15 shall be
9 distributed by the trustee to any creditor unless authorized
10 by local rule or order of the court. Funds not distributed
11 because of this subdivision shall accumulate and shall be
12 paid whenever the accumulation aggregates \$15. Any funds
13 remaining shall be distributed with the final payment.

1 **Rule 3011. Unclaimed Funds in Cases Under Chapter 7,**
2 **Subchapter V of Chapter 11, Chapter 12, and Chapter**
3 **13**

4 The trustee shall file a list of all known names and
5 addresses of the entities and the amounts which they are
6 entitled to be paid from remaining property of the estate that
7 is paid into court pursuant to § 347(a) of the Code.

1 **Rule 3014. Election Under § 1111(b) by Secured**
2 **Creditor in Chapter 9 Municipality or Chapter 11**
3 **Reorganization Case**

4 An election of application of § 1111(b)(2) of the
5 Code by a class of secured creditors in a chapter 9 or 11 case
6 may be made at any time prior to the conclusion of the
7 hearing on the disclosure statement or within such later time
8 as the court may fix. If the disclosure statement is
9 conditionally approved pursuant to Rule 3017.1, and a final
10 hearing on the disclosure statement is not held, the election
11 of application of § 1111(b)(2) may be made not later than the
12 date fixed pursuant to Rule 3017.1(a)(2) or another date the
13 court may fix. In a case under subchapter V of chapter 11 in
14 which § 1125 of the Code does not apply, the election may
15 be made not later than a date the court may fix. The election
16 shall be in writing and signed unless made at the hearing on
17 the disclosure statement. The election, if made by the

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- 18 majorities required by § 1111(b)(1)(A)(i), shall be binding
- 19 on all members of the class with respect to the plan.

1 **Rule 3016. Filing of Plan and Disclosure Statement in a**
2 **Chapter 9 Municipality or Chapter 11 Reorganization**
3 **Case**

4 (a) IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN. Every proposed
5 plan and any modification thereof shall be dated and, in a
6 chapter 11 case, identified with the name of the entity or
7 entities submitting or filing it.

8 (b) DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. In a chapter 9 or
9 11 case, a disclosure statement, if required under § 1125 of
10 the Code, or evidence showing compliance with § 1126(b)
11 shall be filed with the plan or within a time fixed by the
12 court, unless the plan is intended to provide adequate
13 information under § 1125(f)(1). If the plan is intended to
14 provide adequate information under § 1125(f)(1), it shall be
15 so designated, and Rule 3017.1 shall apply as if the plan is a
16 disclosure statement.

17 * * * * *

18 (d) STANDARD FORM SMALL BUSINESS
19 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND PLAN. In a small
20 business case or a case under subchapter V of chapter 11, the
21 court may approve a disclosure statement and may confirm
22 a plan that conform substantially to the appropriate Official
23 Forms or other standard forms approved by the court.

1 **Rule 3017.1. Court Consideration of Disclosure**
2 **Statement in a Small Business Case or in a Case Under**
3 **Subchapter V of Chapter 11**

4 (a) CONDITIONAL APPROVAL OF
5 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. In a small business case or
6 in a case under subchapter V of chapter 11 in which the court
7 has ordered that § 1125 applies, the court may, on
8 application of the plan proponent or on its own initiative,
9 conditionally approve a disclosure statement filed in
10 accordance with Rule 3016. On or before conditional
11 approval of the disclosure statement, the court shall:

- 12 (1) fix a time within which the holders of claims and
13 interests may accept or reject the plan;
14 (2) fix a time for filing objections to the disclosure
15 statement;
16 (3) fix a date for the hearing on final approval of the
17 disclosure statement to be held if a timely objection
18 is filed; and

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19 (4) fix a date for the hearing on confirmation.

20 * * * * *

1 **Rule 3017.2. Fixing of Dates by the Court in Subchapter**
2 **V Cases in Which There Is No Disclosure Statement**

3 In a case under subchapter V of chapter 11 in which
4 § 1125 does not apply, the court shall:

- 5 (a) fix a time within which the holders of claims
6 and interests may accept or reject the plan;
- 7 (b) fix a date on which an equity security holder
8 or creditor whose claim is based on a security must
9 be the holder of record of the security in order to be
10 eligible to accept or reject the plan;
- 11 (c) fix a date for the hearing on confirmation; and
- 12 (d) fix a date for transmission of the plan, notice
13 of the time within which the holders of claims and
14 interests may accept or reject the plan, and notice of
15 the date for the hearing on confirmation.

1 **Rule 3018. Acceptance or Rejection of Plan in a Chapter**
 2 **9 Municipality or a Chapter 11 Reorganization Case**

3 (a) ENTITIES ENTITLED TO ACCEPT OR
 4 REJECT PLAN; TIME FOR ACCEPTANCE OR
 5 REJECTION. A plan may be accepted or rejected in
 6 accordance with § 1126 of the Code within the time fixed by
 7 the court pursuant to Rule 3017, 3017.1, or 3017.2. Subject
 8 to subdivision (b) of this rule, an equity security holder or
 9 creditor whose claim is based on a security of record shall
 10 not be entitled to accept or reject a plan unless the equity
 11 security holder or creditor is the holder of record of the
 12 security on the date the order approving the disclosure
 13 statement is entered or on another date fixed by the court
 14 under Rule 3017.2, or fixed for cause after notice and a
 15 hearing. For cause shown, the court after notice and hearing
 16 may permit a creditor or equity security holder to change or
 17 withdraw an acceptance or rejection. Notwithstanding
 18 objection to a claim or interest, the court after notice and

19 hearing may temporarily allow the claim or interest in an
20 amount which the court deems proper for the purpose of
21 accepting or rejecting a plan.

22 * * * * *

1 **Rule 3019. Modification of Accepted Plan in a Chapter**
2 **9 Municipality or a Chapter 11 Reorganization Case**

3 * * * * *

4 (b) MODIFICATION OF PLAN AFTER
5 CONFIRMATION IN INDIVIDUAL DEBTOR CASE. If
6 the debtor is an individual, a request to modify the plan under
7 § 1127(e) of the Code is governed by Rule 9014. The request
8 shall identify the proponent and shall be filed together with
9 the proposed modification. The clerk, or some other person
10 as the court may direct, shall give the debtor, the trustee, and
11 all creditors not less than 21 days' notice by mail of the time
12 fixed to file objections and, if an objection is filed, the
13 hearing to consider the proposed modification, unless the
14 court orders otherwise with respect to creditors who are not
15 affected by the proposed modification. A copy of the notice
16 shall be transmitted to the United States trustee, together
17 with a copy of the proposed modification. Any objection to
18 the proposed modification shall be filed and served on the

19 debtor, the proponent of the modification, the trustee, and
20 any other entity designated by the court, and shall be
21 transmitted to the United States trustee.

22 (c) MODIFICATION OF PLAN AFTER
23 CONFIRMATION IN A SUBCHAPTER V CASE. In a
24 case under subchapter V of chapter 11, a request to modify
25 the plan under § 1193(b) or (c) of the Code is governed by
26 Rule 9014, and the provisions of this Rule 3019(b) apply.

Fill in this information to identify your case:

United States Bankruptcy Court for the:

_____ District of _____

Case number (If known): _____ Chapter you are filing under:

- ☐ Chapter 7
☐ Chapter 11
☐ Chapter 12
☐ Chapter 13

☐ Check if this is an
amended filing

Official Form 101**Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy**

02/20

The bankruptcy forms use *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, these forms use *you* to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if a form asks, “Do you own a car,” the answer would be yes if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Part 1: Identify Yourself**About Debtor 1:****About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):****1. Your full name**

Write the name that is on your government-issued picture identification (for example, your driver's license or passport).

Bring your picture identification to your meeting with the trustee.

First name _____

Middle name _____

Last name _____

Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III) _____

First name _____

Middle name _____

Last name _____

Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III) _____

2. All other names you have used in the last 8 years

Include your married or maiden names.

First name _____

Middle name _____

Last name _____

First name _____

Middle name _____

Last name _____

First name _____

Middle name _____

Last name _____

First name _____

Middle name _____

Last name _____

3. Only the last 4 digits of your Social Security number or federal Individual Taxpayer Identification number (ITIN)

XXX - XX - _____

OR

9 XX - XX - _____

XXX - XX - _____

OR

9 XX - XX - _____

About Debtor 1:**4. Any business names and Employer Identification Numbers (EIN) you have used in the last 8 years**

Include trade names and
doing business as names

☐ I have not used any business names or EINs.

Business name

Business name

EIN

EIN

About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):

☐ I have not used any business names or EINs.

Business name

Business name

EIN

EIN

5. Where you live

Number Street

City State ZIP Code

County

If your mailing address is different from the one above, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to you at this mailing address.

Number Street

P.O. Box

City State ZIP Code

If Debtor 2 lives at a different address:

Number Street

City State ZIP Code

County

If Debtor 2's mailing address is different from yours, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to this mailing address.

Number Street

P.O. Box

City State ZIP Code

6. Why you are choosing this district to file for bankruptcy

Check one:

☐ Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district.

☐ I have another reason. Explain.
(See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)

Check one:

☐ Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district.

☐ I have another reason. Explain.
(See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)

Part 2: Tell the Court About Your Bankruptcy Case**7. The chapter of the Bankruptcy Code you are choosing to file under**

Check one. (For a brief description of each, see *Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy* (Form 2010)). Also, go to the top of page 1 and check the appropriate box.

- ☐ Chapter 7
- ☐ Chapter 11
- ☐ Chapter 12
- ☐ Chapter 13

8. How you will pay the fee

- ☐ **I will pay the entire fee when I file my petition.** Please check with the clerk's office in your local court for more details about how you may pay. Typically, if you are paying the fee yourself, you may pay with cash, cashier's check, or money order. If your attorney is submitting your payment on your behalf, your attorney may pay with a credit card or check with a pre-printed address.
- ☐ **I need to pay the fee in installments.** If you choose this option, sign and attach the *Application for Individuals to Pay The Filing Fee in Installments* (Official Form 103A).
- ☐ **I request that my fee be waived** (You may request this option only if you are filing for Chapter 7. By law, a judge may, but is not required to, waive your fee, and may do so only if your income is less than 150% of the official poverty line that applies to your family size and you are unable to pay the fee in installments). If you choose this option, you must fill out the *Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived* (Official Form 103B) and file it with your petition.

9. Have you filed for bankruptcy within the last 8 years?

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes. District _____ When _____ Case number _____
MM / DD / YYYY
- District _____ When _____ Case number _____
MM / DD / YYYY
- District _____ When _____ Case number _____
MM / DD / YYYY

10. Are any bankruptcy cases pending or being filed by a spouse who is not filing this case with you, or by a business partner, or by an affiliate?

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes. Debtor _____ Relationship to you _____
District _____ When _____ Case number, if known _____
MM / DD / YYYY
- Debtor _____ Relationship to you _____
District _____ When _____ Case number, if known _____
MM / DD / YYYY

11. Do you rent your residence?

- ☐ No. Go to line 12.
- ☐ Yes. Has your landlord obtained an eviction judgment against you?
- ☐ No. Go to line 12.
- ☐ Yes. Fill out *Initial Statement About an Eviction Judgment Against You* (Form 101A) and file it as part of this bankruptcy petition.

Part 3: Report About Any Businesses You Own as a Sole Proprietor**12. Are you a sole proprietor of any full- or part-time business?**

A sole proprietorship is a business you operate as an individual, and is not a separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or LLC.

If you have more than one sole proprietorship, use a separate sheet and attach it to this petition.

☐ No. Go to Part 4.

☐ Yes. Name and location of business

Name of business, if any

Number Street

City

State

ZIP Code

Check the appropriate box to describe your business:

☐ Health Care Business (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(27A))

☐ Single Asset Real Estate (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51B))

☐ Stockbroker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(53A))

☐ Commodity Broker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(6))

☐ None of the above
13. Are you filing under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and are you a small business debtor?

For a definition of *small business debtor*, see 11 U.S.C. § 101(51D).

