VBA BANKRUPTCY LAW SECTION

Bench-Bar Brown Bag Lunch Meeting with Hon. Colleen A. Brown, U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

Tuesday, September 18, 2012
United States Bankruptcy Court, US Post Office and Courthouse – Rutland

12:00 pm – 12:15 pm (approx.) Evidence Presentation System Orientation

In-person participation only

12:15 (approx) TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION

Participation by telephone welcome

1. Changes in the Chapter 13 Trustee's Office staff

Jan Sensenich

2. Status of Proposed Revised Local Rules Judge Brown

3. Brief overview of some of the Proposed Bankruptcy Rules and Forms that may have most impact on VTB local practice:

Judge Brown

Bankruptcy Rules 7004(e), 7008, 7012, 7016, and 9027 Bankruptcy Forms 3A, 3B, 6I, 6J, 22A-1, 22A-2, 22C-1, and 22C-2

These rules were issued for public comment on August 17, 2012 and the comment period ends on February 15, 2013.

The proposed amendments, Rules Committee reports explaining the proposed changes, and other information are posted on the Judiciary's website at http://www.uscourts.gov/RulesAndPolicies/rules/proposed-amendments.aspx.

Attachment: excerpts from Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules addressing the above-referenced rules and forms, and copies of those rules and forms

These Bench-Bar lunch meetings are coordinated by the Bankruptcy Court.

Have a question about this one?

Call Tom Hart at 802-776-2002 or e-mail him at thomas_hart@vtb.uscourts.gov

No fee and no pre-registration required.

Soft drinks and bottled water will be provided.

PRELIMINARY DRAFT OF

Proposed Amendments to the Federal Rules of Appellate, Bankruptcy, and Criminal Procedure, and the Federal Rules of Evidence

Request for Comment

Comments are sought on Amendments to:

Appellate Rule 6

Bankruptcy Rules 1014, 7004, 7008, 7012,

7016, 7054, 8001-8028, 9023, 9024, 9027, and 9033, and Official Forms 3A, 3B, 6I, 6J, 22A-1, 22A-2, 22B, 22C-1, and 22C-2

Criminal Rules 5 and 58

Evidence Rules 801 and 803

All Written Comments are Due by February 15, 2013



COMMITTEE ON RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

OF THE

JUDICIAL CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20544

MARK R. KRAVITZ CHAIR

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> REENA RAGGI CRIMINAL RULES

SIDNEY A. FITZWATER EVIDENCE RULES

MEMORANDUM

TO: Honorable Mark R. Kravitz, Chair

Standing Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure

FROM: Honorable Eugene R. Wedoff, Chair

Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

DATE: May 14, 2012

RE: Report of the Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

I. Introduction

The Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules met on March 29 and 30, 2012, in Phoenix, Arizona.

* * * * *

The Advisory Committee also took action at the spring meeting on proposed rule and form amendments that resulted from two long-term Committee projects: (1) revision of the bankruptcy appellate rules (Part VIII of the Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure) and (2) revision of all of the official bankruptcy forms (the Forms Modernization Project). The Committee requests publication for public comment of revised Part VIII and several modernized forms for use in individual-debtor bankruptcy cases.

Other matters considered by the Advisory Committee included suggestions for rule or form amendments that were submitted by members of the bench and bar, including rule amendments proposed in response to the Supreme Court's decision in *Stern v. Marshall*, 131 S.

Ct. 2594 (2011). The Committee voted to recommend several rule and form amendments in response to these suggestions.

Part II of this report discusses the action items, which are grouped into three categories:

- (a) matters published in August 2011 for which the Advisory Committee seeks approval for transmission to the Judicial Conference—amendments to Rules 1007(b), 5009(b), 9006, 9013, and 9014, and Official Form 7;
- (b) matters for which the Advisory Committee seeks approval for transmission to the Judicial Conference without publication—technical or conforming amendments to Rule 4004(c) and Official Forms 9A 9I, 10, and 21; and
- (c) matters for which the Advisory Committee seeks approval for publication in August 2012—amendments to Rules 1014, 7004, 7008, 7012, 7016, 8001-8028, 9023, 9024, 9027, and 9033, and Official Forms 3A, 3B, 6I, 6J, 22A-1, 22A-2, 22B, 22C-1, and 22C-2.

* * * * *

B. Items for Publication in August 2012

The Advisory Committee recommends that the proposed amendments that are summarized below be published for public comment. The texts of the amended rules and official forms are set out in Appendix B.

Action Item 7. Rule 1014(b) would be amended to clarify the proper course of action when bankruptcy petitions involving the same or related debtors are filed in different districts. The current rule provides that, upon a motion, the court in which the first-filed petition is pending may determine—in the interest of justice or for the convenience of the parties—the district or districts in which the cases will proceed. Courts in the other districts must stay proceedings in later-filed cases until the first court makes its determination, unless that court orders otherwise. By default, the later cases are therefore stayed while the venue question is pending before the first court.

The Advisory Committee voted to seek publication of an amendment to Rule 1014(b) that alters this default requirement. The amendment provides that proceedings in subsequently filed cases are stayed only upon order of the court in which the first-filed petition is pending. This change is intended to prevent disruption of the other cases unless there is a judicial determination that a stay of a related case is needed while the first court makes its venue determination. The amendment will also clarify who should receive notice of the hearing on the venue motion by incorporating by reference the entities entitled to notice under Rule 2002(a). In addition, stylistic changes have been made to the rule.

Action Item 8. Rule 7004(e) would be amended to change the time in which a summons remains valid after it is issued. The amendment reduces that period from fourteen days to seven days. This change is intended to ensure that a defendant has sufficient time to respond to a

complaint in bankruptcy litigation. The Civil Rules and Bankruptcy Rules use different methods to calculate a defendant's time to respond to a complaint. Under the Civil Rules, the defendant's time to respond begins when the summons and complaint are served. The Bankruptcy Rules, however, calculate the defendant's response time from the date the summons is issued. Although Rule 7012(a) of the Bankruptcy Rules gives a defendant (other than a United States officer or agency) thirty days to answer a complaint, a lengthy delay between issuance and service of the summons may unduly shorten the defendant's time to respond in a bankruptcy proceeding.

Concluding that a seven-day window of time is sufficient for service of the summons, the Advisory Committee voted unanimously to seek publication of an amendment to shorten the period of time in which a summons remains valid. The amendment is intended to encourage prompt service after issuance of a summons.

Action Item 9. Rules 7008, 7012, 7016, 9027, and 9033 would be amended to respond to the Supreme Court's recent decision in *Stern v. Marshall*, 131 S. Ct. 2594 (2011). In *Stern*, the Court held that a non-Article III bankruptcy judge could not enter final judgment on a debtor's common law counterclaim brought against a creditor of the bankruptcy estate. Although the Judicial Code, 28 U.S.C. § 157(b), deemed the counterclaim a "core" proceeding that a bankruptcy judge could hear and determine, the Court found Congress's assignment of final adjudicatory authority to the bankruptcy judge in the proceeding to be unconstitutional.

The Bankruptcy Rules follow the Judicial Code's division between core and non-core proceedings. The current rules contemplate that a bankruptcy judge's adjudicatory authority is more limited in non-core proceedings than in core proceedings. For example, parties are required to state whether they do or do not consent to final adjudication by the bankruptcy judge in non-core proceedings. There is no comparable requirement for core proceedings. *Stern* has introduced the possibility, however, that a proceeding defined as core under the Judicial Code may nevertheless lie beyond the constitutional power of a bankruptcy judge to adjudicate finally. Accordingly, a proceeding could be "core" as a statutory matter but "non-core" as a constitutional matter.

The Advisory Committee voted unanimously to seek publication of amendments to the Bankruptcy Rules that address this concern. The proposed amendments will alter the Bankruptcy Rules in three respects. First, the terms core and non-core will be removed from Rules 7008, 7012, 9027, and 9033 to avoid possible confusion in light of *Stern*. Second, parties in all bankruptcy proceedings (including removed actions) will be required to state whether they do or do not consent to entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy judge. Third, Rule 7016, which governs pretrial procedures, will be amended to direct bankruptcy courts to decide the proper treatment of proceedings.

These amendments are not intended to take a position on the question whether party consent is sufficient to permit a bankruptcy judge to enter final judgment in a proceeding that would otherwise lie beyond the judge's adjudicatory authority. Instead, the proposed changes to the Bankruptcy Rules are designed to frame the question of adjudicatory authority and allow the bankruptcy judge to determine the appropriate course of action. The court must decide whether to hear and finally adjudicate the proceeding, whether to hear it and issue proposed findings and conclusions, or whether to take some other action.

Action Items 12-14. Initial revised forms for individual debtors.

The nine forms proposed for publication in these action items are the initial products of the Forms Modernization Project or FMP, a multi-year endeavor of the Advisory Committee, working in conjunction with the Federal Judicial Center and the Administrative Office. The dual goals of the FMP are to improve the official bankruptcy forms and to improve the interface between the forms and available technology. The judiciary is in the process of developing "the next generation" of CM/ECF (NextGen), and the modernized forms are being designed to use enhanced technology that will become available through NextGen. From a forms perspective, the major change in NextGen will be the ability to store all information on forms as data so that authorized users can produce customized reports containing the information they want from the forms, displayed in whatever format they choose.

The FMP made a preliminary decision that the debtor forms for individuals and entities other than individuals should be separated. There is a greater need for the forms submitted by individuals to be less technical, because individuals are generally less sophisticated than other entities and because individuals may not have the assistance of counsel. Accordingly, the forms for individual debtors are designed to use language more common in ordinary conversation, to employ more intuitive layouts, and to include both clearer instructions, examples within the forms, and more extensive separate instruction sheets.

This approach in form drafting was followed in the new forms adopted in connection with proofs of claim for certain mortgages in chapter 13 cases—Official Forms 10 (Attachment A), 10 (Supplement 1), and 10 (Supplement 2)—that went into effect on December 1, 2011. The format of these new forms has generally been well accepted.

The nine forms now being submitted for publication are among those that an individual debtor would file at the outset of a case.

Before adoption by the Advisory Committee, drafts of all of the individual debtor forms were circulated to organizations representing a range of users and to other reviewers. A concern expressed by some of the user groups was that the new format resulted in forms of greater length, creating additional difficulty in locating the information needed by the users. This problem would be addressed by allowing extraction of data from the forms, which could be reported in formats tailored to the users' needs, but the availability of such access depends in part on the timing of the development of NextGen, which is not certain.

Accordingly, the Advisory Committee has suggested an incremental approach. The nine forms now being proposed for publication—the fee waiver and installment fee forms, the income and expense forms, and the means test forms—reflect the FMP approach to form-drafting without imposing major changes in utility. These particular forms make no change in the substantive content and simply replace existing forms. They are not significantly longer than the forms they replace, they all involve the debtors' income and expenses, and they are employed by a range of users: the courts, U.S. Trustees, and case trustees, for varied purposes. Their publication and, if adopted, their use, will provide a useful gauge of the effectiveness of the FMP approach.

The text of the nine new forms is set out in Appendix B.3 to this report. The separate instructions for the forms are also included, even though the Advisory Committee does not anticipate requesting that the instructions be approved as Official Forms, and debtors are instructed not to file the instructions with the forms. The inclusion of the instructions with the published forms is to illustrate the manner in which the new forms will be presented to debtors. Setting out detailed instructions on a separate document will reduce the need for lengthy instructions in the forms themselves.

Action Item 12. Official Forms 3A and 3B

These forms both deal with payment of the filing fee for an individual's bankruptcy case, and replace current Official Forms 3A and 3B. Form 3A is the application for paying the filing fee installments; Form 3B is the application for waiver of the filing fee in a chapter 7 case. Because these forms are most frequently completed by unrepresented debtors, the Advisory Committee concluded that the additional clarity of the FMP approach may be of particular value here. The only changes in Form 3A are stylistic, consistent with the overall approach of the project.

Official Form 3B also includes three technical changes. First, Line 1 of the form asks the size of the debtor's family. Because the debtor's dependents are now proposed to be listed in revised Official Form 6J, rather than in Official Form 6I, as done presently, the reference to the number of dependents changed from Schedule I to Schedule J. Second, consistent with the Judicial Conference Interim Procedures For Waiver of Chapter 7 Fees, proposed Official Form 3B specifies that non-cash governmental assistance (such as food stamps or housing subsidies) should not be included in stating the debtor's income level for purposes of determining eligibility for a fee waiver, although it continues to be reported for purposes of determining the debtor's ability to pay the filing fee. Third, the declaration and signature section for a non-attorney

bankruptcy petition preparer (BPP) has been removed as unnecessary. The same declaration, required under 11 U.S.C. § 110, is contained in Official Form 19. That form must be completed and signed by the BPP, and filed with each document for filing prepared by a BPP.

Action Item 13. Official Forms 6I and 6J

Official Forms 6I and 6J—usually referred to as Schedules I and J—set out the income and expenses of an individual debtor. In addition to the stylistic changes made as part of the Forms Modernization Project, the revised versions of the forms contain several changes intended to provide more accurate and useful information.

The revised forms address the situation of a debtor who lives with and pools assets with other people who are not related by blood or marriage to debtor. Schedule I now includes as income any contributions made by someone else to the expenses listed on Schedule J, and the debtor is instructed to include contributions from an unmarried partner, members of the debtor's household, dependents, roommates, and other friends or relatives.

Revised Schedule J now requests separate information on dependents who live with the debtor, dependents who live separately, and other members of the household.

In chapter 13 cases, revised Schedule J asks for expenses at two different points in time—the date the debtor files bankruptcy (Column A) and the date a proposed 13 plan is confirmed (Column B). This allows Schedule J to state what the debtor's expenses will be as a result of the confirmed plan, thus facilitating a determination of the plan's feasibility.

A new line 23 is added to Schedule J, setting out a calculation of the debtor's monthly net income.

Action Item 14. Official Forms 22A-1, 22A-2, 22B, 22C-1, 22C-2

These forms are used in determining a debtor's current monthly income under 11 U.S.C. § 110(10A), and—in chapter 7 and 13 cases—in determining income remaining after deduction of expenses specified in statutes governing those chapters. The forms for chapter 7 and 13 cases are generally referred to as the "means test" forms. In Official Form 22B, the statement of current monthly income in chapter 11 cases filed by individuals, the only changes are stylistic, conforming to the overall approach of the Forms Modernization Project. For chapters 7 and 13, however, the means test forms have been revised in several additional ways.

First, and most significantly, the means test forms have been divided into two separate forms: one for income (Official Form 22A-1 in chapter 7, Official Form 22C-1 in chapter 13), and the other for expenses (Official Form 22A-2 in chapter 7, Official Form 22C-2 in chapter 13). Because expense information is only required of debtors whose currently monthly income exceeds the applicable state median income, most debtors will not have to complete the expense forms, thereby reducing the volume of the filed forms.

Second, in both the chapter 7 and chapter 13 forms, the deduction for cell phone and internet expenses is modified to reflect more accurately the IRS allowances incorporated by the

Bankruptcy Code. Under the applicable IRS "other necessary expense" standard, cell phone and other optional telecommunication services expenses are deductible not only if necessary for the health and welfare of the debtor and the debtor's dependents, as stated in the current forms, but also if necessary for the production of income if not reimbursed by the debtor's employer or deducted by the debtor in calculating net self-employment income. Revised Official Form 22A-2 (in line 23) and Official Form 22C-2 (in line 19) make this correction. On the other hand, unlike their counterparts in the current forms, these lines do not permit deduction of basic home internet expenses, because under IRS guidelines adopted in 2011, these expenses are included in the Local Standards for housing and utilities.

Third, line 60 of current Official Form 22C has not been repeated in Official Form 22C-2. Line 60 allows debtors to list, but not deduct from income, "Other Necessary Expense" items that are not included within the categories specified by the Internal Revenue Service. Because debtors are separately allowed to list—and deduct—any expenses arising from special circumstances, former Line 60 was rarely used.

Finally, Form 22C-2 also reflects the Supreme Court's decision in *Hamilton v. Lanning*, 130 S. Ct. 2464 (2010). Adopting a forward-looking approach, the Court stated in *Lanning* that the calculation of a chapter 13 debtor's projected disposable income under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b) requires consideration of changes to income or expenses that, at the time of plan confirmation, have occurred or are virtually certain to occur. Such changes could result in either an increased or decreased projected disposable income. Because only debtors whose annualized current monthly income exceeds the applicable median family income have their projected disposable income determined by the information provided on Official Form 22C-2, only these debtors are required to provide the information about changes to income and expenses on Official Form 22C-2. Part 3 of Official Form 22C-2 provides for the reporting of those changes.

* * * * *

Rule 7004. Process; Service of Summons, Complaint

* * * * * 1 2 (e) SUMMONS: TIME LIMIT FOR SERVICE WITHIN 3 THE UNITED STATES. Service made under Rule 4(e), (g), 4 (h)(1), (i), or (j)(2) F.R. Civ. P. shall be by delivery of the 5 summons and complaint within 14 7 days after the summons is 6 issued. If service is by any authorized form of mail, the summons 7 and complaint shall be deposited in the mail within 14 7 days after 8 the summons is issued. If a summons is not timely delivered or 9 mailed, another summons shall be issued and served. This 10 subdivision does not apply to service in a foreign country. 11 * * * * *

COMMITTEE NOTE

Subdivision (e) is amended to alter the period of time during which service of the summons and complaint must be made. The amendment reduces that period from fourteen days to seven days after issuance of the summons. Because Rule 7012 provides that the defendant's time to answer the complaint is calculated from the date the summons is issued, a lengthy delay between issuance and service of the summons may unduly shorten the defendant's time to respond. The amendment is therefore intended to encourage prompt service after issuance of a summons.

Rule 7008. General Rules of Pleading

1	(a) APPLICABILITY OF RULE 8 F.R.CIV.P. Rule 8
2	F.R.Civ.P. applies in adversary proceedings. The allegation of
3	jurisdiction required by Rule 8(a) shall also contain a reference to
4	the name, number, and chapter of the case under the Code to which
5	the adversary proceeding relates and to the district and division
6	where the case under the Code is pending. In an adversary
7	proceeding before a bankruptcy judge court, the complaint,
8	counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party complaint shall contain a
9	statement that the proceeding is core or noncore and, if non-core
10	that the pleader does or does not consent to entry of final orders or
11	judgment by the bankruptcy judge court.
12	(b) ATTORNEY'S FEES. A request for an award of
13	attorney's fees shall be pleaded as a claim in a complaint, cross-
14	claim, third-party complaint, answer, or reply as may be
15	appropriate.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Former subdivision (a) is amended to remove the requirement that the pleader state whether the proceeding is core or non-core and to require in all proceedings that the pleader state whether the party does or does not consent to the entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy court. Some proceedings that satisfy the statutory definition of core proceedings, 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2), may remain beyond the constitutional power of a bankruptcy judge to adjudicate finally. The amended rule calls for the pleader to make a statement regarding consent, whether or not a proceeding is termed non-core. Rule 7012(b) has been amended to require a similar

statement in a responsive pleading. The bankruptcy judge will then determine the appropriate course of proceedings under Rule 7016.

The rule is also amended to delete subdivision (b), which required a request for attorney's fees always to be pleaded as a claim in an allowed pleading. That requirement, which differed from the practice under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, had the potential to serve as a trap for the unwary.

The procedures for seeking an award of attorney's fees are now set out in Rule 7054(b)(2), which makes applicable most of the provisions of Rule 54(d)(2) F.R. Civ. P. As specified by Rule 54(d)(2)(A) and (B) F.R. Civ. P., a claim for attorney's fees must be made by a motion filed no later than 14 days after entry of the judgment unless the governing substantive law requires those fees to be proved at trial as an element of damages. When fees are an element of damages, such as when the terms of a contract provide for the recovery of fees incurred prior to the instant adversary proceeding, the general pleading requirements of this rule still apply.

Rule 7012. Defenses and Objections—When and How Presented— By Pleading or Motion—Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings

1 * * * * * 2 (b) APPLICABILITY OF RULE 12(b)-(I) F.R. CIV. P. 3 Rule 12(b)-(i) F.R. Civ. P. applies in adversary proceedings. A 4 responsive pleading shall admit or deny an allegation that the 5 proceeding is core or non-core. If the response is that the 6 proceeding is non-core it shall include a statement that the party 7 does or does not consent to entry of final orders or judgment by the 8 bankruptcy judge court. In non-core proceedings, final orders and 9 judgments shall not be entered on the bankruptcy judge's order 10 except with the express consent of the parties.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Subdivision (b) is amended to remove the requirement that the pleader state whether the proceeding is core or non-core and to require in all proceedings that the pleader state whether the party does or does not consent to the entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy court. The amended rule also removes the provision requiring express consent before the entry of final orders and judgments in non-core proceedings. Some proceedings that satisfy the statutory definition of core proceedings, 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2), may remain beyond the constitutional power of a bankruptcy judge to adjudicate finally. The amended rule calls for the pleader to make a statement regarding consent, whether or not a proceeding is termed non-core. This amendment complements the requirements of amended Rule 7008(a). The bankruptcy judge's subsequent determination of the appropriate course of proceedings, including whether to enter final orders and judgments or to issue proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, is a pretrial matter now provided for in amended Rule 7016.

Rule 7016. Pre-Ttrial Procedures; Formulating Issues

1	(a) PRETRIAL CONFERENCES; SCHEDULING;
2	MANAGEMENT. Rule 16 F.R.Civ.P. applies in adversary
3	proceedings.
4	(b) DETERMINING PROCEDURE. The bankruptcy
5	court shall decide, on its own motion or a party's timely motion,
6	whether:
7	(1) to hear and determine the proceeding:
8	(2) to hear the proceeding and issue proposed
9	findings of fact and conclusions of law; or
10	(3) to take some other action.