If you are filing under Chapter 11, the court must know whether you are a small business debtor so that it can set appropriate deadlines. If you indicate that you are a small business debtor, you must attach your most recent balance sheet, statement of operations, cash-flow statement, and federal income tax return or if any of these documents do not exist, follow the procedure in 11 U.S.C. § 1116(1)(B).

☐ No. I am not filing under Chapter 11.

☐ No. I am filing under Chapter 11, but I am NOT a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code.

☐ Yes. I am filing under Chapter 11, I am a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code, and I do not choose to proceed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11.

☐ Yes. I am filing under Chapter 11, I am a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code, and I choose to proceed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11.
Part 4: Report if You Own or Have Any Hazardous Property or Any Property That Needs Immediate Attention**14. Do you own or have any property that poses or is alleged to pose a threat of imminent and identifiable hazard to public health or safety? Or do you own any property that needs immediate attention?**

For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building that needs urgent repairs?

☐ No

☐ Yes. What is the hazard?

If immediate attention is needed, why is it needed?

Where is the property?

Number Street

City

State

ZIP Code

Part 5: Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling**15. Tell the court whether you have received a briefing about credit counseling.**

The law requires that you receive a briefing about credit counseling before you file for bankruptcy. You must truthfully check one of the following choices. If you cannot do so, you are not eligible to file.

If you file anyway, the court can dismiss your case, you will lose whatever filing fee you paid, and your creditors can begin collection activities again.

About Debtor 1:

You must check one:

☐ **I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.**

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

☐ **I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.**

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you **MUST** file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

☐ **I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.**

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

☐ **I am not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling because of:**

☐ **Incapacity.** I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

☐ **Disability.** My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

☐ **Active duty.** I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):

You must check one:

☐ **I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.**

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

☐ **I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.**

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you **MUST** file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

☐ **I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.**

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

☐ **I am not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling because of:**

☐ **Incapacity.** I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

☐ **Disability.** My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

☐ **Active duty.** I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

Part 6: Answer These Questions for Reporting Purposes**16. What kind of debts do you have?**

16a. Are your debts primarily consumer debts? *Consumer debts* are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."

- ☐ No. Go to line 16b.
☐ Yes. Go to line 17.

16b. Are your debts primarily business debts? *Business debts* are debts that you incurred to obtain money for a business or investment or through the operation of the business or investment.

- ☐ No. Go to line 16c.
☐ Yes. Go to line 17.

16c. State the type of debts you owe that are not consumer debts or business debts.

17. Are you filing under Chapter 7?

☐ No. I am not filing under Chapter 7. Go to line 18.

Do you estimate that after any exempt property is excluded and administrative expenses are paid that funds will be available for distribution to unsecured creditors?

- ☐ Yes. I am filing under Chapter 7. Do you estimate that after any exempt property is excluded and administrative expenses are paid that funds will be available to distribute to unsecured creditors?
- ☐ No
☐ Yes

18. How many creditors do you estimate that you owe?

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-49 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1,000-5,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> 25,001-50,000 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 50-99 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5,001-10,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> 50,001-100,000 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 100-199 | <input type="checkbox"/> 10,001-25,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> More than 100,000 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 200-999 | | |

19. How much do you estimate your assets to be worth?

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$0-\$50,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,001-\$10 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$500,000,001-\$1 billion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$50,001-\$100,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,001-\$50 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$100,001-\$500,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> \$50,000,001-\$100 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$500,001-\$1 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$100,000,001-\$500 million | <input type="checkbox"/> More than \$50 billion |

20. How much do you estimate your liabilities to be?

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$0-\$50,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,001-\$10 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$500,000,001-\$1 billion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$50,001-\$100,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,001-\$50 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$100,001-\$500,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> \$50,000,001-\$100 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> \$500,001-\$1 million | <input type="checkbox"/> \$100,000,001-\$500 million | <input type="checkbox"/> More than \$50 billion |

Part 7: Sign Below**For you**

I have examined this petition, and I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and correct.

If I have chosen to file under Chapter 7, I am aware that I may proceed, if eligible, under Chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code. I understand the relief available under each chapter, and I choose to proceed under Chapter 7.

If no attorney represents me and I did not pay or agree to pay someone who is not an attorney to help me fill out this document, I have obtained and read the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b).

I request relief in accordance with the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition.

I understand making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

X

Signature of Debtor 1

Executed on _____
 MM / DD / YYYY

X

Signature of Debtor 2

Executed on _____
 MM / DD / YYYY

Debtor 1

First Name

Middle Name

Last Name

Case number (if known)

For your attorney, if you are represented by one

If you are not represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page.

I, the attorney for the debtor(s) named in this petition, declare that I have informed the debtor(s) about eligibility to proceed under Chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code, and have explained the relief available under each chapter for which the person is eligible. I also certify that I have delivered to the debtor(s) the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) and, in a case in which § 707(b)(4)(D) applies, certify that I have no knowledge after an inquiry that the information in the schedules filed with the petition is incorrect.

X

Signature of Attorney for Debtor

Date

MM / DD / YYYY

Printed name

Firm name

Number Street

City

State

ZIP Code

Contact phone

Email address

Bar number

State

For you if you are filing this bankruptcy without an attorney

If you are represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page.

The law allows you, as an individual, to represent yourself in bankruptcy court, but **you should understand that many people find it extremely difficult to represent themselves successfully. Because bankruptcy has long-term financial and legal consequences, you are strongly urged to hire a qualified attorney.**

To be successful, you must correctly file and handle your bankruptcy case. The rules are very technical, and a mistake or inaction may affect your rights. For example, your case may be dismissed because you did not file a required document, pay a fee on time, attend a meeting or hearing, or cooperate with the court, case trustee, U.S. trustee, bankruptcy administrator, or audit firm if your case is selected for audit. If that happens, you could lose your right to file another case, or you may lose protections, including the benefit of the automatic stay.

You must list all your property and debts in the schedules that you are required to file with the court. Even if you plan to pay a particular debt outside of your bankruptcy, you must list that debt in your schedules. If you do not list a debt, the debt may not be discharged. If you do not list property or properly claim it as exempt, you may not be able to keep the property. The judge can also deny you a discharge of all your debts if you do something dishonest in your bankruptcy case, such as destroying or hiding property, falsifying records, or lying. Individual bankruptcy cases are randomly audited to determine if debtors have been accurate, truthful, and complete.

Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime; you could be fined and imprisoned.

If you decide to file without an attorney, the court expects you to follow the rules as if you had hired an attorney. The court will not treat you differently because you are filing for yourself. To be successful, you must be familiar with the United States Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and the local rules of the court in which your case is filed. You must also be familiar with any state exemption laws that apply.

Are you aware that filing for bankruptcy is a serious action with long-term financial and legal consequences?

☐ No

☐ Yes

Are you aware that bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime and that if your bankruptcy forms are inaccurate or incomplete, you could be fined or imprisoned?

☐ No

☐ Yes

Did you pay or agree to pay someone who is not an attorney to help you fill out your bankruptcy forms?

☐ No

☐ Yes. Name of Person _____

Attach *Bankruptcy Petition Preparer's Notice, Declaration, and Signature* (Official Form 119).

By signing here, I acknowledge that I understand the risks involved in filing without an attorney. I have read and understood this notice, and I am aware that filing a bankruptcy case without an attorney may cause me to lose my rights or property if I do not properly handle the case.

X

Signature of Debtor 1

Date

MM / DD / YYYY

Contact phone _____

Cell phone _____

Email address _____

X

Signature of Debtor 2

Date

MM / DD / YYYY

Contact phone _____

Cell phone _____

Email address _____

Fill in this information to identify the case:

United States Bankruptcy Court for the:

_____ District of _____
(State)

Case number (if known): _____ Chapter _____

☐ Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 201

Voluntary Petition for Non-Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy

02/20

If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write the debtor's name and the case number (if known). For more information, a separate document, *Instructions for Bankruptcy Forms for Non-Individuals*, is available.

1. Debtor's name

2. All other names debtor used in the last 8 years

Include any assumed names, trade names, and *doing business* as names

3. Debtor's federal Employer Identification Number (EIN)

____ - ____ - ____ - ____ - ____ - ____

4. Debtor's address

Principal place of business

Mailing address, if different from principal place of business

Number Street

Number Street

P.O. Box

City State ZIP Code

City State ZIP Code

Location of principal assets, if different from principal place of business

County

Number Street

City State ZIP Code

5. Debtor's website (URL)

6. Type of debtor

- ☐ Corporation (including Limited Liability Company (LLC) and Limited Liability Partnership (LLP))
- ☐ Partnership (excluding LLP)
- ☐ Other. Specify: _____

7. Describe debtor's business

- A. Check one:
- ☐ Health Care Business (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(27A))
- ☐ Single Asset Real Estate (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51B))
- ☐ Railroad (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(44))
- ☐ Stockbroker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(53A))
- ☐ Commodity Broker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(6))
- ☐ Clearing Bank (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 781(3))
- ☐ None of the above
- B. Check all that apply:
- ☐ Tax-exempt entity (as described in 26 U.S.C. § 501)
- ☐ Investment company, including hedge fund or pooled investment vehicle (as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 80a-3)
- ☐ Investment advisor (as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 80b-2(a)(11))
- C. NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) 4-digit code that best describes debtor. See <http://www.uscourts.gov/four-digit-national-association-naics-codes> .
- ____

8. Under which chapter of the Bankruptcy Code is the debtor filing?

- Check one:
- ☐ Chapter 7
- ☐ Chapter 9
- ☐ Chapter 11. Check all that apply:
- ☐ Debtor's aggregate noncontingent liquidated debts (excluding debts owed to insiders or affiliates) are less than \$2,725,625 (amount subject to adjustment on 4/01/22 and every 3 years after that).
- ☐ The debtor is a small business debtor as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51D). If the debtor is a small business debtor, attach the most recent balance sheet, statement of operations, cash-flow statement, and federal income tax return or if all of these documents do not exist, follow the procedure in 11 U.S.C. § 1116(1)(B).
- ☐ The debtor is a small business debtor as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51D), and it chooses to proceed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11.
- ☐ A plan is being filed with this petition.
- ☐ Acceptances of the plan were solicited prepetition from one or more classes of creditors, in accordance with 11 U.S.C. § 1126(b).
- ☐ The debtor is required to file periodic reports (for example, 10K and 10Q) with the Securities and Exchange Commission according to § 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. File the *Attachment to Voluntary Petition for Non-Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy under Chapter 11* (Official Form 201A) with this form.
- ☐ The debtor is a shell company as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rule 12b-2.
- ☐ Chapter 12

9. Were prior bankruptcy cases filed by or against the debtor within the last 8 years?

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes. District _____ When _____ Case number _____
- MM / DD / YYYY
- District _____ When _____ Case number _____
- MM / DD / YYYY

If more than 2 cases, attach a separate list.

Name

10. Are any bankruptcy cases pending or being filed by a business partner or an affiliate of the debtor?

List all cases. If more than 1, attach a separate list.

☐ No

☐ Yes. Debtor Relationship
 District When
MM / DD / YYYY
 Case number, if known

11. Why is the case filed in this district?

Check all that apply:

- ☐ Debtor has had its domicile, principal place of business, or principal assets in this district for 180 days immediately preceding the date of this petition or for a longer part of such 180 days than in any other district.
- ☐ A bankruptcy case concerning debtor's affiliate, general partner, or partnership is pending in this district.

12. Does the debtor own or have possession of any real property or personal property that needs immediate attention?

☐ No

☐ Yes. Answer below for each property that needs immediate attention. Attach additional sheets if needed.

Why does the property need immediate attention? (Check all that apply.)

- ☐ It poses or is alleged to pose a threat of imminent and identifiable hazard to public health or safety.
 What is the hazard?
- ☐ It needs to be physically secured or protected from the weather.
- ☐ It includes perishable goods or assets that could quickly deteriorate or lose value without attention (for example, livestock, seasonal goods, meat, dairy, produce, or securities-related assets or other options).
- ☐ Other

Where is the property?

Number Street

 City State ZIP Code

Is the property insured?