COMMITTEE NOTE

This rule is amended to create a new subdivision (b) that provides for the bankruptcy court to enter final orders and judgment, issue proposed findings and conclusions, or take some other action in a proceeding. The rule leaves the decision as to the appropriate course of proceedings to the bankruptcy court. The court's decision will be informed by the extent of the district court's order of reference to the bankruptcy court and by the parties' statements, required under Rules 7008(a), 7012(b), and 9027(a) and (e), regarding consent to the entry of final orders and judgment. If the bankruptcy court chooses to issue proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, Rule 9033 applies.

Rule 9027. Removal

(a)	NOTICE OF REMOVAL	١.
(u)	TIGHT OF REMISSION	┙.

(1) Where filed; form and content. A notice of removal shall be filed with the clerk for the district and division within which is located the state or federal court where the civil action is pending. The notice shall be signed pursuant to Rule 9011 and contain a short and plain statement of the facts which entitle the party filing the notice to remove, contain a statement that upon removal of the claim or cause of action the proceeding is core or non-core and, if non-core, that the party filing the notice does or does not consent to entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy judge court, and be accompanied by a copy of all process and pleadings.

14 *****

(e) PROCEDURE AFTER REMOVAL.

(3) Any party who has filed a pleading in connection with the removed claim or cause of action, other than the party filing the notice of removal, shall file a statement admitting or denying any allegation in the notice of removal that upon removal of the claim or cause of

22 action the proceeding is core or non-core. If the statement 23 alleges that the proceeding is non-core, it shall state that the 24 party does or does not consent to entry of final orders or 25 judgment by the bankruptcy judge court. A statement 26 required by this paragraph shall be signed pursuant to Rule 9011 and shall be filed not later than 14 days after the filing 27 28 of the notice of removal. Any party who files a statement 29 pursuant to this paragraph shall mail a copy to every other 30 party to the removed claim or cause of action.

31 ****

COMMITTEE NOTE

Subdivisions (a)(1) and (e)(3) are amended to delete the requirement for a statement that the proceeding is core or non-core and to require in all removed actions a statement that the party does or does not consent to the entry of final orders or judgment by the bankruptcy court. Some proceedings that satisfy the statutory definition of core proceedings, 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2), may remain beyond the constitutional power of a bankruptcy judge to adjudicate finally. The amended rule calls for a statement regarding consent at the time of removal, whether or not a proceeding is termed non-core.

The party filing the notice of removal must include a statement regarding consent in the notice, and the other parties who have filed pleadings must respond in a separate statement filed within 14 days after removal. If a party to the removed claim or cause of action has not filed a pleading prior to removal, however, there is no need to file a separate statement under subdivision (e)(3), because a statement regarding consent must be included in a responsive pleading filed pursuant to Rule 7012(b). Rule 7016 governs the bankruptcy court's decision whether to hear and determine the proceeding, issue proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, or take some other action in the proceeding.

Fill in this information to identify your case:			
Debtor 1			
First Name Middle Name Debtor 2	Last Name		
(Spouse, if filing) First Name Middle Name	Last Name		
United States Bankruptcy Court for the:	District of(State)		
Case number(If known)			
			☐ Check if this is an amended filing
Official Form 3A			
Application for Individua	als to Pay the	Filing Fee in Inst	tallments 12/13
Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two information. Part 1: Specify Your Proposed Payment 1		gether, both are equally responsi	ble for supplying correct
rait 1. Specify four Proposed Payment	Timetable		
Which chapter of the Bankruptcy Code are you choosing to file under?	☐ Chapter 7		
are you choosing to me under:	Chapter 11	·	
	☐ Chapter 12		
	☐ Chapter 13	Fee: \$281	
2. You may apply to pay the filing fee in up to	You propose to pay		
four installments. Fill in the amounts you propose to pay and the dates you plan to		Medical Constant and Constant	
pay them. Be sure all dates are business days. Then add the payments you propose	\$	☐ With the filing of the petition☐ On or before this date	
to pay.			MM / DD / YYYY
You must propose to pay the entire fee no later than 120 days after you first file for bankruptcy. If	\$	On or before this date	
necessary, you may ask the court to extend the deadline to 180 days after you file. In that case,		J	MM / DD / YYYY
you must explain why you need the extension. If the court approves your application, the court	\$	On or before this date	AMA / DD /VVVV
will set your final payment timetable.		'	MM / DD / YYYY
	+ \$	On or before this date	MM / DD / YYYY
Total	\$	■ Your total must equal the entire	fee for the chapter you checked in line 1.
Part 2: Sign Here			
By signing here, you state that you are unable understand that:	e to pay the full filing fee at o	once, that you want to pay the fee	in installments, and that you
You must pay your entire filing fee before yo preparer, or anyone else in connection with		or transfer any more property to an a	attorney, bankruptcy petition
You must pay the entire fee no later than 12 Your debts will not be discharged until your		ankruptcy, unless the court extends	your deadline to 180 days.
If you do not make any payment when it is d may be affected.	due, your bankruptcy case may	be dismissed, and your rights in o	ther bankruptcy proceedings

Your attorney's name and signature, if you used one

MM / DD / YYYY

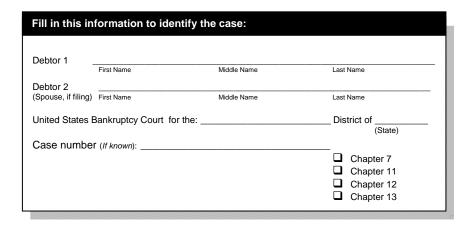
Signature of Debtor 2

MM / DD / YYYY

Date

Signature of Debtor 1

MM / DD / YYYY



Order Approving Payment of Filing Fee in Installments

After considering the *Application for Individuals to Pay the Filing Fee in Installments* (Official Form 3A), the court orders that:

- [] The debtor(s) may pay the filing fee in installments on the terms proposed in the application.
- [] The debtor(s) must pay the filing fee according to the following terms:

		You must pay	On or before this date
		\$	Month / day / year
		\$	Month / day / year
		\$	Month / day / year
	+	\$	Month / day / year
Total			

Until the filing fee is paid in full, the debtor(s) must not make any additional payment or transfer any additional property to an attorney or to anyone else for services in connection with this case.

	By the court:	
Month / day / year	•	United States Bankruptcy Judge

Official Form 3A

Instructions for the Application for Individuals to Pay the Filing Fee in Installments

United States Bankruptcy Court 12/01/13

How to Fill Out the Application

If you cannot afford to pay the full filing fee when you first file for bankruptcy, you may pay the fee in installments. However, in most cases, you must pay the entire fee within 120 days after you file, and the court must approve your payment timetable. Your debts will not be discharged until you pay your entire fee.

Do not file this form if you can afford to pay your full fee when you file.

If you are filing under chapter 7 and cannot afford to pay the full filing fee at all, you may be qualified to ask the court to waive your filing fee. See *Application to Have Your Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived* (Official Form 3B).

If a bankruptcy petition preparer helped you complete this form, make sure that person fills out the *Declaration and Signature of Non-Attorney Bankruptcy Petition Preparer* (Official Form 19); include a copy of it in this package.

Things to remember when filling out this form

- Be as complete and accurate as possible.
- If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).
- If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information.

Do not file these instructions with your bankruptcy filing package. Keep them for your records.

COMMITTEE NOTE

This form, which applies only in cases of individual debtors, has been revised as part of the Forms Modernization Project, making the form easier to read and, as a result, likely to generate more complete and accurate responses. Also, the declaration and signature section for a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer (BPP) has been removed as unnecessary. The same declaration, required under 11 U.S.C. § 110, is contained in Official Form 19. That form must be completed and signed by the BPP, and filed with each document for filing prepared by a BPP.

Fill in this information to identify your case:					
Debtor 1	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
United States E	Bankruptcy Court fo	District of (State)			
Case number (If known)					

☐ Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 3B

Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived

12/13

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

F	Part 1: Tell the Court About Your	Family and Your Family	y's Income		
1.	What is the size of your family? Your family includes you, your spouse, and any dependents listed on Schedule J: Current Expenditures of Individual Debtor(s) (Official Form 6J).	Number of people	Check all that apply. You Your spouse Your dependents How	many dependents?	
2.	Fill in your family's average monthly income. Include your spouse's income if your spouse is living with you, even if your spouse is not filing. Do not include your spouse's income if you are separated and your spouse is not filing with you. Do not include non-cash governmental assistance such as food stamps or housing subsidies.	Person in your family You Your spouse Total	That person's average monthly net income (take-home pay) \$	Add your income and you line 10 of <i>Schedule I: You</i> already filled it out. Your family's average	·
3.	Do you receive any non-cash governmental assistance not included in your answer on line 2?	□ No □ Yes. Explain	Type of assistance		Monthly dollar value
4.	Do you expect your family's average monthly net income to increase or decrease by more than 10% during the next 6 months?	☐ No ☐ Yes. Explain			
5.	Tell the court why you are unable to installments within 120 days.	pay the filing fee in			

Debtor 1				Case number (if known)
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	
Part 2: 1	Tell the Co	urt About Your	Monthly Expenses	

P	art 2: Tell the Court About Your	Monthly Expenses			
6.	Estimate your average monthly expenses.	\$	You may use Schedule J: Your E you have already filled out Sched		ur estimation. If
7.	Do these expenses cover anyone who is not included in your family as reported in line 1?	☐ No☐ Yes. Identify who			
8.	Does anyone other than you regularly pay any of these expenses?	☐ No☐ Yes. Identify who			
			his person regularly pay? \$	monthly	· · ·
		List any contribution	ons to expenses you have or will lis	t in line 11 of Schedule I:	Your Income.
9.	Do you expect your average monthly expenses to increase or decrease by more than 10% during the next 6 months?	☐ No ☐ Yes. Explain			
D:	art 3: Tell the Court About Your I	Property			
If	you have already filled out <i>Schedule</i> opies to this application and go to Pa	e A: Real Property (Official I	Form 6A) and Schedule B: Person	nal Property (Official For	m 6B), attach
10	Examples: Money you have in your wallet, in your home, and on hand when you file this application	Cash: \$	<u>. </u>		
11.	Bank accounts and other deposits of money? Examples: Checking, savings, money market, or other financial accounts; certificates of deposit; shares in banks, credit unions,	Checking account: Savings account:	nstitution name:		Amount: \$\$
	brokerage houses, and other similar institutions. If you have more than one account with the same institution, list each. Do not include 401(k) and IRA accounts.	Other financial accounts: _ Other financial accounts: _			\$
12	. Your home? (if you own it outright or are purchasing it)	Number Street		Current value:	\$
	Examples: House, condominium, manufactured home, or mobile home	City	State ZIP Code	Amount you owe on mortgage and liens:	\$
13	. Other real estate?	Number Street		Current value: Amount you owe on	\$
		City	State ZIP Code	mortgage and liens:	\$
14	. The vehicles you own?	Make:		Current value:	\$
	Examples: Cars, vans, trucks, sports utility vehicles, motorcycles, tractors, boats	Model: Year: Mileage		Amount you owe on liens:	\$
		Make:		Current value	œ.
		Model: Year: Mileage		Current value: Amount you owe on liens:	\$ \$