☐ No

☐ Yes. Insurance agency
 Contact name
 Phone

Statistical and administrative information

13. Debtor's estimation of available funds

Check one:

- ☐ Funds will be available for distribution to unsecured creditors.
- ☐ After any administrative expenses are paid, no funds will be available for distribution to unsecured creditors.

14. Estimated number of creditors

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-49 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1,000-5,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> 25,001-50,000 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 50-99 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5,001-10,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> 50,001-100,000 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 100-199 | <input type="checkbox"/> 10,001-25,000 | <input type="checkbox"/> More than 100,000 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 200-999 | | |

15. Estimated assets	<input type="checkbox"/> \$0-\$50,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,001-\$10 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$500,000,001-\$1 billion
	<input type="checkbox"/> \$50,001-\$100,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,001-\$50 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion
	<input type="checkbox"/> \$100,001-\$500,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$50,000,001-\$100 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion
	<input type="checkbox"/> \$500,001-\$1 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$100,000,001-\$500 million	<input type="checkbox"/> More than \$50 billion

16. Estimated liabilities	<input type="checkbox"/> \$0-\$50,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,001-\$10 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$500,000,001-\$1 billion
	<input type="checkbox"/> \$50,001-\$100,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,001-\$50 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion
	<input type="checkbox"/> \$100,001-\$500,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$50,000,001-\$100 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion
	<input type="checkbox"/> \$500,001-\$1 million	<input type="checkbox"/> \$100,000,001-\$500 million	<input type="checkbox"/> More than \$50 billion

Request for Relief, Declaration, and Signatures

WARNING -- Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime. Making a false statement in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

17. Declaration and signature of authorized representative of debtor

The debtor requests relief in accordance with the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition.

I have been authorized to file this petition on behalf of the debtor.

I have examined the information in this petition and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on _____
MM / DD / YYYY

X

Signature of authorized representative of debtor

Printed name

Title

18. Signature of attorney

X

Signature of attorney for debtor

Date

MM / DD / YYYY

Printed name

Firm name

Number Street

City

State

ZIP Code

Contact phone

Email address

Bar number

State

Information to identify the case:Debtor 1
First Name Middle Name Last Name

Last 4 digits of Social Security number or ITIN _____

EIN _____

Debtor 2
(Spouse, if filing) First Name Middle Name Last Name

Last 4 digits of Social Security number or ITIN _____

EIN _____

United States Bankruptcy Court for the: _____ District of _____
(State)

[Date case filed for chapter 11 _____ MM / DD / YYYY] OR

Case number: _____

[Date case filed in chapter _____ MM / DD / YYYY]

Date case converted to chapter 11 _____
MM / DD / YYYY**Official Form 309E1 (For Individuals or Joint Debtors)****Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case**

02/20

For the debtors listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors and debtors, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read both pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtors or the debtors' property. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors. Creditors cannot demand repayment from debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although debtors can ask the court to extend or impose a stay.

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debt. Creditors who assert that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any debts or who want to have a particular debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadlines specified in this notice. (See line 10 below for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at www.pacer.gov).

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

To help creditors correctly identify debtors, debtors submit full Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers, which may appear on a version of this notice. However, the full numbers must not appear on any document filed with the court.

Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case. Do not include more than the last four digits of a Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number in any document, including attachments, that you file with the court.

	About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2:
1. Debtor's full name		
2. All other names used in the last 8 years		
3. Address		If Debtor 2 lives at a different address:
4. Debtor's attorney Name and address		Contact phone _____ Email _____
5. Bankruptcy clerk's office Documents in this case may be filed at this address. You may inspect all records filed in this case at this office or online at www.pacer.gov .		Hours open _____ Contact phone _____

For more information, see page 2 ►

6. Meeting of creditors Debtors must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath. In a joint case, both spouses must attend. Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.	_____ at _____ Date Time The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket.	Location: _____
7. Deadlines The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive these documents and any required filing fee by the following deadlines.	File by the deadline to object to discharge or to challenge whether certain debts are dischargeable: You must file a complaint: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ if you assert that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge of any debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d)(3) or ■ if you want to have a debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2), (4), or (6). 	First date set for hearing on confirmation of plan. The court will send you a notice of that date later. Filing deadline for dischargeability complaints: _____
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 60%;"> Deadline for filing proof of claim: A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A proof of claim form may be obtained at www.uscourts.gov or any bankruptcy clerk's office. Your claim will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ your claim is designated as <i>disputed</i>, <i>contingent</i>, or <i>unliquidated</i>; ■ you file a proof of claim in a different amount; or ■ you receive another notice. If your claim is not scheduled or if your claim is designated as <i>disputed</i>, <i>contingent</i>, or <i>unliquidated</i>, you must file a proof of claim or you might not be paid on your claim and you might be unable to vote on a plan. You may file a proof of claim even if your claim is scheduled. You may review the schedules at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov. Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits a creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. </div> <div style="width: 35%; font-size: 0.9em;"> [Not yet set. If a deadline is set, the court will send you another notice.] or [date, if set by the court] </div> </div>		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 60%;"> Deadline to object to exemptions: The law permits debtors to keep certain property as exempt. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption claimed, you may file an objection. </div> <div style="width: 35%;"> Filing deadline: 30 days after the <i>conclusion</i> of the meeting of creditors </div> </div>		
8. Creditors with a foreign address	If you are a creditor receiving mailed notice at a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the court to extend the deadlines in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions about your rights in this case.	
9. Filing a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case	Chapter 11 allows debtors to reorganize or liquidate according to a plan. A plan is not effective unless the court confirms it. You may receive a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you may have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will receive notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the property and may continue to operate the debtor's business.	
10. Discharge of debts	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of a debt. See 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d). However, unless the court orders otherwise, the debts will not be discharged until all payments under the plan are made. A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect the debt from the debtors personally except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a particular debt owed to you should be excepted from the discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523 (a)(2), (4), or (6), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the deadline. If you believe that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any of their debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1141 (d)(3), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the clerk's office by the first date set for the hearing on confirmation of the plan. The court will send you another notice telling you of that date.	
11. Exempt property	The law allows debtors to keep certain property as exempt. Fully exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the case is converted to chapter 7. Debtors must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov . If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption that the debtors claim, you may file an objection. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the deadline to object to exemptions in line 7.	

Information to identify the case:Debtor 1
First Name Middle Name Last Name

Last 4 digits of Social Security number or ITIN _____

EIN _____

Debtor 2
(Spouse, if filing) First Name Middle Name Last Name

Last 4 digits of Social Security number or ITIN _____

EIN _____

United States Bankruptcy Court for the: _____ District of _____
(State)

[Date case filed for chapter 11 _____ MM / DD / YYYY] OR

Case number: _____

[Date case filed in chapter _____ MM / DD / YYYY]

Date case converted to chapter 11 _____
MM / DD / YYYY**Official Form 309E2 (For Individuals or Joint Debtors under Subchapter V)****Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case**

02/20

For the debtors listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors, debtors, and trustees, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read all pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtors or the debtors' property. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors. Creditors cannot demand repayment from debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although debtors can ask the court to extend or impose a stay.

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debt. Creditors who assert that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any debts or who want to have a particular debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadlines specified in this notice. (See line 11 below for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at www.pacer.gov).

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

To help creditors correctly identify debtors, debtors submit full Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers, which may appear on a version of this notice. However, the full numbers must not appear on any document filed with the court.

Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case. Do not include more than the last four digits of a Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number in any document, including attachments, that you file with the court.

	About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2:
1. Debtor's full name		
2. All other names used in the last 8 years		
3. Address		If Debtor 2 lives at a different address:
4. Debtor's attorney Name and address		Contact phone _____ Email _____
5. Bankruptcy trustee Name and address		Contact phone _____ Email _____

For more information, see page 2 ►

6. Bankruptcy clerk's office

Documents in this case may be filed at this address.
You may inspect all records filed in this case at this office or online at www.pacer.gov.

Hours open _____

Contact phone _____

7. Meeting of creditors

Debtors must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath. In a joint case, both spouses must attend.

Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.

_____ at _____
Date Time

Location: _____

The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date.
If so, the date will be on the court docket.

8. Deadlines

The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive these documents and any required filing fee by the following deadlines.

File by the deadline to object to discharge or to challenge whether certain debts are dischargeable:**You must file a complaint:**

- ☐ if you assert that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge of any debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d)(3) or
- ☐ if you want to have a debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2), (4), or (6).

First date set for hearing on confirmation of plan. The court will send you a notice of that date later.

Filing deadline for dischargeability complaints: _____**Deadline for filing proof of claim:**

[Not yet set. If a deadline is set, the court will send you another notice.] or

[date, if set by the court]]

A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A proof of claim form may be obtained at www.uscourts.gov or any bankruptcy clerk's office.

Your claim will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless:

- ☐ your claim is designated as *disputed*, *contingent*, or *unliquidated*;
- ☐ you file a proof of claim in a different amount; or
- ☐ you receive another notice.

If your claim is not scheduled or if your claim is designated as *disputed*, *contingent*, or *unliquidated*, you must file a proof of claim or you might not be paid on your claim and you might be unable to vote on a plan. You may file a proof of claim even if your claim is scheduled.

You may review the schedules at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov.

Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits a creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial.

Deadline to object to exemptions:

The law permits debtors to keep certain property as exempt.

If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption claimed, you may file an objection.

Filing deadline: 30 days after the *conclusion* of the meeting of creditors**9. Creditors with a foreign address**

If you are a creditor receiving mailed notice at a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the court to extend the deadlines in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions about your rights in this case.

10. Filing a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case

Chapter 11 allows debtors to reorganize or liquidate according to a plan. A plan is not effective unless the court confirms it. You may receive a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you may have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will receive notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. The debtor will generally remain in possession of the property and may continue to operate the debtor's business.

For more information, see page 3 ►

11. Discharge of debts

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of a debt. See 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d). A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect the debt from the debtors personally except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a particular debt owed to you should be excepted from the discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523 (a)(2), (4), or (6), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the deadline. If you believe that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any of their debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1141 (d)(3), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the clerk's office by the first date set for the hearing on confirmation of the plan. The court will send you another notice telling you of that date.

12. Exempt property

The law allows debtors to keep certain property as exempt. Fully exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the case is converted to chapter 7. Debtors must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption that the debtors claim, you may file an objection. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the deadline to object to exemptions in line 8.

Information to identify the case:

Debtor _____ Name _____ EIN _____ - - - - -

United States Bankruptcy Court for the: _____ District of _____
(State) [Date case filed for chapter 11 _____ MM / DD / YYYY OR

Case number: _____ [Date case filed in chapter _____ MM / DD / YYYY

Date case converted to chapter 11 _____ MM / DD / YYYY

Official Form 309F1 (For Corporations or Partnerships)**Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case**

02/20

For the debtor listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors and debtors, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read both pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtor or the debtor's property. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtor. Creditors cannot demand repayment from the debtor by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees.

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debt. A creditor who wants to have a particular debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadline specified in this notice. (See line 11 below for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at www.pacer.gov).

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case.

1. **Debtor's full name**

2. **All other names used in the last 8 years**

3. **Address**

4. **Debtor's attorney**

Name and address

Contact phone

Email

5. **Bankruptcy clerk's office**

Documents in this case may be filed at this address.

You may inspect all records filed in this case at this office or online at www.pacer.gov.

Hours open

Contact phone

6. **Meeting of creditors**

The debtor's representative must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath.

Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.

_____ at _____
Date Time

Location:

The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket.

For more information, see page 2 ►

7. **Proof of claim deadline**

Deadline for filing proof of claim:

[Not yet set. If a deadline is set, the court will send you another notice.] or

[date, if set by the court)]

A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A proof of claim form may be obtained at www.uscourts.gov or any bankruptcy clerk's office.

Your claim will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless:

- your claim is designated as *disputed*, *contingent*, or *unliquidated*;
- you file a proof of claim in a different amount; or
- you receive another notice.

If your claim is not scheduled or if your claim is designated as *disputed*, *contingent*, or *unliquidated*, you must file a proof of claim or you might not be paid on your claim and you might be unable to vote on a plan. You may file a proof of claim even if your claim is scheduled.

You may review the schedules at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov.

Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits a creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial.

8. **Exception to discharge deadline**

The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive a complaint and any required filing fee by the following deadline.

If § 523(c) applies to your claim and you seek to have it excepted from discharge, you must start a judicial proceeding by filing a complaint by the deadline stated below.

Deadline for filing the complaint:

9. **Creditors with a foreign address**

If you are a creditor receiving notice mailed to a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the court to extend the deadlines in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions about your rights in this case.

10. **Filing a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case**

Chapter 11 allows debtors to reorganize or liquidate according to a plan. A plan is not effective unless the court confirms it. You may receive a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you may have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will receive notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the property and may continue to operate its business.

11. **Discharge of debts**

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d). A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect the debt from the debtor except as provided in the plan. If you want to have a particular debt owed to you excepted from the discharge and § 523(c) applies to your claim, you must start a judicial proceeding by filing a complaint and paying the filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the deadline.

Information to identify the case:

Debtor _____ EIN _____
Name _____

United States Bankruptcy Court for the: _____ District of _____
(State) [Date case filed for chapter 11 _____ MM / DD / YYYY OR

Case number: _____ [Date case filed in chapter _____ MM / DD / YYYY

Date case converted to chapter 11 _____ MM / DD / YYYY

Official Form 309F2 (For Corporations or Partnerships under Subchapter V)

Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case

02/20

For the debtor listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors, debtors, and trustees, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read both pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtor or the debtor's property. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtor. Creditors cannot demand repayment from the debtor by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees.

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debt. A creditor who wants to have a particular debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadline specified in this notice. (See line 12 below for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at www.pacer.gov).

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case.

1. **Debtor's full name**

2. **All other names used in the last 8 years**

3. **Address**

4. **Debtor's attorney**

Name and address

Contact phone _____

Email _____

5. **Bankruptcy trustee**

Name and address

Contact phone _____

Email _____

6. **Bankruptcy clerk's office**

Documents in this case may be filed at this address.

You may inspect all records filed in this case at this office or online at www.pacer.gov.

Hours open _____

Contact phone _____

For more information, see page 2 ►

7. Meeting of creditors

The debtor's representative must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath.

Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.

_____ at _____

Location:

Date

Time

The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket.

8. Proof of claim deadline

Deadline for filing proof of claim:

[Not yet set. If a deadline is set, the court will send you another notice.] or

[date, if set by the court]]

A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A proof of claim form may be obtained at www.uscourts.gov or any bankruptcy clerk's office.

Your claim will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless:

- ☐ your claim is designated as *disputed*, *contingent*, or *unliquidated*;
- ☐ you file a proof of claim in a different amount; or
- ☐ you receive another notice.

If your claim is not scheduled or if your claim is designated as *disputed*, *contingent*, or *unliquidated*, you must file a proof of claim or you might not be paid on your claim and you might be unable to vote on a plan. You may file a proof of claim even if your claim is scheduled.

You may review the schedules at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov.

Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits a creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial.

9. Exception to discharge deadline

The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive a complaint and any required filing fee by the following deadline.

If § 523(c) applies to your claim and you seek to have it excepted from discharge, you must start a judicial proceeding by filing a complaint by the deadline stated below.

Deadline for filing the complaint:

10. Creditors with a foreign address

If you are a creditor receiving notice mailed to a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the court to extend the deadlines in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions about your rights in this case.

11. Filing a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case

Chapter 11 allows debtors to reorganize or liquidate according to a plan. A plan is not effective unless the court confirms it. You may receive a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you may have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will receive notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. The debtor will generally remain in possession of the property and may continue to operate the debtor's business.

12. Discharge of debts

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d). A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect the debt from the debtor except as provided in the plan. If you want to have a particular debt owed to you excepted from the discharge and § 523(c) applies to your claim, you must start a judicial proceeding by filing a complaint and paying the filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the deadline.

[Caption as in 416A]

Class [] Ballot for Accepting or Rejecting Plan of Reorganization

[Proponent] filed a plan of reorganization dated [Date] (the Plan) for the Debtor in this case. {The Court has [conditionally] approved a disclosure statement with respect to the Plan (the Disclosure Statement). The Disclosure Statement provides information to assist you in deciding how to vote your ballot. If you do not have a Disclosure Statement, you may obtain a copy from [name, address, telephone number and telecopy number of proponent/proponent's attorney.]}

{Court approval of the Disclosure Statement does not indicate approval of the Plan by the Court.}

You should review {the Disclosure Statement and} the Plan before you vote. You may wish to seek legal advice concerning the Plan and your classification and treatment under the Plan. Your [claim] [equity interest] has been placed in class [] under the Plan. If you hold claims or equity interests in more than one class, you will receive a ballot for each class in which you are entitled to vote.

If your ballot is not received by [name and address of proponent's attorney or other appropriate address] on or before [date], and such deadline is not extended, your vote will not count as either an acceptance or rejection of the Plan.

If the Plan is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, it will be binding on you whether or not you vote.

Acceptance or Rejection of the Plan

[At this point the ballot should provide for voting by the particular class of creditors or equity holders receiving the ballot using one of the following alternatives:]

[If the voter is the holder of a secured, priority, or unsecured nonpriority claim:]

The undersigned, the holder of a Class [] claim against the Debtor in the unpaid amount of Dollars (\$)

[or, if the voter is the holder of a bond, debenture, or other debt security:]

The undersigned, the holder of a Class [] claim against the Debtor, consisting of Dollars (\$) principal amount of [describe bond, debenture, or other debt security] of the Debtor (For purposes of this Ballot, it is not necessary and you should not adjust the principal amount for any accrued or unmatured interest.)

[or, if the voter is the holder of an equity interest:]

The undersigned, the holder of Class [] equity interest in the Debtor, consisting of _____ shares or other interests of [describe equity interest] in the Debtor

[In each case, the following language should be included:]

Check one box only

☐ **Accepts the plan**

☐ **Rejects the plan**

Dated: _____

Print or type name: _____

Signature: _____ Title (if corporation or partnership) _____

Address: _____

Return this ballot to:

[Name and address of proponent's attorney or other appropriate address]

[Caption as in 416A]

Order Confirming Plan

The plan under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code filed by _____, on _____ [if applicable, as modified by a modification filed on _____], or a summary thereof, having been transmitted to creditors and equity security holders; and

It having been determined after hearing on notice that the requirements for confirmation set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a) [or, if appropriate, 11 U.S.C. § 1129(b), 1191(a), or 1191(b)] have been satisfied;

IT IS ORDERED that:

The plan filed by _____, on _____, [If appropriate, include dates and any other pertinent details of modifications to the plan] is confirmed. [If the plan provides for an injunction against conduct not otherwise enjoined under the Code, include the information required by Rule 3020.]

A copy of the confirmed plan is attached.

MM / DD / YYYY

By the court: _____
United States Bankruptcy Judge

Fill in this information to identify the case:

Debtor Name _____

United States Bankruptcy Court for the: _____ District of _____
(State)

Case number: _____

☐ Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 425A

Plan of Reorganization for Small Business Under Chapter 11

02/20

[Name of Proponent]'s Plan of Reorganization, Dated [Insert Date]

[If this plan is for a small business debtor under Subchapter V, 11 U.S.C. § 1190 requires that it include "(A) a brief history of the business operations of the debtor; (B) a liquidation analysis; and (C) projections with respect to the ability of the debtor to make payments under the proposed plan of reorganization." The Background section below may be used for that purpose. Otherwise, the Background section can be deleted from the form, and the Plan can start with "Article 1: Summary"]

Background for Cases Filed Under Subchapter V

A. Description and History of the Debtor's Business

The Debtor is a [corporation, partnership, etc.]. Since [insert year operations commenced], the Debtor has been in the business of _____. [Describe the Debtor's business].

B. Liquidation Analysis

To confirm the Plan, the Court must find that all creditors and equity interest holders who do not accept the Plan will receive at least as much under the Plan as such claim and equity interest holders would receive in a chapter 7 liquidation. A liquidation analysis is attached to the Plan as Exhibit ____.

C. Ability to make future plan payments and operate without further reorganization

The Plan Proponent must also show that it will have enough cash over the life of the Plan to make the required Plan payments and operate the debtor's business.

The Plan Proponent has provided projected financial information as Exhibit ____.

The Plan Proponent's financial projections show that the Debtor will have projected disposable income (as defined by § 1191(d) of the Bankruptcy Code) for the period described in § 1191(c)(2) of \$ _____.

The final Plan payment is expected to be paid on _____.

[Summarize the numerical projections, and highlight any assumptions that are not in accord with past experience. Explain why such assumptions should now be made.]

You should consult with your accountant or other financial advisor if you have any questions pertaining to these projections.

Article 1: Summary

This Plan of Reorganization (the *Plan*) under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the *Code*) proposes to pay creditors of [insert the name of the Debtor] (the *Debtor*) from [Specify sources of payment, such as an infusion of capital, loan proceeds, sale of assets, cash flow from operations, or future income].

This Plan provides for: classes of priority claims;
 classes of secured claims;
 classes of non-priority unsecured claims; and
 classes of equity security holders.

Non-priority unsecured creditors holding allowed claims will receive distributions, which the proponent of this Plan has valued at approximately cents on the dollar. This Plan also provides for the payment of administrative and priority claims.

All creditors and equity security holders should refer to Articles 3 through 6 of this Plan for information regarding the precise treatment of their claim. A disclosure statement that provides more detailed information regarding this Plan and the rights of creditors and equity security holders has been circulated with this Plan. **Your rights may be affected. You should read these papers carefully and discuss them with your attorney, if you have one. (If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.)**

Article 2: Classification of Claims and Interests

- 2.01 **Class 1** All allowed claims entitled to priority under § 507(a) of the Code (except administrative expense claims under § 507(a)(2), ["gap" period claims in an involuntary case under § 507(a)(3),] and priority tax claims under § 507(a)(8)).
 [Add classes of priority claims, if applicable]
- 2.02 **Class 2** The claim of , to the extent allowed as a secured claim under § 506 of the Code.
 [Add other classes of secured creditors, if any. *Note:* Section 1129(a)(9)(D) of the Code provides that a secured tax claim which would otherwise meet the description of a priority tax claim under § 507(a)(8) of the Code is to be paid in the same manner and over the same period as prescribed in § 507(a)(8).]
- 2.03 **Class 3** All non-priority unsecured claims allowed under § 502 of the Code.
 [Add other classes of unsecured claims, if any.]
- 2.04 **Class 4** Equity interests of the Debtor. [If the Debtor is an individual, change this heading to *The interests of the individual Debtor in property of the estate.*]

Article 3: Treatment of Administrative Expense Claims, Priority Tax Claims, and Quarterly and Court Fees

- 3.01 **Unclassified claims** Under section § 1123(a)(1), administrative expense claims, ["gap" period claims in an involuntary case allowed under § 502(f) of the Code,] and priority tax claims are not in classes.
- 3.02 **Administrative expense claims** Each holder of an administrative expense claim allowed under § 503 of the Code, [and a "gap" claim in an involuntary case allowed under § 502(f) of the Code,] will be paid in full on the effective date of this Plan, in cash, or upon such other terms as may be agreed upon by the holder of the claim and the Debtor.
 Or
 Each holder of an administrative expense claim allowed under § 503 of the Code, [and a "gap" claim in an involuntary case allowed under § 502(f) of the Code,] will be paid [specify terms of treatment, including the form, amount, and timing of distribution, consistent with section 1191(e) of the

Code].

[Note: the second provision is appropriate only in a subchapter V plan that is confirmed non-consensually under section 1191(b).]

- 3.03 **Priority tax claims** Each holder of a priority tax claim will be paid [Specify terms of treatment consistent with § 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Code].
- 3.04 **Statutory fees** All fees required to be paid under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 that are owed on or before the effective date of this Plan have been paid or will be paid on the effective date.
- 3.05 **Prospective quarterly fees** All quarterly fees required to be paid under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) or (a)(7) will accrue and be timely paid until the case is closed, dismissed, or converted to another chapter of the Code.