Debtor 1	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	Case	e nu	mber (if known)			
	T HOL HAINO	- Initiality in the second sec	<u> </u>						
15. Other a	ssets?		Describe the other assets:			Current	value:		\$
Do not include household items and clothing.							you owe on lie	ene.	\$
						Amount	you owe on in	0110.	Φ
40 Manau		J	NATIon and the second s				Da b	-1:	a construction to the second
16. Money	or property o	aue you?	Who owes you the money or pr	operty? Ho	ow i	much is owed			ent in the next 3 or
	es: Tax refund			•			4 months		
	sum alimony, child support						No		
	ance, divorce						Yes. E	Explai	in:
	ents, Social S , Workers' co							•	
	l injury recove								
Part 4: A	inswer The	se Additional	Questions						
17. Have y	ou paid anyo	one for ise, including	☐ No						
	out this appl		☐ Yes. Whom did you pay?					How	much did you pay?
bankrı	uptcy filing p	ackage, or the	An attorney					_	
sched	ules?		☐ A bankruptcy petitio	n preparer, paralega	al, o	or typing service)	\$	
			☐ Someone else						
		I to pay or do someone for	□ No						
	es for your b		☐ Yes. Whom do you expect to pay?				How	much do you	
case?			An attorney					expe	ect to pay?
			☐ A bankruptcy petitio	n preparer, paralega	al, o	or typing service)		
			☐ Someone else					\$	
19. Has an	yone paid so	omeone on	□ No						
	ehalf for ser	vices for this	Yes. Who was paid on your	behalf? W	/ho	paid?		How	much did
case?						-			eone else pay?
			☐ An attorney	_		Parent Brother or sister			
			A bankruptcy petitio paralegal, or typing	ii piepaiei, _		riend		\$	
				Г		Pastor or clergy			
			☐ Someone else			Someone else _			
			_						
	ou, your spo filed for ban	ouse, or both	□ No						
	the last 8 ye		Yes. District	Wh		MM/DD/YYYY	Case number		
						W.W., 25, 1111			
			District	Wh		MM/DD/YYYY	Case number	r	
						IVIIVI/DD/1111			
			District	Wh	nen		Case number	r	
						MM/DD/YYYY			
Part 5: S	ign Here								
	.g								
Ry signir	na here unde	r nenalty of ne	rjury, I declare that I cannot afford	I to nay the filing fe	2 0 0	aither in full or	in installma	nte	l also declare
	_		s application is true and correct.	i to pay the illing it		sittler in full of	III IIIStalliile	ziita.	i also declare
and the h		provided in thi	o application to true and confect.						
×			×						
	ure of Debtor	1	Signature of Debtor 2			_			
- 3			- J						
Date	M / DD / YY	YY	Date MM / DD / YY						
iVII	וו / טט / וו	1.1	IVIIVI / UU / TT	• •					

Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived

Official Form 3B

Fill in this information to identify the case:						
Debtor 1	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name			
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name			
United States E	Bankruptcy Court fo	District of				
Case number (If known)						

Order on the Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived

After considering the debtor's *Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived* (Official Form 3B), the court orders that the application is:

- [] **Granted.** However, the court may order the debtor to pay the fee in the future if developments in administering the bankruptcy case show that the waiver was unwarranted.
- [] Denied. The debtor must pay the \$306 filing fee according to the following terms:

	You must pay	On or before this date		
	\$	Month / day / year		
	\$	Month / day / year		
	\$	Month / day / year		
+	\$	Month / day / year		
Total	\$ 306.00			

If the debtor would like to propose a different payment timetable, the debtor must file a motion promptly with a payment proposal. The debtor may use *Application for Individuals to Pay the Filing Fee in Installments* (Official Form 3A) for this purpose. The court will consider it.

The debtor must pay the entire filing fee before making any more payments or transferring any more property to an attorney, bankruptcy petition preparer, or anyone else in connection with the bankruptcy case. The debtor must also pay the entire filing fee to receive a discharge. If the debtor does not make any payment when it is due, the bankruptcy case may be dismissed and the debtor's rights in future bankruptcy cases may be affected.

	l S	Scl	hed	lul	led	f	or I	h	ear	ii	าด	ı

A hearing to consider the debtor's application will be held							
on	at	:	AM/PM at				
Month / day / year				Address of courthouse			
If the debtor does n	ot appe	ear at th	nis hearing, th	e court may deny the application.			
			By the cour	t:			
Month / day / year				United States Bankruptcy Judge			

Official Form 3B

Instructions for the Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived

United States Bankruptcy Court 12/01/2013

How to Fill Out the Application

The fee for filing a bankruptcy case under Chapter 7 is \$306. If you cannot afford to pay the entire fee now in full or in installments within 120 days, use this form. If you can afford to pay your filing fee in installments, see *Application for Individuals to Pay the Filing Fee in Installments* (Official Form 3A).

If you file this form, you are asking the court to waive your fee. After reviewing your application, the court may waive your fee, set a hearing for further investigation, or require you to pay the fee in installments or in full.

For your fee to be waived, all of these statements must be true:

- You are filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 7.
- You are an individual.
- The total combined monthly income for your family is less than 150% of the official poverty guideline last published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). (For more information about the guidelines, go to http://www.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts/Bankruptcy/Bankruptcy/Bankruptcy/Resources/PovertyGuidelines.aspx.)
- You cannot afford to pay the fee in installments.

Your family includes you, your spouse, and any dependents listed on *Schedule J*. Your family may be different from your *household*, referenced on *Schedules I* and *J*. Your household may include your unmarried partner and others who live with you and with whom you share income and expenses.

If a bankruptcy petition preparer helped you complete this

form, make sure that person fills out *Declaration and Signature of Non-Attorney Bankruptcy Petition Preparer* (Official Form 19); include a copy of it in this package.

If you have already completed the following forms, the information on them may help you when you fill out this application:

- Schedule A: Real Property (Official Form 6A)
- Schedule I: Your Income (Official Form 6I)
- Schedule J: Your Expenses (Official Form J)

Understand the terms used in this form

The Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived (Official Form 3B) uses you and Debtor 1 to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a joint case—and in joint cases, this form uses you to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if the form asks, "Do you own a car?" the answer would be yes if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses Debtor 1 and Debtor 2 to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as Debtor 1 and the other as Debtor 2. The same person must be Debtor 1 in all of the forms.

Things to remember when filling out this form

- Be as complete and accurate as possible.
- If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).
- If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information.

Do not file these instructions with your bankruptcy filing package. Keep them for your records.

COMMITTEE NOTE

This form, which applies only in cases of individual debtors, has been revised as part of the Forms Modernization Project, making the form easier to read and, as a result, likely to generate more complete and accurate responses. Additionally, in calculating the income that determines the debtor's initial eligibility for a fee waiver, line 2 of the form now directs the debtor to exclude non-cash governmental assistance, such as food stamps and housing subsidies. However, because non-cash governmental assistance may be relevant in evaluating the additional requirement that the debtor be unable to pay the filing fee, the nature and amount of any such assistance is to be reported separately on line 3. Also, the declaration and signature section for a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer (BPP) has been removed as unnecessary. The same declaration, required under 11 U.S.C. § 110, is contained in Official Form 19. That form must be completed and signed by the BPP, and filed with each document for filing prepared by a BPP.

Fill in this information to identify	your case:					
Debtor 1	Middle Name	Last Name		-		
Debtor 2						
(Spouse, if filing) First Name	Middle Name	Last Name				
United States Bankruptcy Court for the:		_ District of (State)				
Case number(If known)						
						Check if this is an
O#:-:-! F 0!						amended filing
Official Form 6I						
Schedule I: You	ır Income					12/13
Be as complete and accurate as poinformation. If more space is needd (if known). Answer every question.	ed, attach a separate shed					
Part 1: Describe Employment	t					
Fill in your employment information.		Debto	r 1		Debtor 2 or non-fi	ling spouse
If you have more than one job, attach a separate page with information about additional employers.	Employment status	Employ Not em	•	ed	Employed Not employed	
Include employment information about a non-filing spouse unless you are separated.	Occupation					
Include part-time, seasonal, or self-employed work.	Employer's name					
Occupation should Include student or homemaker, if it						
applies.	Employer's address	Number Street			Number Street	
		City	Stat	te ZIP Code	City	State ZIP Code
	How long employed the	re?				
Part 2: Give Details About Mo	onthly Income					
Estimate monthly income as of spouse unless you are separated If you or your non-filing spouse had below. If you need more space, a	ave more than one employe	er, combine the info	J		•	, ,
below. If you fleed filore space, a	naon a separate sneet to tr	iio IUIIII.		For Dahlar 4	For Dakter 2	
				For Debtor 1	For Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse	
List monthly gross wages, sal deductions). If not paid monthly,			2.	\$	\$	
3. Estimate and list monthly over	rtime pay, if any.		3.	+\$	+ \$	
4. Calculate gross income. Add li	ne 2 + line 3.		4.	\$	\$	

		For Debtor 1	For Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse	
Copy line 4 here	→ 4.	\$	\$	
5. List all payroll deductions:				
5a. Payroll taxes and social security payments	5a.	\$	\$	
5b. Contributions for retirement plans	5b.	\$	\$	
5c. Required repayments of retirement fund loans	5c.	\$	\$	
5d. Insurance	5d.	\$	\$	
5e. Union dues	5e.	\$	\$	
5f. Other deductions. Specify:	5f.	\$	\$	
5g. Other deductions. Specify:	5g.	\$	\$	
5h. Other deductions. Specify:	5h.	+\$	+ \$	
6. Add the payroll deductions . Add lines 5a + 5b + 5c + 5d + 5e +5f + 5g +5h.	6.	\$	\$	
7. Calculate total monthly take-home pay. Subtract line 6 from line 4.	7.	\$	\$	
8. List all other income regularly received:				
8a. Net income from rental property and from operating a business, profession, or farm				
Attach a statement for each property and business showing gross receipts, ordinary and necessary business expenses, and the total monthly net income.	8a.	\$	\$	
8b. Interest and dividends	8b.	\$	\$	
8c. Family support payments that you, a non-filing spouse, or a dependent regularly receive	ent			
Include alimony, spousal support, child support, maintenance, divorce settlement, and property settlement.	8c.	\$	\$	
8d. Unemployment compensation	8d.	\$	\$	
8e. Social Security	8e.	\$	\$	
8f. Other government assistance. Specify:	8f.	\$	\$	
8g. Pension or retirement income	8g.	\$	\$	
8h. Other monthly income. Specify:		_	.	
	8h.	+\$	+\$	
9. Add all other income . Add lines 8a + 8b + 8c + 8d + 8e + 8f +8g + 8h.	9.	\$	\$	
10. Calculate monthly income. Add line 7 + line 9.Add the entries in line 10 for Debtor 1 and Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse.	10.	\$	+ \$=	\$
11. List all contributions to the expenses that you list in Schedule J that any Include contributions from an unmarried partner, members of your household, other friends or relatives.			mmates, and	
Do not include any amounts already included in lines 2-10 or amounts that are	e not av	ailable to pay exper	nses listed in Schedule J.	
Specify:			11. 🕂	+ \$
12. Add the amount in last column of line 10 to the amount in line 11. The res Write that amount on the Summary of Schedules and the Statistical Summary				\$Combined
13. Do you expect an increase or decrease within the year after you file this	form?			monthly income
☐ No. ☐ Yes. Explain:				

Official Form 6I

Instructions for Schedule I: Your Income

United States Bankruptcy Court 12/01/13

How to fill out Schedule I

In *Schedule I: Your Income* (Official Form 6I), you will give the details about your employment and monthly income as of the date you file this form. If you are married and your spouse is living with you, include information about your spouse even if your spouse is not filing with you. If you are separated and your spouse is not filing with you, do not include information about your spouse.