Article 4: Treatment of Claims and Interests Under the Plan

4.01 Claims and interests shall be treated as follows under this Plan:

Class	Impairment	Treatment
Class 1 - Priority claims excluding those in Article 3	<input type="checkbox"/> Impaired <input type="checkbox"/> Unimpaired	[Insert treatment of priority claims in this Class, including the form, amount and timing of distribution, if any. For example: "Class 1 is unimpaired by this Plan, and each holder of a Class 1 Priority Claim will be paid in full, in cash, upon the later of the effective date of this Plan, or the date on which such claim is allowed by a final non-appealable order. Except: _____."] [Add classes of priority claims if applicable]
Class 2 – Secured claim of [Insert name of secured creditor.]	<input type="checkbox"/> Impaired <input type="checkbox"/> Unimpaired	[Insert treatment of secured claim in this Class, including the form, amount and timing of distribution, if any.] [Add classes of secured claims if applicable]
Class 3 – Non-priority unsecured creditors	<input type="checkbox"/> Impaired <input type="checkbox"/> Unimpaired	[Insert treatment of unsecured creditors in this Class, including the form, amount and timing of distribution, if any.] [Add administrative convenience class if applicable]
Class 4 - Equity security holders of the Debtor	<input type="checkbox"/> Impaired <input type="checkbox"/> Unimpaired	[Insert treatment of equity security holders in this Class, including the form, amount and timing of distribution, if any.]

Article 5: Allowance and Disallowance of Claims

- 5.01 **Disputed claim** A *disputed claim* is a claim that has not been allowed or disallowed [by a final non-appealable order], and as to which either:
- (i) a proof of claim has been filed or deemed filed, and the Debtor or another party in interest has filed an objection; or
 - (ii) no proof of claim has been filed, and the Debtor has scheduled such claim as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated.
- 5.02 **Delay of distribution on a disputed claim** No distribution will be made on account of a disputed claim unless such claim is allowed [by a final non-appealable order].
- 5.03 **Settlement of disputed claims** The Debtor will have the power and authority to settle and compromise a disputed claim with court approval and compliance with Rule 9019 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Article 6: Provisions for Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

6.01 Assumed executory contracts and unexpired leases

(a) The Debtor assumes, and if applicable assigns, the following executory contracts and unexpired leases as of the effective date:

[List assumed, or if applicable assigned, executory contracts and unexpired leases.]

(b) Except for executory contracts and unexpired leases that have been assumed, and if applicable assigned, before the effective date or under section 6.01(a) of this Plan, or that are the subject of a pending motion to assume, and if applicable assign, the Debtor will be conclusively deemed to have rejected all executory contracts and unexpired leases as of the effective date.

A proof of a claim arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease under this section must be filed no later than days after the date of the order confirming this Plan.

Article 7: Means for Implementation of the Plan

[Insert here provisions regarding how the plan will be implemented as required under § 1123(a)(5) of the Code. For example, provisions may include those that set out how the plan will be funded, including any claims reserve to be established in connection with the plan, as well as who will be serving as directors, officers or voting trustees of the reorganized Debtor.]

Article 8: General Provisions**8.01 Definitions and rules of construction**

The definitions and rules of construction set forth in §§ 101 and 102 of the Code shall apply when terms defined or construed in the Code are used in this Plan, and they are supplemented by the following definitions:

[Insert additional definitions if necessary].

8.02 Effective date

The effective date of this Plan is the first business day following the date that is 14 days after the entry of the confirmation order. If, however, a stay of the confirmation order is in effect on that date, the effective date will be the first business day after the date on which the stay expires or is otherwise terminated.

8.03 Severability

If any provision in this Plan is determined to be unenforceable, the determination will in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any other provision of this Plan.

8.04 Binding effect

The rights and obligations of any entity named or referred to in this Plan will be binding upon, and will inure to the benefit of the successors or assigns of such entity.

8.05 Captions

The headings contained in this Plan are for convenience of reference only and do not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Plan.

[8.06 Controlling effect

Unless a rule of law or procedure is supplied by federal law (including the Code or the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure), the laws of the State of govern this Plan and any agreements, documents, and instruments executed in connection with this Plan, except as otherwise provided in this Plan.]

[8.07 Corporate governance

[If the Debtor is a corporation include provisions required by § 1123(a)(6) of the Code.]

[8.08 Retention of Jurisdiction

Language addressing the extent and the scope of the bankruptcy court's jurisdiction after the effective date of the plan.]

Article 9: Discharge

[Include the appropriate provision in the Plan]

[No Discharge -- Section 1141(d)(3) IS applicable.]

In accordance with § 1141(d)(3) of the Code, the Debtor will not receive any discharge of debt in this bankruptcy case.

[Discharge -- Section 1141(d)(3) IS NOT applicable; use one of the alternatives below]

*[The following 3 alternatives apply to cases in which a discharge is applicable and the Debtor **DID NOT** elect to proceed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11.]*

[Discharge if the Debtor is an individual and did not proceed under Subchapter V]

Confirmation of this Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in this Plan until the court grants a discharge on completion of all payments under this Plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1141(d)(5) of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt excepted from discharge under § 523 of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

[Discharge if the Debtor is a partnership and did not proceed under Subchapter V]

On the effective date of this Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt imposed by this Plan.

[Discharge if the Debtor is a corporation and did not proceed under Subchapter V]

On the effective date of this Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code, except that the Debtor will not be discharged of any debt:

- (i) imposed by this Plan; or
- (ii) to the extent provided in § 1141(d)(6).

*[The following 3 alternatives apply to cases in which the Debtor **DID** elect to proceed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11.]*

[Discharge if the Debtor is an individual under Subchapter V]

If the Debtor's Plan is confirmed under § 1191(a), on the effective date of the Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

- (i) imposed by this Plan; or
- (ii) excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

If the Debtor's Plan is confirmed under § 1191(b), confirmation of the Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in this Plan until the court grants a discharge on completion of all payments due within the first 3 years of this Plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192 of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

- (i) on which the last payment is due after the first 3 years of the plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192; or
- (ii) excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

[Discharge if the Debtor is a partnership under Subchapter V]

If the Debtor's Plan is confirmed under § 1191(a), on the effective date of the Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt imposed by this Plan.

If the Debtor's Plan is confirmed under § 1191(b), confirmation of the Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in this Plan until the court grants a discharge on completion of all payments due within the first 3 years of this Plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192 of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

- (i) on which the last payment is due after the first 3 years of the plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192; or
- (ii) excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

[Discharge if the Debtor is a corporation under Subchapter V]

If the Debtor's Plan is confirmed under § 1191(a), on the effective date of the Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code, except that the Debtor will not be discharged of any debt:

- (i) imposed by this Plan; or
- (ii) to the extent provided in § 1141(d)(6).

If the Debtor's Plan is confirmed under § 1191(b), confirmation of this Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in this Plan until the court grants a discharge on completion of all payments due within the first 3 years of this Plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192 of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

- (i) on which the last payment is due after the first 3 years of the plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192; or
- (ii) excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Article 10: Other Provisions

[Insert other provisions, as applicable.]

Respectfully submitted,

Debtor Name _____

Case number _____

x

[Signature of the Plan Proponent]

[Printed Name]

x

[Signature of the Attorney for the Plan Proponent]

[Printed Name]

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
REQUIRED LISTS, SCHEDULES, STATEMENTS, AND FEES
Voluntary Chapter 7 Case

- ☐ **Filing Fee of \$245.** If the fee is to be paid in installments or the debtor requests a waiver of the fee, the debtor must be an individual and must file a signed application for court approval. Official Form 103A or 103B and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1006(b), (c).
- ☐ **Administrative fee of \$75 and trustee surcharge of \$15.** If the debtor is an individual and the court grants the debtor's request, these fees are payable in installments or may be waived.
- ☐ **Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy** (Official Form 101) or **Voluntary Petition for Non-Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy** (Official Form 201); **Names and addresses of all creditors** of the debtor. Must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(a)(1).
- ☐ **Notice to Individual Debtor with Primarily Consumer Debts** under 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) (Director's Form 2010), if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual with primarily consumer debts. The notice must be GIVEN to the debtor before the petition is filed. Certification that the notice has been given must be FILED with the petition or within 15 days. 11 U.S.C. §§ 342(b), 521(a)(1)(B)(iii), 707(a)(3). Official Form 101 contains spaces for the certification.
- ☐ **Bankruptcy Petition Preparer's Notice, Declaration, and Signature** (Official Form 119). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(b)(2).
- ☐ **Statement About Your Social Security Numbers** (Official Form 121). Required if the debtor is an individual. Must be submitted WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(f).
- ☐ **Credit Counseling Requirement** (Official Form 101); **Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan**, if applicable; **Section 109(h)(3) certification or § 109(h)(4) request**, if applicable. If applicable, the Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. If applicable, the § 109(h)(3) certification or the § 109(h)(4) request must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(3), (c).
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to a "bankruptcy petition preparer"** (Director's Form 2800). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(h)(2).
- ☐ **Statement of Your Current Monthly Income** (Official Form 122A). Required if the debtor is an individual. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedules of assets and liabilities** (Official Forms 106 or 206). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b),(c).
- ☐ **Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases** (Schedule G of Official Form 106 or 206). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedules of Your Income and Your Expenses** (Schedules I and J of Official Form 106). If the debtor is an individual, Schedules I and J of Official Form 106 must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. 11 U.S.C. § 521(1) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Statement of financial affairs** (Official Form 107 or 207). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Copies of all payment advices or other evidence of payment** received by the debtor from any employer within 60 days before the filing of the petition. Required if the debtor is an individual. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Statement of Intention for Individuals Filing Under Chapter 7** (Official Form 108). Required ONLY if the debtor is an individual and the schedules of assets and liabilities contain debts secured by property of the estate or personal property subject to an unexpired lease. Must be filed within 30 days or by the date set for the Section 341 meeting of creditors, whichever is earlier. 11 U.S.C. §§ 362(h) and 521(a)(2).
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to the attorney** for the debtor (Director's Form 2030). Required if the debtor is represented by an attorney. Must be filed within 14 days or any other date set by the court. 11 U.S.C. § 329 and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 2016(b).
- ☐ **Certification About a Financial Management Course** (Official Form 423), if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual, unless the course provider has notified the court that the debtor has completed the course. Must be filed within 60 days of the first date set for the meeting of creditors. 11 U.S.C. § 727(a)(11) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(7), (c).