How to report employment and income

If you have nothing to report for a line, write \$0.

In Part 1, line 1, fill in employment information for you and, if appropriate, for a non-filing spouse. If either person has more than one employer, attach a separate page with information about the additional employment.

In Part 2, give details about the monthly income you currently expect to receive. Show all totals as monthly payments, even if income is not received in monthly payments.

If your income is received in another time period, such as daily, weekly, quarterly, annually, or irregularly, calculate how much income would be by month, as described below.

If either you or a non-filing spouse has more than one employer, calculate the monthly amount for each employer separately, and then combine the income information for all employers for that person on lines 2-7.

One easy way to calculate how much income would be per month is to total the payments earned in a year, then divide by 12 to get a monthly figure. For example, if you are paid annually, you would simply divide your annual salary by 12 to get the monthly amount.

Below are other examples of how to calculate monthly amount.

Example for quarterly payments:

If you are paid \$15,000 every quarter, figure your monthly income in this way:

Example for bi-weekly payments:

If you are paid \$2,500 every other week, figure your monthly income in this way:

```
$2,500 income every other week

X 26 number of pay periods in the year

$65,000 total income for the year

$65,000 (income for year) = $5,417 monthly income 12 (number of months in year)
```

Example for weekly payment:

If you are paid \$1,000 every week, figure your monthly income in this way:

```
$1,000 income every week

X 52 number of pay periods in the year

$52,000 total income for the year

$52,000 (income for year) = $4,333 monthly income 12 (number of months in year)
```

Example for irregular payments:

If you are paid \$4,000 8 times a year, figure your monthly income in this way:

```
$4,000 income a payment

X 8 payments a year

$32,000 income for the year

$32,000 (income for year) = $2,667 monthly income 12 (number of months in year)
```

Example for daily payments:

\$75 income a day

If you are paid \$75 a day and you work about 8 days a month, figure your monthly income in this way:

or this way:

\$75 income a day

X 8 payments a month

\$600 income for the month

In Part 2, line 11, fill in amounts that other people provide to pay the expenses you list on *Schedule J: Your Expenses*. For example, if you and a person to whom you are not married deposit the income from both of your jobs into a single bank account and pay all household expenses and you list all your joint household expenses on *Schedule J*, you must list the amounts that person contributes monthly to pay the household expenses on line 11. If you have a roommate and you divide the rent and utilities, do not list the amounts your roommate pays on line 11 if you have listed only your share of those expenses on *Schedule J*. However, if you have listed

the cost of the rent and utilities for your entire house or apartment on *Schedule J*, you must list your roommate's contribution to those expenses on *Schedule I*, line 14. Do not list line 11 contributions that you already disclosed on line 5.

Note that the income you report on *Schedule I* may be different from the income you report on other bankruptcy forms. For example, the *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 22A-1), *Chapter 11 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 22B), and the *Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period* (Official Form 22C-1) all use a different definition of income and apply that definition to a different period of time. *Schedule I* asks about the income that you are now receiving, while the other forms ask about income you received in the applicable time period before filing. So the amount of income reported in any of those forms may be different from the amount reported here.

Understand the terms used in this form

This form uses *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, this form uses *you* to ask for information from both debtors. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Things to remember when filling out this form

- Be as complete and accurate as possible.
- If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).
- If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information.

Do not file these instructions with your bankruptcy filing package. Keep them for your records.

Fill in this information to identify your case:					
Debtor 1	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
United States E	Bankruptcy Court fo	District of (State)			
Case number(If known)					

☐ Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 6J

Schedule J: Your Expenses

12/13

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

P	Part 1: Describe Your House	hold			
1.	Do you have dependents who live with you?	□ No□ Yes. Fill out this information.	Each dependent who That person's relationshil to Debtor 1 or Debtor 2		That person's
	Do not list Debtor 1 and Debtor 2.		lives in the nousehold	to Deptor 1 or Deptor 2	age
	If you are filing jointly and live		Person 1		
	in separate households, list dependents who live in either household.		Person 2		
	nouserioid.		Person 3		
			Person 4		
			Person 5		
2.	Do you have dependents	□ No			
	who do not live with you? Do not list anyone listed in	Yes. Fill out this information:	Each dependent who does not live in the household	That person's relationship to Debtor 1 or Debtor 2	That person's age
	line 1.				
			Person 1		
			Person 2		
3.	Does anyone else live in your household?	☐ No			
	Do not list Debtor 1, Debtor 2, and any dependents listed on	Yes. Fill out this information	Each other person who lives in the household	That person's relationship to Debtor 1 or Debtor 2	
	lines 1 and 2.				
	If you are filing jointly and live in separate households, list		Person 1		
	everyone else who lives in either household.		Person 2		
			Person 3		

First Name Middle Name Last Name

	t 2. Estimate Tour Origonia Monthly Expenses			
			Column A For all individuals	Column B For Chapter 13 ONL
			Your expenses as of the date you file for bankruptcy	What your expenses will be if your curren plan is confirmed
4.	The rental or home ownership expenses for your residence. Include first mortgage payments and any rent for the ground or lot.	4.	\$	\$
	If not included in line 4:			
	4a. Real estate taxes	4a.	\$	\$
	4b. Property, homeowner's, or renter's insurance	4b.	\$	\$
	4c. Home maintenance, repair, and upkeep expenses	4c.	\$	\$
	4d. Homeowner's association or condominium dues	4d.	\$	\$
5.	Additional mortgage payments for your residence, such as home equity loans	5.	\$	\$
6.	Utilities:			
	6a. Electricity, heat, natural gas	6a.	\$	\$
	6b. Water, sewer, garbage collection	6b.	\$	\$
	6c. Telephone, cell phone, Internet, satellite, and cable services	6c.	\$	\$
	6d. Other. Specify:	6d.	\$	\$
7.	Food and housekeeping supplies	7.	\$	\$
8.	Childcare and children's education costs	8.	\$	\$
9.	Clothing, laundry, and dry cleaning	9.	\$	\$
10.	Personal care products and services	10.	\$	\$
11.	Medical and dental expenses	11.	\$	\$
12.	Transportation. Include gas, maintenance, bus or train fare. Do not include car payments.	12.	\$	\$
13.	Entertainment, clubs, recreation, newspapers, magazine, and books	13.	\$	\$
14.	Charitable contributions and religious donations	14.	\$	\$
15.	Insurance. Do not include insurance deducted from your pay or included in lines 4 or 20.			
	15a. Life insurance	15a.	\$	\$
	15b. Health insurance	15b.	\$	\$
	15c. Vehicle insurance	15c.	\$	\$
	15d. Other insurance. Specify:	15d.	\$	\$
16.	Taxes. Do not include taxes deducted from your pay or included in lines 4 or 20. Specify:	16.	\$	\$
17.	Installment or lease payments:			
	17a. Car payments for Vehicle 1	17a.	\$	\$
	17b. Car payments for Vehicle 2	17b.	\$	\$
	17c. Student loan payments	17c.	\$	\$
	17d. Other. Specify:	17d.	\$	\$
	17e Other Specify	17e	\$	\$

Debtor 1	LadNama	Cas	se number (if known)	
First Name Middle Name	Last Name			
		_	Column A For all individuals	Column B For Chapter 13 ONLY
			Your expenses as of the date you file for bankruptcy	What your expenses will be if your current plan is confirmed
8. Alimony, maintenance, and support th	nat you pay to others	18.	\$	\$
9. Other payments you make to support	others who do not live with you.		\$	\$
Specify:		19.		
Other real property expenses not inclu Schedule I: Your Income (Official Forn		n		
20a. Mortgages on other property		20a.	\$	\$
20b. Real estate taxes		20b.	\$	\$
20c. Property, homeowner's, or renter's	insurance	20c.	\$	\$
20d. Maintenance, repair, and upkeep ex	kpenses	20d.	\$	\$
20e. Homeowner's association or condo	minium dues	20e.	\$	\$
1. Other. Specify:		21.	+ \$	+ \$
Your monthly expenses. Add lines 4 th The result is your monthly expenses.	rough 21.	22.	\$	\$
3. Calculate your monthly net income.				
23a. Copy line 12 (your combined month	nly income) from Schedule I.	23a.	\$	\$
23b. Copy your monthly expenses from	line 22 above.	23b.	- \$	- \$
23c. Subtract your monthly expenses from The result is your <i>monthly net incor</i>		23c.	\$	\$
4. Do you expect an increase or decrease	in your expenses within the year af	ter you file th	nis form?	
For example, do you expect to finish paying				
mortgage payment to increase or decrease No.	se because of a modification to the term	ns of your mo	rtgage?	
Yes.				
Explain here:				

Official Form 6J

Instructions for Schedule J: Your Expenses

United States Bankruptcy Court 12/01/13

How to Fill Out Schedule J

Use Column A of *Schedule J: Your Expenses* (Official Form 6J) to estimate the monthly expenses, as of the date you file for bankruptcy, for you, your dependents, and the other people in your household whose income is included on *Schedule I: Your Income* (Official Form 6I).

If you are filing under chapter 13, you must also complete Column B. In Column B, itemize what your monthly expenses would be under the plan that you are submitting with this schedule or, if no plan is being submitted now, under the most recent plan you previously submitted.

Include your non-filing spouse's expenses unless you are separated. If one of you keeps a separate household, fill out separate *Schedule J* for Debtor 1 and Debtor 2 and write *Debtor 1* or *Debtor 2* at the top of page 1 of the form.

Do not include expenses that other members of your household pay directly from their income if you did not include that income on *Schedule I*. For example, if you have a roommate and you divide the rent and utilities and you have not listed your roommate's contribution to household expenses in line 11 of *Schedule I*, you would list only your share of these expenses on *Schedule J*.

Show all totals as monthly payments. If you have weekly, quarterly, or annual payments, calculate how much you would spend on those items every month.

Do not list as expenses any payments on credit card debts incurred before filing bankruptcy.

Do not include business expenses on this form. You have already accounted for those expenses as part of determining net business income on *Schedule I*.

On line 20, do not include expenses for your residence or for any rental or business property. You have already listed expenses for your residence on lines 4 and 5 of this form. You listed the expenses for your rental and business property as part of the process of determining your net income from that property on *Schedule I* (line 8a).

If you have nothing to report for a line, write \$0.