REQUIRED LISTS, SCHEDULES, STATEMENTS, AND FEES
Voluntary Chapter 11 Case

- ☐ **Filing fee of \$1,167.** If the fee is to be paid in installments, the debtor must be an individual and must file a signed application for court approval. Official Form 103A and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1006(b).
- ☐ **Administrative fee of \$550.** If the debtor is an individual and the court grants the debtor's request, this fee is payable in installments.
- ☐ **United States Trustee quarterly fee.** The debtor, or trustee if one is appointed, is required also to pay a fee to the United States trustee at the conclusion of each calendar quarter until the case is dismissed or converted to another chapter. The calculation of the amount to be paid is set out in 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6). As authorized by 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(7), the quarterly fee is paid to the clerk of court in chapter 11 cases in Alabama and North Carolina.
- ☐ **Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy** (Official Form 101) or **Voluntary Petition for Non-Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy** (Official Form 201); **Names and addresses of all creditors** of the debtor. Must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(a)(1).
- ☐ **Notice to Individual Debtor with Primarily Consumer Debts** under 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) (Director's Form 2010), if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual with primarily consumer debts. The notice must be GIVEN to the debtor before the petition is filed. Certification that the notice has been given must be FILED with the petition or within 15 days. 11 U.S.C. §§ 342(b), 521(a)(1)(B)(iii), 1112(e). Official Form 101 contains spaces for the certification.
- ☐ **Bankruptcy Petition Preparer's Notice, Declaration, and Signature** (Official Form 119). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(b)(2).
- ☐ **Statement About Your Social Security Numbers** (Official Form 121). Required if the debtor is an individual. Must be submitted WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(f).
- ☐ **Credit Counseling Requirement** (Official Form 101); **Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan**, if applicable; **Section 109(h)(3) certification or § 109(h)(4) request**, if applicable. If applicable, the Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. If applicable, the § 109(h)(3) certification or the § 109(h)(4) request must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(3), (c).
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to a "bankruptcy petition preparer"** (Director's Form 2800). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(h)(2).
- ☐ **Statement of Your Current Monthly Income** (Official Form 122B). Required if the debtor is an individual unless the case is filed under subchapter V. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **For Individual Chapter 11 Cases: List of Creditors Who Have the 20 Largest Unsecured Claims Against You and Are Not Insiders** (Official Form 104) or **Chapter 11 or Chapter 9 Cases: List of Creditors Who Have the 20 Largest Unsecured Claims and Are Not Insiders** (Official Form 204). Must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(d).
- ☐ **Names and addresses of equity security holders of the debtor.** Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days, unless the court orders otherwise. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(a)(3).
- ☐ **Schedules of Assets and Liabilities** (Official Form 106 or 206). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases** (Schedule G of Official Form 106 or 206). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedules of Current Income and Expenditures.** If the debtor is an individual, Schedules I and J of Official Form 106 must be used for this purpose. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. 11 U.S.C. § 521(1) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Statement of Financial Affairs** (Official Form 107 or 207). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Copies of all payment advices or other evidence of payment** received by debtor from any employer within 60 days before the filing of the petition. Required if the debtor is an individual. Must be filed WITH the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to the attorney** for the debtor (Director's Form 2030), if applicable. Required if the debtor is represented by an attorney. Must be filed within 14 days or any other date set by the court. 11 U.S.C. § 329 and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 2016(b).
- ☐ **Certification About a Financial Management Course** (Official Form 423), if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual and § 1141(d)(3) applies, unless the course provider has notified the court that the debtor has completed the course. Must be filed no later than the date of the last payment under the plan or the filing of a motion for a discharge under § 1141(d)(5)(B). 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d)(3) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(7), (c).
- ☐ **Statement concerning pending proceedings of the kind described in § 522(q)(1)**, if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual and has claimed exemptions under state or local law as described in § 522(b)(3) in excess of \$170,350*. Must be filed no later than the date of the last payment made under the plan or the date of the filing of a motion for a discharge under § 1141(d)(5)(B). 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d)(5)(C) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(8), (c).

* Amount subject to adjustment on 4/01/22, and every three years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.

REQUIRED LISTS, SCHEDULES, STATEMENTS, AND FEES

Chapter 12 Case

- ☐ **Filing Fee of \$200.** If the fee is to be paid in installments, the debtor must be an individual and must file a signed application for court approval. Official Form 103A and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1006(b).
- ☐ **Administrative fee of \$75.** If the debtor is an individual and the court grants the debtor's request, this fee is payable in installments.
- ☐ **Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy** (Official Form 101) or **Voluntary Petition for Non-Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy** (Official Form 201). **Names and addresses of all creditors** of the debtor. Must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(a)(1).
- ☐ **Notice to Individual Debtor with Primarily Consumer Debts** under 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) (Director's Form 2010), if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual with primarily consumer debts. The notice must be GIVEN to the debtor before the petition is filed. Certification that the notice has been given must be FILED with the court in a timely manner. 11 U.S.C. §§ 342(b), 521(a)(1)(B)(iii). Official Form 101 contains spaces for the certification.
- ☐ **Bankruptcy Petition Preparer's Notice, Declaration, and Signature** (Official Form 119). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(b)(2).
- ☐ **Statement of Your Social Security Numbers** (Official Form 121). Required if the debtor is an individual. Must be submitted WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(f).
- ☐ **Credit Counseling Requirement** (Official Form 101); **Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan**, if applicable; **Section 109(h)(3) certification or § 109(h)(4) request**, if applicable. If applicable, the Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. If applicable, the § 109(h)(3) certification or the § 109(h)(4) request must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(3), (c).
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to a "bankruptcy petition preparer"** (Director's Form 2800). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(h)(2).
- ☐ **Schedules of Assets and Liabilities** (Official Form 106 or 206). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases** (Schedule G of Official Form 106 or 206). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedules of Current Income and Expenditures.** If the debtor is an individual, Schedule I and J of Official Form 106 must be used for this purpose. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. 11 U.S.C. § 521(1) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Statement of Financial Affairs** (Official Form 107 or 207). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Copies of all payment advices** or other evidence of payment received by the debtor from any employer within 60 days before the filing of the petition if the debtor is an individual. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to the attorney** for the debtor (Director's Form 2030), if applicable. Must be filed within 14 days or any other date set by the court. 11 U.S.C. § 329 and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 2016(b).
- ☐ **Chapter 12 Plan.** Must be filed within 90 days. 11 U.S.C. § 1221.
- ☐ **Statement concerning pending proceedings of the kind described in § 522(q)(1)**, if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual and has claimed exemptions under state or local law as described in § 522(b)(3) in excess of \$170,350*. Must be filed no later than the date of the last payment made under the plan or the date of the filing of a motion for a discharge under § 1228(b). 11 U.S.C. § 1228(f) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(8), (c).

* Amount subject to adjustment on 4/01/22, and every three years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.

REQUIRED LISTS, SCHEDULES, STATEMENTS, AND FEES

Chapter 13 Case

- ☐ **Filing fee of \$235.** If the fee is to be paid in installments, the debtor must file a signed application for court approval. Official Form 103A and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1006(b).
- ☐ **Administrative fee of \$75.** If the court grants the debtor's request, this fee is payable in installments.
- ☐ **Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy** (Official Form 101). **Names and addresses of all creditors** of the debtor. Must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(a)(1).
- ☐ **Notice to Individual Debtor with Primarily Consumer Debts** under 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) (Director's Form 2010), if applicable. Required if the debtor is an individual with primarily consumer debts. The notice must be GIVEN to the debtor before the petition is filed. Certification that the notice has been given must be FILED with the petition or within 15 days. 11 U.S.C. §§ 342(b), 521(a)(1)(B)(iii), 1307(c)(9). Official Form 101 contains spaces for the certification.
- ☐ **Bankruptcy Petition Preparer's Notice, Declaration, and Signature** (Official Form 119). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(b)(2).
- ☐ **Statement of Social Security Number** (Official Form 121). Must be submitted WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(f).
- ☐ **Credit Counseling Requirement** (Official Form 101); **Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan**, if applicable; **Section 109(h)(3) certification or § 109(h)(4) request**, if applicable. If applicable, the Certificate of Credit Counseling and Debt Repayment Plan must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. If applicable, the § 109(h)(3) certification or the § 109(h)(4) request must be filed WITH the petition. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(3), (c).
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to a "bankruptcy petition preparer"** (Director's Form 2800). Required if a "bankruptcy petition preparer" prepares the petition. Must be submitted WITH the petition. 11 U.S.C. § 110(h)(2).
- ☐ **Statement of Your Current Monthly Income** (Official Form 122C). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007.
- ☐ **Schedules of Assets and Liabilities** (Official Form 106). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases** (Schedule G of Official Form 106). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Schedules of Current Income and Expenditures** (Schedules I and J of Official Form 106). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. 11 U.S.C. § 521(1) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Statement of Financial Affairs** (Official Form 107). Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Copies of all payment advices or other evidence of payment** received by the debtor from any employer within 60 days before the filing of the petition. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b), (c).
- ☐ **Chapter 13 Plan.** (Official Form 113), or local form plan (check with your local court for required plan version). Fed.R.Bankr.P. 3015.1. Must be filed with the petition or within 14 days. Fed.R.Bankr.P. 3015.
- ☐ **Statement disclosing compensation paid or to be paid to the attorney** for the debtor (Director's Form 2030), if applicable. Must be filed within 14 days or any other date set by the court. 11 U.S.C. § 329 and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 2016(b).
- ☐ **Certification About a Financial Management Course** (Official Form 423), if applicable. Must be filed no later than the date of the last payment made under the plan or the date of the filing of a motion for a discharge under § 1328(b), unless the course provider has notified the court that the debtor has completed the course. 11 U.S.C. § 1328(g)(1) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(7), (c).
- ☐ **Statement concerning pending proceedings of the kind described in § 522(q)(1)**, if applicable. Required if the debtor has claimed exemptions under state or local law as described in § 522(b)(3) in excess of \$170,350*. Must be filed no later than the date of the last payment made under the plan or the date of the filing of a motion for a discharge under § 1328(b). 11 U.S.C. § 1328(h) and Fed.R.Bankr.P. 1007(b)(8), (c).

* Amount subject to adjustment on 4/01/22, and every three years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF VERMONT**

In re:

**A Temporary Modification of Local Procedures to
Implement Some of the Bankruptcy Relief Enacted
in the Budget Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, to:**

**STANDING ORDER
21-02**

- (i) Modify the Scope of the Discharge for Certain Chapter 13 Debtors, under New Vt. LBR.4004-2(e);**
 - (ii) Expand the Opportunities for Chapter 13 Debtors to Modify Plans, under Vt. LBR. 3015-8(b)(4);**
 - (iii) Extend Time for Certain Debtors to Assume, or Perform the Terms of, Certain Unexpired Leases, under New Vt. LBR 6006-2; and**
 - (iv) Ensure Continued Utility Service to Individual Debtors, Without Previously Required Assurance of Payment, under New Vt. LBR 4001-3(d).**
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The Further Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Pub. L. 116-260) (the “CCA”), which was signed into law on December 27, 2020, included several provisions that temporarily created or expanded bankruptcy relief, in response to the direct and grave financial impact of the pandemic on individuals. This Standing Order is entered to articulate the new procedures a debtor or creditor must use to obtain some of those categories of relief. [New text is underlined.]

1. PROVISIONS TO MODIFY THE SCOPE OF THE DISCHARGE FOR CERTAIN CHAPTER 13 DEBTORS

The CCA creates a new § 1328(i), which allows the court, after notice and hearing, to grant a discharge to a chapter 13 debtor who hasn’t completed making plan mortgage payments in the principal residence if

- (1) the debtor has defaulted on no more than 3 monthly payments and such defaults are caused by COVID-related financial hardships, or
- (2) the plan provides for the curing of defaults and maintenance of mortgage payments under § 1322(b)(5), or
- (3) the debtor has entered into a forbearance agreement or loan modification with the mortgage holder or servicer.

To request this type of discharge, a debtor must file a motion on 14 days’ notice, setting forth satisfaction of the criteria set for in § 1328(i), using the new event for this purpose in CM/ECF, and may use the default procedure. See CCA div. FF tit. 10, § 1001(b).

The Court temporarily adds a **Vt. LBR LR 4004-2(e)**, effective through the sunset date of December 27, 2021, to create a clear procedure for chapter 13 debtors to obtain this relief:

(e) **Affirmation of Compliance and Motion for Entry of Discharge Order, For Relief Under § 1328(i).**

In order to obtain a discharge under § 1328(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, chapter 13 debtors must affirm they are in compliance with CCA div. FF, tit. 10, § 1001(b), in their motion requesting the entry of a discharge order.

- (1) **Content of the Motion.** In the motion, debtors must affirm they have fully complied with the terms of the confirmed plan, other than
 - (A) having not made all mortgage payments due on the debtors' principal residence due to COVID-related hardships; and
 - (B) either (i) having defaulted on 3 or fewer monthly mortgage payments, or (ii) if the plan provides for the curing of defaults, having entered into a forbearance agreement or loan modification with the mortgage holder or servicer.
- (2) **Filing of the Motion.** Debtors shall use the new event in CM/ECF called Motion for Discharge under § 1328(i) and file the motion with a proposed order (also available in CM/ECF), a notice of motion (which may be under the default procedure and give at least 14 days' notice), and a certificate of service.
- (3) **Service of the Motion.** Debtors shall serve the chapter 13 trustee, the mortgage lender(s) that hold liens on the debtors' principal residence and any other party with an interest in the debtors' principal residence that will be affected by the mortgage default.