Understand the terms used in this form

This form uses *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, this form uses *you* to ask for information from both debtors. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Things to remember when filling out this form

- Be as complete and accurate as possible.
- If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).
- If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information.
- Do not list a minor child's full name. Instead, fill in only the child's initials and the full name and address of the child's parent or guardian. For example, write A.B., a minor child (*John Doe, parent, 123 Main St., City, State*). 11 U.S.C. § 112; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m) and 9037.

Do not file these instructions with your bankruptcy filing package. Keep them for your records.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Schedule I: Your Income (Official Form 6I) and Schedule J: Your Expenses (Official Form 6J), which apply only in cases of individual debtors, have been revised as part of the Forms Modernization Project, making the forms easier to read and, as a result, likely to generate more complete and accurate responses.

Revised Schedules I and J seek to obtain a full picture of debtor's economic situation—to the extent that debtor receives income or has expenses. The revised forms are intended to avoid the situation that frequently happens with the current forms where debtor lives with and pools assets with other people and the household provides support to dependents who may not be related by blood or marriage to debtor.

The amendments seek to avoid the situation where the expenses listed on Schedule J are for the entire household, but the income listed on Schedule I is only for the debtor. Line 11 on revised Schedule I, now includes contributions made by someone else to the expenses on Schedule J and the debtor is instructed to include contributions from an unmarried partner, members of the debtor's household, dependents, roommates, and other friends or relatives.

As revised, Schedule J asks for expenses at two different points in time in chapter 13 cases—as of the date the debtor files bankruptcy (Column A) and as of the date a proposed 13 plan is confirmed (Column B).

In drafting the form it became apparent that at least some courts are using Schedules I and J in analyzing proposed chapter 13 plans and potential modification of those plans. Sometimes amended Schedules I and J are required when a debtor's financial circumstances change. To avoid a lack of clarity on the form regarding the date to be used in computing expenses, and in order to allow Schedule J to continue to serve the plan feasibility function, the revised form requests information on both time bases in chapter 13 cases.

New lines 1, 2, and 3 on revised Schedule J request information on dependents who live with the debtor, dependents who live separately, and other members of the household. In addition, new line 23 on the form includes a calculation of the debtor's monthly net income.

Fill in this information to identify your case:	Check one only as directed in lines 1, 2, 3, or 17:
Debtor 1	According to the calculations required by this Statement:
First Name Middle Name Last Name	1. There is no presumption of abuse.
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing) First Name Middle Name Last Name	2. The presumption of abuse is determined by
United States Bankruptcy Court for the: District of(State)	Form 22A–2.
Case number	3. The Means Test does not apply now because of qualified military service but it could apply later.
(If known)	quamou nimary sornes sur nosata appr, laten
	☐ Check if this is an amended filing
Official Form 22A—1	
Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current I	Monthly Income 12/13
Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing tog is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. Include the line number to wi	
pages, write your name and case number (if known).	., ,
Part 1: Identify the Kind of Debts You Have	
1. Are your debte primarily concumer debte? Consumer debte are defined in 14	1115 C \$ 101/9) as "inquired by an individual primarily for a
 Are your debts primarily consumer debts? Consumer debts are defined in 11 personal, family, or household purpose." Make sure that your answer is consisted Petition (Official Form 1). 	
☐ No. On the top of this page, check box 1, There is no presumption of abuse	Go to Part 5.
☐ Yes	Go to Part 2.
Part 2: Determine Whether Military Service Provisions Apply to You	
If you are filing this case jointly and any of the exclusions in Part 2 applies to Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income (Official Form 22A-1) if	
2. Are you a disabled veteran (as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 3741(1))?	
No. Go to line 3.☐ Yes. Did you incur debts mostly while you were on active duty or while you	were performing a homeland defence activity?
11 U.S.C. § 101(d)(1)); 32 U.S.C. § 901(1)	were periorining a nomerand detense activity?
No. Go to line 3.	
Yes. On the top of this page, check box 1, There is no presumption	of abuseGo to Part 5.
 Are you or have you been a Reservist or member of the National Guard? No. Go to Part 3. 	
Yes. Were you called to active duty or did you perform a homeland defense	activity? 10 U.S.C. § 101(d)(1): 32 U.S.C. § 901(1)
☐ No. Go to Part 3.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Yes. Check any one of the following categories that applies:	
☐ I was called to active duty after September 11, 2001, for at least 90 days and remain on active duty.	If you did not check any of these categories, go to Part 3.
☐ I was called to active duty after September 11, 2001, for at	If you checked one of the categories, go to the top of this page.
least 90 days and was released from active duty on	Check box 3, The Means Test does not apply now because of
, which is fewer than 540 days before I file this bankruptcy case.	qualified military service but it could apply later; then go to Part 5. You are not required to fill out the rest of this form during the
☐ I am performing a homeland defense activity for at least 90	exclusion period. The exclusion period means the time you are on
days.	active duty or are performing a homeland defense activity, and for 540 days afterward. 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(2)(D)(ii). If your exclusion
☐ I performed a homeland defense activity for at least 90	period ends before your case is closed, you may have to file an
days, ending on, which is fewer than 540 days before I file this bankruptcy case.	amended form later.

Debtor 1				Case number (if known)
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	

Pa	art 3: Calculate Your Current Monthly Income						
4.	4. What is your marital and filing status? Check one only.						
	 □ Not married. Fill out Column A, lines 5-14. □ Married and your spouse is filing with you. Fill out both Columns A and B, lines 5-14. 						
	Married and your spouse is NOT filing with you. You	and your spouse ar	re:				
	Living in the same household and are not legally	y separated. Fill out l	both Columns	A and B, lines 5-1	4.		
	Living separately or are legally separated. Fill ou penalty of perjury that you and your spouse are legaliving apart for reasons that do not include evading to	ally separated under r	nonbankrupto	y law that applies o	or that you and y		
	Fill in the average monthly income that you received from all sources, derived during the 6 full months before you file this bankruptcy case. 11 U.S.C. § 101(10A). For example, if you are filing on September 15, the 6-month period would be March 1 through August 31. If the amount of your monthly income varied during the 6 months, add the income for all 6 months and divide the total by 6. Fill in the result. Do not include any income amount more than once. For example, if both spouses own the same rental property, put the income from that property in one column only. If you have nothing to report for any line, write \$0 in the space.						
				Column A For you	Column B Debtor 2 or non-filing s		
5.	Your gross wages, salary, tips, bonuses, overtime, and opayroll deductions).	commissions (before	e all	\$	\$		
6.	Alimony and maintenance payments			\$	\$		
	All amounts from any source which are regularly paid fo you or your dependents, including child support. Include unmarried partner, members of your household, your depend roommates. Also, include regular contributions from a spous Do not include payments you listed on line 6.	e regular contributions dents, parents, and	s from an	\$	\$		
8.	Net income from operating a business, profession, or fall Gross receipts (before all deductions)	rm \$					
	Ordinary and necessary operating expenses	- \$					
	Net monthly income from a business, profession, or farm	\$	Copy here	\$	\$		
9.	Net income from rental and other real property Gross receipts (before all deductions)	\$					
	Ordinary and necessary operating expenses	- \$					
	Net monthly income from rental or other real property	\$	Copy here	\$	\$		
10.	Interest, dividends, and royalties			\$	\$		
11.	Unemployment compensation			\$	\$		
	Do not enter the amount if you contend that the amount rece the Social Security Act. Instead, list it here:		nder				
	For you	\$					
	For your spouse	\$					
12.	Pension or retirement income. Do not include any amount under the Social Security Act.	received that was a b	benefit	\$	\$		
13.	Income from all other sources not listed above. Specify to Do not include any benefits received under the Social Securia victim of a war crime, a crime against humanity, or internat necessary, list other sources on a separate page and put the	ity Act or payments re tional or domestic terr	eceived as				
	13a.			\$	\$		
	13b.			\$	\$		
	13c. Total amounts from separate pages, if any.			+ \$	+ \$		
14.	Calculate your total current monthly income. Add lines 5 Then add the total for Column A to the total for Column B.	through 13 for each of	column.	\$	+ \$	s	
						Total current monthly income	

Debtor 1				Case number (if known)
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	

Part 4: Determine Whether the Means Test Applies to You						
15. Calculate your annual income using your total current monthly income from Part 3. Follow these steps:						
15a. Copy your total current monthly income from line 14	Ī	\$				
Multiply by 12 (the number of months in a year).		x 12				
	15b.	. 12				
15b. The result is your annual income for this part of the form.	150.	\$				
16. Calculate the median family income that applies to you. Follow these steps:						
Fill in the state in which you live.						
Fill in the number of people in your household.	ī					
Fill in the median family income for your state and size of household	16.	\$				
To find that information, either go to the Means Test information at http://www.justice.gov/ust/cask for help at the clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.	eo/bapcpa/meanstesting.htm or					
17. How do the lines compare?						
17a. Line 15b is less than or equal to line 16. On the top of page 1, check box 1, <i>There is</i> to Part 5.	no presumption of abuse. Go					
17b. Line 15b is more than line 16. On the top of page 1, check box 2, <i>The presumption o</i> Part 5 and fill out Form 22A–2.	f abuse is determined by Form 22A	4–2. Go to				
Part 5: Sign Here						
By signing here, I declare under penalty of perjury that the information on this statement and	I in any attachments is true and co	rrect.				
40						
Signature of Debtor 1 Signature of Deb	otor 2	_				
Signature of Debtor 1	DOLZ					
Date Date MM / DD / YYYY) /YYYY					
If you checked 17a, do NOT fill out or file Official Form 22A-2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation.						
If you checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the control of the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation and the checked line 17b, fill out Official Form 22A–2, Chapter 7 Means Te						

Fill in this information to identify your case:				
Debtor 1				
-	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	
United States E	Bankruptcy Court f	for the:	District of	
Case number(If known)			(State)	

Check one only as directed in lines 40 or 42:
According to the calculations required by this Statement:
☐ 1. There is no presumption of abuse.
2. There is a presumption of abuse.
Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 22A-2

Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation

12/13

To fill out this form, you will need your completed copy of Form 22A-1: Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income (Official Form 22A-1).

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for being accurate. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. Include the line number to which the additional information applies. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).

Part 1: Determine Your Adjusted Income			
Copy your total current monthly income	Copy line 14 from Offic	cial Form 22A-1 here	\$
2. Did you fill out Column B in Part 3 of Official Form 22A-1?			
☐ No. Fill in \$0 on line 3d.			
☐ Yes. Is your spouse filing with you?			
☐ No. Go to line 3.			
☐ Yes. Fill in \$0 on line 3d.			
Adjust your current monthly income by subtracting any part of your spour expenses of you or your dependents. Follow these steps:	·		d
On line 14, Column B of Form 22A–1, was any amount of the income you repo the household expenses of you or your dependents?	rted for your spouse NOT re	gularly used for	
☐ No. Fill in 0 on line 3d. ☐ Yes. Fill in the information below:			
State each purpose for which the income was used For example, the income is used to pay your spouse's tax debt or to support people other than you or your dependents	Fill in the amount you are subtracting from your spouse's income		
3a.	\$		
3b.	\$		
3c.	+ \$		
3d. Total. Add lines 3a, 3b, and 3c	\$	Copy total here →	3d\$
4. Adjust your current monthly income. Subtract line 3d from line 1.			\$

Part 2: Calculate Your Deductions from Your Income

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issues National and Local Standards for certain expense amounts. Use these amounts to answer the questions in lines 5-14. To find the IRS standards, either go to http://www.justice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/meanstesting.htm or ask for help at the clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.