2. PROVISIONS TO EXPAND THE OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHAPTER 13 DEBTORS TO MODIFY PLANS

The CCA creates a new § 1329(e), which allows debtors to modify confirmed chapter 13 plans to account for a proof of claim filed by a mortgage lender or servicer under the § 501(f) [relating to debts arising as a result of a mortgage payment forbearance]. To request modification on this basis, debtors must file a motion on notice, and an opportunity for hearing, affirming they have satisfied the criteria set forth in § 1329(e). See CCA div. FF, tit.10 § 1001(e).

The Court temporarily modifies **Vt. LBR LR 3015-8(b)(4)**, effective through the sunset date of December 27, 2021, to articulate the procedure for chapter 13 debtors to obtain this relief:

- (b) **Content of a Motion to Modify Plan.** A motion to modify plan must clearly set forth:
- (1) the date of the plan confirmation,
 - (2) the specific provisions of the plan (identified by part or paragraph) being modified,
 - (3) the differing treatment of the affected parties under the proposed modified plan,
 - (4) the circumstances that created the need to modify the confirmed plan and, if the basis for modification is a late-filed claim asserting sums due based on a mortgage forbearance, stating the date of, parties to, and length of that forbearance, and
 - (5) the factors demonstrating that the proposed modified plan meets the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code.

Debtors may seek this relief through use of the default notice procedure, and should do so using the local form of order to modify (Local Form F-13).

3. PROVISIONS TO EXTEND TIME FOR CERTAIN DEBTORS TO ASSUME, OR PERFORM THE TERMS OF, CERTAIN UNEXPIRED LEASES

If a debtor in a case filed under chapter 11 subchapter V is experiencing COVID-related hardship, the CCA's amendment of § 365(d)(3) authorizes the Court to extend the time period for that debtor to perform under an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property for up to an additional 60 days (for a total of up to 120 days). Additionally, the CCA amends § 365(d)(4), to extend the time for any debtor (who is the lessee) to assume or reject an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property from 120 days to 210 days. See CCA div. FF, tit. 10, § 1001(f).

The Court temporarily adds a **Vt. LBR LR 6006-2**, effective through the sunset date of December 27, 2022, to articulate the procedures eligible debtors must follow in order to obtain this relief:

Vt. LBR 6006-2 (Temporary). COVID-Based Rights Under Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

- (a) **To extend a subchapter V debtor's time to perform an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property.** A subchapter V debtor may extend their time to perform an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property for up to an additional 60 days (for a total of 120 days) by filing a motion that demonstrates the debtor's inability to perform was due to COVID-related hardship. The debtor shall serve notice of the motion on the case trustee, the other parties to the lease, any party with an interest in that nonresidential real property, and any other parties who have appeared in the case.
- (b) **To extend a debtor's time to assume an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property.** A debtor who is a lessee under an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property may file a motion, using the default procedure, to extend the time for assuming that lease from 120 to 210 days after the order for relief. The debtor shall serve notice of that motion on the case trustee, the other parties to the lease, any party with an interest in that non-residential real estate, and any other parties who have appeared in the case.

4. PROVISION TO ENSURE UTILITY SERVICE TO INDIVIDUAL DEBTORS WITHOUT (PREVIOUSLY REQUIRED) ASSURANCE OF PAYMENT

The CCA adds a **new § 366(d)**, which prohibits a utility from altering, refusing or discontinuing service to an individual debtor, notwithstanding the debtor's failure to provide "adequate assurance of payment," if the debtor pays the utility for service provided in the first 20 days of the case and subsequently pays, when due, the amount for continued service during the remainder of the case. See CCA div. FF, tit. 10, § 1001(h).

The Court temporarily adds a **VT LBR LR 4001-3(d)**, effective through the sunset date of December 27, 2021, to articulate the procedure the debtor and utility must follow to ensure this new relief is available and requirements for obtaining it are clear:


Vt. LBR 4001-3(d) (Temporary). Individual Debtors' Rights to Utility Service During Bankruptcy Case, Without Adequate Assurance of Payment.

- (a) **Content of the Motion.** An individual debtor may file a motion on shortened notice, for an order that prohibits a utility from altering, refusing, or discontinuing the debtor's utility service, even if the debtor does not provide "adequate assurance of payment," as otherwise required under § 366, if the debtor:
- (i) pays the utility company for service provided in the first 20 days of the case, within seven (7) days of receipt of an invoice from the utility for the utility service provided during the first 20 days of the case; and
 - (ii) thereafter makes all payments, in full and by the due date, for utility service provided during the remaining times the case is pending.
- (b) **Service of Motion.** To effect sufficient service of this motion, the debtor
- (i) shall serve the utility, its attorney, the case trustee (or, if no trustee has been appointed in the case, then on the 20 largest unsecured creditors), and the U.S. trustee;
 - (ii) shall provide no less than 5 days' notice of the hearing on the motion;
 - (iii) shall label the motion as an "Emergency Motion" and contact the courtroom deputy to arrange for a court hearing date, prior to filing the motion; and
 - (iv) shall file a notice of motion and proposed order with the motion.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED these amendments to the Court's Local Rules and procedure are effective immediately, on a temporary basis, through the December 27, 2021 or December 27, 2022 sunset dates specified, respectively, above.

SO ORDERED.

February 19, 2021
Burlington, Vermont



Colleen A. Brown
United States Bankruptcy Judge

Attached: pertinent excerpts of the CAA

Bankruptcy Related Excerpts from The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021
116 P.L. 260, 2020 Enacted H.R. 133, 116 Enacted H.R. 133, 134 Stat. 1182

**DIVISION B - COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND
RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2021**

**TITLE II - DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, GENERAL ADMINISTRATION, SALARIES AND EXPENSES,
UNITED STATES TRUSTEE SYSTEM FUND**

The United States Trustee System Fund

For necessary expenses of the United States Trustee Program, as authorized, \$232,361,000, to remain available until expended:

Provided, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, deposits to the United States Trustee System Fund and amounts herein appropriated shall be available in such amounts as may be necessary to pay refunds due depositors: Provided further, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, fees deposited into the Fund pursuant to section 589a(b) of title 28, USC (as limited by section 1004(b) of the Bankruptcy Judgeship Act of 2017 (division B of Public Law 115- 72)), shall be retained and used for necessary expenses in this appropriation and shall remain available until expended: Provided further, That to the extent that fees deposited into the Fund in fiscal year 2021, net of amounts necessary to pay refunds due depositors, exceed \$232,361,000, those excess amounts shall be available in future fiscal years only to the extent provided in advance in appropriations Acts: Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated from the general fund shall be reduced (1) as such fees are received during fiscal year 2021, net of amounts necessary to pay refunds due depositors, (estimated at \$318,000,000) and (2) to the extent that any remaining general fund appropriations can be derived from amounts deposited in the Fund in previous fiscal years that are not otherwise appropriated, so as to result in a final fiscal year 2021 appropriation from the general fund estimated at \$0.

**DIVISION E - FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL
GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2021**

TITLE III - THE JUDICIARY¹

Courts Of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services Salaries and Expenses

For the salaries of judges of the United States Court of Federal Claims, magistrate judges, and all other officers and employees of the Federal Judiciary not otherwise specifically provided for, necessary expenses of the courts, and the purchase, rental, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for Probation and Pretrial Services Office staff, as authorized by law, \$5,393,701,000 (including the purchase of firearms and ammunition); of which not to exceed \$27,817,000 shall remain available until expended for space alteration projects and for furniture and furnishings related to new space alteration and construction projects.

In addition, there are appropriated such sums as may be necessary under current law for the salaries of circuit and district judges (including judges of the territorial courts of the United States), bankruptcy judges, and justices and judges retired from office or from regular active service.

DIVISION N - ADDITIONAL CORONAVIRUS RESPONSE AND RELIEF

¹ 116 P.L. 260, 2020 Enacted H.R. 133, 116 Enacted H.R. 133, 134 Stat. 1182, 116 P.L. 260, 2020 Enacted H.R. 133, 116 Enacted H.R. 133, 134 Stat. 1182

TITLE II-- ASSISTANCE TO INDIVIDUALS, FAMILIES, AND BUSINESSES,
SUBTITLE B— COVID-RELATED TAX RELIEF ACT OF 2020

Sec. 272. Additional 2020 Recovery Rebates For Individuals

(d) Administrative Provisions.--

(1) Exception from reduction or offset.--Any refund payable by reason of section 6428A(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section), or any such refund payable by reason of subsection (c) of this section, shall not be--

(A) subject to reduction or offset pursuant to section 3716 or 3720A of title 31, USC,

(B) subject to reduction or offset pursuant to subsection (c), (d), (e), or (f) of section 6402 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or

(C) reduced or offset by other assessed Federal taxes that would otherwise be subject to levy or collection.

(2) Assignment of benefits.--

(A) In general.--The right of any person to any applicable payment shall not be transferable or assignable, at law or in equity, and no applicable payment shall be subject to, execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, or other legal process, or the operation of any bankruptcy or insolvency law.

TITLE III - CONTINUING THE PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM
AND OTHER SMALL BUSINESS SUPPORT.

Sec. 320. Bankruptcy Provisions.²

(a) In General.--Section 364 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g)(1) The court, after notice and a hearing, may authorize a debtor in possession or a trustee that is authorized to operate the business of the debtor under section 1183, 1184, 1203, 1204, or 1304 of this title to obtain a loan under paragraph (36) or (37) of section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)), and such loan shall be treated as a debt to the extent the loan is not forgiven in accordance with section 7A of the Small Business Act or subparagraph (J) of such paragraph (37), as applicable, with priority equal to a claim of the kind specified in subsection (c)(1) of this section.

“(2) The trustee may incur debt described in paragraph (1) notwithstanding any provision in a contract, prior order authorizing the trustee to incur debt under this section, prior order authorizing the trustee to use cash collateral under section 363, or applicable law that prohibits the debtor from incurring additional debt.

“(3) The court shall hold a hearing within 7 days after the filing and service of the motion to obtain a loan described in paragraph (1). Notwithstanding the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, at such hearing, the court may grant relief on a final basis.”.

(b) Allowance of Administrative Expenses.--Section 503(b) of title 11, USC, is amended--

(1) in paragraph (8)(B), by striking “and” at the end;

(2) in paragraph (9), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(10) any debt incurred under section 364(g)(1) of this title.”.

(c) Confirmation of Plan for Reorganization.--Section 1191 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

² 116 P.L. 260, 2020 Enacted H.R. 133, 116 Enacted H.R. 133, 134 Stat. 1182, 116 P.L. 260, 2020 Enacted H.R. 133, 116 Enacted H.R. 133, 134 Stat. 1182

“(f) Special Provision Related to COVID-19 Pandemic.-- Notwithstanding section 1129(a)(9)(A) of this title and subsection (e) of this section, a plan that provides for payment of a claim of a kind specified in section 503(b)(10) of this title may be confirmed under subsection (b) of this section if the plan proposes to make payments on account of such claim when due under the terms of the loan giving rise to such claim.”.

(d) Confirmation of Plan for Family Farmers and Fishermen.--Section 1225 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) Notwithstanding section 1222(a)(2) of this title and subsection (b)(1) of this section, a plan that provides for payment of a claim of a kind specified in section 503(b)(10) of this title may be confirmed if the plan proposes to make payments on account of such claim when due under the terms of the loan giving rise to such claim.”.

(e) Confirmation of Plan for Individuals.--Section 1325 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) Notwithstanding section 1322(a)(2) of this title and subsection (b)(1) of this section, a plan that provides for payment of a claim of a kind specified in section 503(b)(10) of this title may be confirmed if the plan proposes to make payments on account of such claim when due under the terms of the loan giving rise to such claim.”.