Deduct the expense amounts set out in lines 6-15 regardless of your actual expense. In later parts of the form, you will use some of your actual expenses if they are higher than the standards. Do not deduct any amounts that you subtracted from your spouse's income in line 3 and do not deduct any operating expenses that you subtracted from income in lines 8 and 9 of Form 22A–1.

If your expenses differ from month to month, enter the average expense.

Whenever this part of the form refers to you, it means both you and your spouse if Column B of Form 22A-1 is filled in.

5. The number of people used in determining your deductions from income

Fill in the number of people who could be claimed as exemptions on your federal income tax return, plus the number of any additional dependents whom you support. This number may be different from the number of people in your household.

National Standards You must use the IRS National Standards to answer the questions in lines 6-7.

6. **Food, clothing, and other items:** Using the number of people you entered in line 5 and the IRS National Standards, fill in the dollar amount for food, clothing, and other items.



7. **Out-of-pocket health care allowance:** Using the number of people you entered in line 5 and the IRS National Standards, fill in the dollar amount for out-of-pocket health care. The number of people is split into two categories — people who are under 65 and people who are 65 or older — because older people have a higher IRS allowance for health care costs. If your actual expenses are higher than this IRS amount, you may deduct the additional amount on line 22.

People who are under 65 years of age

- 7a. Out-of-pocket health care allowance per person
- \$_____
- 7b. Number of people who are under 65

X _____

- 7c. **Subtotal.** Multiply line 7a by line 7b.
- Copy line 7c here

\$_____

People who are 65 years of age or older

- Out-of-pocket health care allowance per person
- 7e. Number of people who are 65 or older
- X _____
- 7f. Subtotal. Multiply line 7d by line 7e.
- Copy line 7f here → + \$_____

g. **Total**. Add lines 7c and 7f.....

Copy total here

\$_____

Official Form 22A-2

Local Standards	You mu

First Name

You must use the IRS Local Standards to answer the questions in lines 8-15.

Based on information from the IRS, the U.S. Trustee Program has divided the IRS Local Standard for housing for bankruptcy purposes into two parts:

- Housing and utilities Insurance and operating expenses
- Housing and utilities Mortgage or rent expenses

Use the U.S. Trustee Program chart to answer the questions in lines 8-9. Go to http://www.justice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/meanstesting.htm or ask for help at the clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.

8. **Housing and utilities – Insurance and operating expenses:** Using the number of people you entered in line 5, fill in the dollar amount listed for your county for insurance and operating expenses.

\$_____

- 9. Housing and utilities Mortgage or rent expenses:
 - 9a. Using the number of people you entered in line 5, fill in the dollar amount listed for your county for mortgage or rent expenses.

9a. \$_____

9b. Total average monthly payment for all mortgages and other debts secured by your home.

To calculate the total average monthly payment, add all amounts that are contractually due to each secured creditor in the 60 months after you file for bankruptcy. Then divide by 60.

Name of the creditor	Does payment include taxes or insurance?	Average monthly payment	
	☐ No ☐ Yes	\$	
	☐ No ☐ Yes	\$	
	☐ No ☐ Yes	+ \$	
9b. Total averag	e monthly payment	\$	Cop

9c. Net mortgage or rent expense.

Subtract line 9b (total average monthly payment) from line 9a (mortgage or rent expense). If this amount is less than \$0, enter \$0.

9c. \$_____ Copy line 9c here \$____

Repeat this

amount on

line 33a.

10. If you claim that the U.S. Trustee Program's division of the IRS Local Standard for housing does not accurately compute the amount that applies to you, fill in any additional amount you claim.

\$_____

Explain why:

- 11. Local transportation expenses: Check the number of vehicles for which you claim an ownership or operating expense.
 - 0. Go to line 14.
 - 1. Go to line 12.
 - 2 or more. Go to line 12.

12. **Vehicle operation expense:** Using the IRS Local Standards and the number of vehicles for which you claim the operating expenses, fill in the *Operating Costs* that apply for your Census region or metropolitan statistical area.

\$_____

13a.

13. Vehicle ownership or lease expense: Using the IRS Local Standards, calculate the net ownership or lease expense for each vehicle below. You may not claim the expense if you do not make any loan or lease payments on the vehicle. In addition, you may not claim the expense for more than two vehicles.

Vehicle 1 Describe Vehicle 1:

13a. Ownership or leasing costs using IRS Local Standard

13b. Average monthly payment for all debts secured by Vehicle 1.Do not include installment payments for leased vehicles.

To calculate the average monthly payment here and on line 13e, add all amounts that are contractually due to each secured creditor in the 60 months after you file for bankruptcy. Then divide by 60.

Name of each creditor for Vehicle 1	Average monthly payment		
	\$	Copy 13b — \$	Repeat this amount on line 33b.

13c. Net Vehicle 1 ownership or lease expense

Subtract line 13b from line 13a. If this amount is less than \$0, enter \$0. 13c.

\$_____\$ Copy net Vehicle 1 expense here \$____

Vehicle 2 Describe Vehicle 2:

13d. Ownership or leasing costs using IRS Local Standard

13d. \$_____

 Average monthly payment for all debts secured by Vehicle 2. Do not include costs for leased vehicles.

Name of each creditor for Vehicle 2

Average monthly payment

Sopy here - \$ _____ Repeat this amount on line 33c.

13f.

13f. Net Vehicle 2 ownership or lease expense
Subtract line 13e from 13d. If this amount is less than \$0, enter \$0.

Copy net Vehicle 2 expense here → \$_____

14. **Public transportation expense**: If you claimed 0 vehicles in line 11, using the IRS Local Standards, fill in the *Public Transportation* expense allowance regardless of whether you use public transportation.

\$_____

15. **Additional public transportation expense:** If you claimed 1 or more vehicles in line 11 and if you claim that you may also deduct a public transportation expense, you may fill in what you believe is the appropriate expense, but you may not claim more than the IRS Local Standard for *Public Transportation*.

\$_____

Other No	ar	y

In addition to the expense deductions listed above, you are allowed your monthly expenses for the following IRS categories.

16. Taxes: The total monthly amount that you will actually owe for federal, state and local taxes, such as income taxes, selfemployment taxes, social security taxes, and Medicare taxes. You may include the monthly amount withheld from your pay for these taxes. However, if you expect to receive a tax refund, you must divide the expected refund by 12 and subtract that number from the total monthly amount that is withheld to pay for taxes.

Do not include real estate, sales, or use taxes.

17. Involuntary deductions: The total monthly payroll deductions that your job requires, such as retirement contributions, union dues, and uniform costs.

Do not include amounts that are not required by your job, such as voluntary 401(k) contributions or payroll savings.

18. Life insurance: The total monthly premiums that you pay for your term life insurance.

Last Name

Do not include premiums for insurance on your dependents, for whole life, or for any other form of life insurance.

19. Court-ordered payments: The total monthly amount that you pay as required by the order of a court or administrative agency, such as spousal or child support payments.

Do not include payments on past due obligations for spousal or child support. You will list these obligations in line 35.

20. Education: The total monthly amount that you pay for education that is either required:

- as a condition for your job, or
- for your physically or mentally challenged dependent child if no public education is available for similar services.

21. Childcare: The total monthly amount that you pay for childcare, such as babysitting, daycare, nursery, and preschool. Do not include payments for any elementary or secondary school education.

22. Additional health care expenses, excluding insurance costs: The monthly amount that you pay for health care that is required for the health and welfare of you or your dependents and that is not reimbursed by insurance or paid by a health savings account. Include only the amount that is more than the total entered in line 7. Payments for health insurance or health savings accounts should be listed only in line 25.

\$

23. Telecommunication services: The total monthly amount that you pay for telecommunication services, such as pagers, call waiting, caller identification, special long distance, business internet service, and business cell phone service, to the extent necessary for your health and welfare or that of your dependents or for the production of income, if it is not reimbursed by your employer.

\$

Do not include payments for basic home telephone, internet and cell phone service. Do not include self-employment expenses, such as those reported on line 8 of Official Form 22A-1, or any amount you previously deducted.

24. Add all of the expenses allowed under the IRS expense allowances.

Add lines 16 through 23.

Additional Expense These are additional deductions allowed by the Means Test. Deductions Note: Do not include any expense allowances listed in lines 6-24.							
	25. Health insurance, disability insurance, and health savings account expenses. The monthly expenses for health insurance, disability insurance, and health savings accounts that are reasonably necessary for yourself, your spouse, or your dependents.						
Health insurance	\$						
Disability insurance	\$						
Health savings account	+ \$						
Total	\$ Copy tota	l here→	\$				
Do you actually spend this total amount?							
☐ No. How much do you actually spend?☐ Yes	\$						
26. Continued contributions to the care of hous pay for the reasonable and necessary care and member of your immediate family who is unable	support of an elderly, chronically ill, or disab		\$				
27. Protection against family violence. The reas and your family under the Family Violence Prev			\$				
By law, the court must keep the nature of these	expenses confidential.						
28. Additional home energy costs. Your home energy solution in a second	ergy costs are included in your non-mortgag	ge housing and utilities allowance on					
If you believe that you have home energy costs that are more than the home energy costs included in the non-mortgage housing and utilities allowance, then fill in the excess amount of home energy costs.							
You must give your case trustee documentation of your actual expenses, and you must show that the additional amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.							
 Education expenses for dependent children child) that you pay for your dependent children secondary school. 	who are younger than 18. The monthly expended are younger than 18 years old to attend	penses (not more than \$147* per a private or public elementary or	\$				
You must give your case trustee documentation reasonable and necessary and not already acc		lain why the amount claimed is					
* Subject to adjustment on 4/01/13, and every	3 years after that for cases begun on or after	r the date of adjustment.					
30. Additional food and clothing expense. The r the combined food and clothing allowances in t clothing allowances in the IRS National Standa	e IRŚ National Śtandards. That amount car		\$				
To find the maximum additional allowance, either go to http://www.justice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/meanstesting.htm or ask for help at the clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.							
You must show that the additional amount clair	You must show that the additional amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.						
31. Continuing charitable contributions. The amount that you will continue to contribute in the form of cash or financial instruments to a religious or charitable organization. 11 U.S.C. § 548(d)(3) and (4).							
32. Add all of the additional expense deduction Add lines 25 through 31.			\$				

secured debt,	fill in lines 33a throu	ıgh 33g.			nortgages, vehicle loans, a	and other	
to each secured	total average monthly creditor in the 60 mc	ly payment, add all amo onths after you file for ba	ankruptcy. The	ontractually due n divide by 60.			
					Average monthly payment		
Mortgages on	your home					1	
33a. Copy line 9	3b here				. \$		
Loans on your	r first two vehicles					-1	
33b. Copy line 1	13b here				. \$		
33c. Copy line 1	13e here				. \$		
Name of each secured debt	creditor for other	Identify property the debt		Does payment include taxes or insurance?			
33d.				□ No □ Yes	\$		
33e.				□ No □ Yes	\$		
				□ No □ Yes	+ \$	-	
33f. 33g. Total avera	age monthly payment.	. Add lines 33a through	33f		. \$	Copy total	\$
						Hele 7	
. Are any debts	that you listed in line	e 33 secured by your p	orimary reside	nce, a vehicle,	or other property necessa	ary for	
,	or the support of you	ir dependents?					
your support of No. Go to □ Yes. State a	any amount that you n	nust pay to a creditor, in re amount). Next, divide			d in line 34, to keep possess n below.	sion of	