(f) Effective Date; Sunset.--

(1) Effective date.--The amendments made by subsections (a) through (e) shall--

(A) take effect on the date on which the Administrator submits to the Director of the Executive Office for United States Trustees a written determination that, subject to satisfying any other eligibility requirements, any debtor in possession or trustee that is authorized to operate the business of the debtor under section 1183, 1184, 1203, 1204, or 1304 of title 11, USC, would be eligible for a loan under paragraphs (36) and (37) of section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)); and

(B) apply to any case pending on or commenced on or after the date described in subparagraph (A)

(2) Sunset.--

(A) In general.--If the amendments made by subsections (a) through (e) take effect under paragraph (1), effective on the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act--

(i) section 364 of title 11, USC, is amended by striking subsection (g);

(ii) section 503(b) of title 11, USC, is amended--

(I) in paragraph (8)(B), by adding “and” at the end;

(II) in paragraph (9), by striking “; and” at the end and inserting a period; and

(III) by striking paragraph (10);

(iii) section 1191 of title 11, USC, is amended by striking subsection (f);

(iv) section 1225 of title 11, USC, is amended by striking subsection (d); and

(v) section 1325 of title 11, USC, is amended by striking subsection (d).

(B) Applicability.--Notwithstanding the amendments made by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, if the amendments made by subsections (a) through (e) take effect under paragraph (1) of this subsection, such amendments shall apply to any case under title 11, USC, commenced before the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act

...

Sec. 479a. Discretion Of Student Financial Aid Administrators.

...

(C) Eligibility.--If a student pursues provisional independent student status and is not determined to be an independent student by a financial aid administrator, such student shall only be eligible for a Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loan for that award year unless such student subsequently completes the Free Application for Federal Student Aid as a dependent student.

“(d) Adjustments to Assets or Income Taken Into Account.--A financial aid administrator shall be considered to be making a necessary adjustment in accordance with this section if--

“(1) the administrator makes adjustments excluding from family income or assets any proceeds or losses from a sale of farm or business assets of a family if such sale results from a voluntary or involuntary foreclosure, forfeiture, or bankruptcy or a voluntary or involuntary liquidation; or

“(2) the administrator makes adjustments for a condition of disability of a student, or in the case of a dependent student, the dependent student's parent or guardian, or in the case of an independent student, the independent student's dependent or spouse, so as to take into consideration the additional costs incurred as a result of such disability.

DIVISION FF – OTHER MATTERS

TITLE X - BANKRUPTCY RELIEF

Sec. 1001. Bankruptcy Relief.

(a) Property of the Estate.--

(1) In general.--Section 541(b) of title 11, United States Code, is amended--

(A) in paragraph (9), in the matter following subparagraph (B), by striking “or”;

(B) in paragraph (10)(C), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (10) the following:

“(11) recovery rebates made under section 6428 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.”.

(2) Sunset.--Effective on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, section 541(b) of title 11, United States Code, is amended--

(A) in paragraph (9), in the matter following subparagraph (B), by adding “or” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (10)(C), by striking “; or” and inserting a period; and

(C) by striking paragraph (11).

(b) Discharge.--

(1) In general.--Section 1328 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(i) Subject to subsection (d), after notice and a hearing, the court may grant a discharge of debts dischargeable under subsection (a) to a debtor who has not completed payments to the trustee or a creditor holding a security interest in the principal residence of the debtor if--

“(1) the debtor defaults on not more than 3 monthly payments due on a residential mortgage under section 1322(b)(5) on or after March 13, 2020, to the trustee or creditor caused by a material financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, by the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic; or

“(2)(A) the plan provides for the curing of a default and maintenance of payments on a residential mortgage under section 1322(b)(5); and

“(B) the debtor has entered into a forbearance agreement or loan modification agreement with the holder or servicer (as defined in section 6(i) of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2605(i)) of the mortgage described in subparagraph (A)).”.

(2) Sunset.--Effective on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, section 1328 of title 11, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (i).

(c) Protection Against Discriminatory Treatment.--

(1) In general.--Section 525 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) A person may not be denied relief under sections 4022 through 4024 of the CARES Act (15 U.S.C. 9056, 9057, 9058) because the person is or has been a debtor under this title.”.

(2) Sunset.--Effective on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, section 525 of title 11, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (d).

(d) CARES Forbearance Claims.--

(1) Filing of proofs of claims or interests.--Section 501 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f)(1) In this subsection--

“(A) the term ‘CARES forbearance claim’ means a supplemental claim for the amount of a Federally backed mortgage loan or a Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan that was not received by an eligible creditor during the forbearance period of a loan granted forbearance under section 4022 or 4023 of the CARES Act (15 U.S.C. 9056, 9057);

“(B) the term ‘eligible creditor’ means a servicer (as defined in section 6(i) of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2605(i)) with a claim for a Federally backed mortgage loan or a Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan of the debtor that is provided for by a plan under section 1322(b)(5);

“(C) the term ‘Federally backed mortgage loan’ has the meaning given the term in section 4022(a) of the CARES Act (15 U.S.C. 9056(a)); and

“(D) the term ‘Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan’ has the meaning given the term in section 4023(f) of the CARES Act (15 U.S.C. 9057(f)).

“(2)(A) Only an eligible creditor may file a supplemental proof of claim for a CARES forbearance claim.

“(B) If an underlying mortgage loan obligation has been modified or deferred by an agreement of the debtor and an eligible creditor of the mortgage loan in connection with a mortgage forbearance granted under section 4022 or 4023 of the CARES Act (15 U.S.C. 9056, 9057) in order to cure mortgage payments forborne under the forbearance, the proof of claim filed under subparagraph (A) shall include--

“(i) the relevant terms of the modification or deferral;

“(ii) for a modification or deferral that is in writing, a copy of the modification or deferral; and

“(iii) a description of the payments to be deferred until the date on which the mortgage loan matures.”.

(2) Allowance of claims or interests.--Section 502(b)(9) of title 11, USC, is amended to read as follows:

“(9) proof of such claim is not timely filed, except to the extent tardily filed as permitted under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 726(a) or under the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, except that--

“(A) a claim of a governmental unit shall be timely filed if it is filed before 180 days after the date of the order for relief or such later time as the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure may provide;

“(B) in a case under chapter 13, a claim of a governmental unit for a tax with respect to a return filed under section 1308 shall be timely if the claim is filed on or before the date that is 60 days after the date on which such return was filed as required; and

“(C) a CARES forbearance claim (as defined in section 501(f)(1)) shall be timely filed if the claim is filed before the date that is 120 days after the expiration of the forbearance period of a loan granted forbearance under section 4022 or 4023 of the CARES Act (15 U.S.C. 9056, 9057).”.

(3) Sunset.--Effective on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act--

(A) section 501 of title 11, USC, is amended by striking subsection (f); and

(B) section 502(b)(9) of title 11, USC, is amended--

(i) in subparagraph (A), by adding “and” at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking “; and” and inserting a period; and

(iii) by striking subparagraph (C).

(e) Modification of Plan After Confirmation.--

(1) In general.--Section 1329 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e)(1) A debtor of a case for which a creditor files a proof of claim under section 501(f) may file a request for a modification of the plan to provide for the proof of claim.

“(2) If the debtor does not file a request for a modification of the plan under paragraph (1) on or before the date that is 30 days after the date on which a creditor files a claim under section 501(f), after notice, the court, on a motion of the court or on a motion of the United States trustee, the trustee, a bankruptcy

administrator, or any party in interest, may request a modification of the plan to provide for the proof of claim."

(2) Sunset.--Effective on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, section 1329 of title 11, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (e).

(f) Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases--

(1) In general.--Section 365(d) of title 11, United States Code, is amended--

(A) in paragraph (3)--

(i) by inserting "(A)" after "(3)";

(ii) by inserting ", except as provided in subparagraph (B)" after "such 60-day period"; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

"(B) In a case under subchapter V of chapter 11, the time for performance of an obligation described in subparagraph (A) arising under any unexpired lease of nonresidential real property may be extended by the court if the debtor is experiencing or has experienced a material financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic until the earlier of--

"(i) the date that is 60 days after the date of the order for relief, which may be extended by the court for an additional period of 60 days if the court determines that the debtor is continuing to experience a material financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic; or

"(ii) the date on which the lease is assumed or rejected under this section.

"(C) An obligation described in subparagraph (A) for which an extension is granted under subparagraph (B) shall be treated as an administrative expense described in section 507(a)(2) for the purpose of section 1191(e)."; and

(B) in paragraph (4), by striking "120" each place it appears and inserting "210".

(2) Sunset.--

(A) In general.--Effective on the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, section 365(d) of title 11, USC, is amended--

(i) in paragraph (3)--

(I) by striking "(A)" after "(3)";

(II) by striking ", except as provided in subparagraph (B)" after "such 60-day period"; and

(III) by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C); and

(ii) in paragraph (4), by striking "210" each place it appears and inserting "120".

(B) Subchapter v cases filed before sunset.--

Notwithstanding the amendments made by subparagraph (A), the amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply in any case commenced under subchapter V of chapter 11 of title 11, USC, before the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

(g) Preferences--

(1) In general.--Section 547 of title 11, USC, is amended--

(A) in subsection (b), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "and (i)" and inserting ", (i), and (j)"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

"(j)(1) In this subsection:

"(A) The term 'covered payment of rental arrearages' means a payment of arrearages that--

"(i) is made in connection with an agreement or arrangement--

"(I) between the debtor and a lessor to defer or postpone the payment of rent and other periodic charges under a lease of nonresidential real property; and

"(II) made or entered into on or after March 13, 2020;

"(ii) does not exceed the amount of rental and other periodic charges agreed to under the lease of nonresidential real property described in clause (i)(I) before March 13, 2020; and

"(iii) does not include fees, penalties, or interest in an amount greater than the amount of fees, penalties, or interest--

“(I) scheduled to be paid under the lease of nonresidential real property described in clause (i)(I); or

“(II) that the debtor would owe if the debtor had made every payment due under the lease of nonresidential real property described in clause (i)(I) on time and in full before March 13, 2020.

“(B) The term ‘covered payment of supplier arrearages’ means a payment of arrearages that--

“(i) is made in connection with an agreement or arrangement--

“(I) between the debtor and a supplier of goods or services to defer or postpone the payment of amounts due under an executory contract for goods or services; and

“(II) made or entered into on or after March 13, 2020;

“(ii) does not exceed the amount due under the executory contract described in clause (i)(I) before March 13, 2020; and

“(iii) does not include fees, penalties, or interest in an amount greater than the amount of fees, penalties, or interest--

“(I) scheduled to be paid under the executory contract described in clause (i)(I); or

“(II) that the debtor would owe if the debtor had made every payment due under the executory contract described in clause (i)(I) on time and in full before March 13, 2020.

“(2) The trustee may not avoid a transfer under this section for--

“(A) a covered payment of rental arrearages; or

“(B) a covered payment of supplier arrearages.”.

(2) Sunset.--

(A) In general.--Effective on the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, section 547 of title 11, USC, is amended--

(i) in subsection (b), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “, (i), and (j)” and inserting “and (i)”; and

(ii) by striking subsection (j).

(B) Cases filed before sunset.--Notwithstanding the amendments made by subparagraph (A), the amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply in any case commenced under title 11, USC, before the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

(h) Termination of Utility Services.--

(1) In general.--Section 366 of title 11, USC, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a utility may not alter, refuse, or discontinue service to a debtor who does not furnish adequate assurance of payment under this section if the debtor--

“(1) is an individual;

“(2) makes a payment to the utility for any debt owed to the utility for service provided during the 20-day period beginning on the date of the order for relief; and

“(3) after the date on which the 20-day period beginning on the date of the order for relief ends, makes a payment to the utility for services provided during the pendency of case when such a payment becomes due.”.

(2) Sunset.--Effective on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, section 366 of title 11, USC, is amended by striking subsection (d).

(i) Customs Duties.--

(1) In general.--Section 507(d) of title 11, United States Code, is amended--

(A) by striking “, (a)(8)”;

(B) by inserting “or subparagraphs (A) - (E) and (G) of subsection (a)(8)” after “(a)(9)”; and

(C) inserting “or subparagraph” after “such subsection”.

(2) Sunset.--Effective on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, section 507(d) of title 11, United States Code, is amended--

(A) by inserting “, (a)(8)” before “, or (a)(9)”;

(B) by striking “or subparagraphs (A) through (E) and (G) of subsection (a)(8)”;

(C) by striking “or subparagraph” after “such subsection”.