\$ ÷ 60 = \$ \$ ÷ 60 = \$ \$ ÷ 60 = + \$	Name of the creditor	Identify property that secures the debt	Total cure amount		Monthly cure amount	
\$ ÷ 60 = + \$			\$	÷ 60 =	\$	
			\$	÷ 60 =	\$	
			\$	÷ 60 =	+ \$	
Total \$ Copy total here → \$				Total	\$	\$

Middle Name

_	No. Go to line 36.				
U 1	Yes. Fill in the total amount of all of these priority claims listed in line 19.	. Do not include current or or	ngoing priority claims, s	uch as those you	
	Total amount of all past-due priority claims.		\$	÷ 60 =	\$
	you eligible to file a case under Chapter 13? 11 U.S. v.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts/Bankruptcy/BankruptcyBa		ation, go to		-
	No. Go to line 37.				
	Yes. Fill in the following information.				
	Projected monthly plan payment if you were filing u	under Chapter 13	\$		
	Current multiplier for your district as determined un the Executive Office for United States Trustees. To http://www.justice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/meanstesting clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.	find this information, go to	x		
	Average monthly administrative expense if you we	re filing under Chapter 13	\$	Copy total here	\$
	all of the deductions for debt payment. lines 33g through 36.			_	\$
Total De	eductions from Income				
38. Add	all of the allowed deductions.				
Сор	y line 24, All of the expenses allowed under IRS expens	se allowances	\$		
Сор	y line 32, All of the additional expense deductions		_		
	y mio oz, rm or the additional expense additione		\$		
	y line 37, All of the deductions for debt payment		+\$		
Сор				Copy total here →	\$
Cop Tota	y line 37, All of the deductions for debt payment		+\$	Copy total	\$
Cop Tota Part 3:	y line 37, All of the deductions for debt payment		+\$	Copy total	\$
Cop Tota Part 3:	y line 37, All of the deductions for debt payment		+\$	Copy total	\$
Cop Tota Part 3:	y line 37, All of the deductions for debt payment		+\$	Copy total	\$
Cop Tota Part 3: 39. Calc	y line 37, All of the deductions for debt payment		+\$	Copy total	\$
Cop Tota Part 3: 39. Calc 39a.	y line 37, All of the deductions for debt payment	of Abuse Copy line 39c	+ \$\$	Copy total	\$

Official Form 22A-2

Signature of Debtor 1

MM / DD / YYYY

Signature of Debtor 2

MM / DD / YYYY

Date

Instructions for the Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Means Test Calculation

United States Bankruptcy Court 12/01/13

How to fill out these forms

Official Forms 22A–1 and 22A –2 determine whether your income and expenses create a presumption of abuse that may prevent you from obtaining relief from your debts under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Chapter 7 relief can be denied to a person who has primarily consumer debts if the court finds that the person has enough income to repay creditors a portion of their claims set out in the Bankruptcy Code.

You must file 22A –1, the *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 22A –1) if you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7. This form will determine your current monthly income and compare whether your income is more than the median income for households of the same size in your state. If your income is not above the median, there is no presumption of abuse and you will not have to fill out the second form.

If your income is above the median, you must file the second form, 22A –2, *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 22A –2). The calculations on this form—sometimes called the *Means Test*—reduce your income by living expenses and payment of certain debts, resulting in an amount available to pay other debts. If this amount is high enough, it will give rise to a *presumption of abuse*. A presumption of abuse does not mean you are actually trying to abuse the bankruptcy system. Rather, the presumption simply means that you may have enough income that you should not be granted relief under chapter 7. You may overcome the presumption by showing special circumstances that reduce your income or increase your expenses.

If you cannot obtain relief under chapter 7, you may be eligible to continue under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code and pay creditors over a period of time.

Read each question carefully. You may not be required to answer every question on this form. For example, your military status may determine whether you must fill out the entire form. The instructions will alert you if you may skip questions.

If you have nothing to report for a line, write \$0.

Some of the questions require you to go to other sources for information. In those cases, the form has instructions for where to find the information you need.

If you and your spouse are filing together, you and your spouse may file a single statement. However, if an exclusion in Parts 1 or 2 applies to either of you, separate statements may be required. 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(2)(C).

Understand the terms used in the form

This form uses *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, this form uses *you* to ask for information from both debtors. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Things to remember when filling out these forms

- Be as complete and accurate as possible.
- If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).
- If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information.

Do not file these instructions with your bankruptcy filing package. Keep them for your records.

Fill in this information to identify your case:						
Debtor 1	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name			
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)		Middle Name	Last Name			
United States E	Bankruptcy Court	District of (State)				
Case number (If known)						

Check as directed in lines 17 and 21:							
According to the calculations required by this Statement:							
1. Disposable income is not determined under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(3).							
2. Disposable income is determined under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(3).							
☐ 3. The commitment period is 3 years.							
4. The commitment period is 5 years.							

☐ Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 22C-1

Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period

12/13

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for being accurate. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. Include the line number to which the additional information applies. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).

Pá	art 1: Calculate Your Average Monthly Income								
1.	What is your marital and filing status? Check one only. Not married. Fill out Column A, lines 2-11. Married. Fill out both Columns A and B, lines 2-11.								
	Fill in the average monthly income that you received from all sources, derived during the 6 full months before you file this bankruptcy case. 11 U.S.C. § 101(10A). For example, if you are filing on September 15, the 6-month period would be March 1 through August 31. If the amount of your monthly income varied during the 6 months, add the income for all 6 months and divide the total by 6. Fill in the result. Do not include any income amount more than once. For example, if both spouses own the same rental property, put the income from that property in one column only. If you have nothing to report for any line, write \$0 in the space.								
				Column A For Debtor 1	Column B Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse				
2.	Your gross wages, salary, tips, bonuses, overtime, and payroll deductions).	commissions (before	e all	\$	\$				
3.	Alimony and maintenance payments			\$	\$				
4.	All amounts from any source which are regularly paid for you or your dependents, including child support. Include an unmarried partner, members of your household, your de roommates. Also, include regular contributions from a spour in. Do not include payments you listed on line 3.	\$	\$						
5.	Net income from operating a business, profession, or fa	arm							
	Gross receipts (before all deductions)	\$							
	Ordinary and necessary operating expenses	- \$							
	Net monthly income from a business, profession, or farm	\$	Copy here→	\$	\$				

				Column A For Debtor 1	Column B Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse	
6. Net	income from rental and other real property					
Gr	oss receipts (before all deductions)	\$				
Or	dinary and necessary operating expenses	- \$				
Ne	et monthly income from rental or other real property	\$	Copy here→	\$	\$	
7. Int	erest, dividends, and royalties			\$	\$	
8. Un	employment compensation			\$	\$	
	o not enter the amount if you contend that the amount recessors Social Security Act. Instead, list it here:		ınder			
	For you	\$				
	For your spouse	\$				
	nsion or retirement income. Do not include any amoun der the Social Security Act.	t received that was a	benefit	\$	\$	
Do red do	come from all other sources not listed above. Specify onot include any benefits received under the Social Secuceived as a victim of a war crime, a crime against humanimestic terrorism. If necessary, list other sources on a sepal on line 10c.	rity Act or payments ity, or international or				
1	0a.			\$	\$	
1	0b.			\$	\$	
1	loc. Total amounts from separate pages, if any.			+ \$	+ \$	
	Ilculate your total average monthly income. Add lines lumn. Then add the total for Column A to the total for Col		n	\$	+ \$	Total average monthly income
Part	2. Determine How to Measure Your Deduction	s from Income				
12. Co	py your total average monthly income from line 11					\$
13 C a	alculate the marital adjustment. Check one:					Ψ
	You are not married. Fill in 0 in line 13d.					
	You are married and your spouse is filing with you. Fill if You are married and your spouse is not filing with you. Fill in the amount of the income listed in line 11, Colum you or your dependents, such as payment of the spous or your dependents.	n B, that was NOT re				
	In lines 13a-c, specify the basis for excluding this inconnecessary, list additional adjustments on a separate pa		income	devoted to each purp	ose. If	
	If this adjustment does not apply, enter 0 on line 13d.					
	13a.			\$		
	13b.			\$		
	13c.			+\$		
		-	Γotal	\$	Copy here. → 13d. —	· \$

De	btor 1					Case number (if known)			
		First Name	Middle Name	Last Name					
11	Vour curr	ont monthly i	ncome. Subtract	line 12d from line	. 12		14.	Ф	
14.	Tour curr	ent monthly i	ilcome. Subtract	iiile 13a iioiii iiile	; 1 2.		14.	Ψ_	
15.	Calculate	your current	monthly income	for the year. Fol	llow these steps:				
								•	
	15а. Сору	line 14 here					15a.	\$	
	Multi	inly line 15a by	/ 12 (the number o	of months in a vo	or)				10
	iviuiti	ipiy iirie 15a by	/ 12 (the number t	or months in a yea	ai).			Х	12
	15h The re	esult is vour cu	irrent monthly inco	ome for the year	for this part of the form.		15b.	•	
	100. 1110 1	ocuit to your oc	arrone morning mod	onio ioi ino your	for the part of the form.		100.	\$	
16.	Calculate	the median fa	amily income tha	at applies to you	. Follow these steps:				
			•	,					
	16a. Fill ir	n the state in w	hich you live.						
	16b. Fill ir	n the number o	of people in your h	ousehold.					
	16c. Fill ir	n the median fa	amily income for y	our state and siz	e of household		16c.	\$	
	To fi	nd that informa	ation, either go to	the Means Test i	nformation at http://www.iu	ustice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/mear	nstesting.htm		
			ne clerk's office of			3	3		
17.	How do th	he lines comp	are?						
	🗖 .	To a AED to Loca		l'a do Oalla d		shoot hand Dispersells in an			
						check box 1, Disposable incom		minea	
	ľ	under 11 U.S.C	J. § 1323(D)(3). G	o to Part 3. DO N	101 IIII out Official Form 22	2C–2: Calculation of Disposab	ie income.		
	17h 🗍 I	ine 15h is mo	re than line 16c. C	on the top of page	a 1 of this form, chack hov	2, Disposable income is deter	rmined under 1	111150	2
						of Disposable Income. On line			
			onthly income from				5 00 0. m.a. 10.	, оор,	,
	,	,	,						
	t 2. Ole	aulata Varm	O	Daniad Hudan (14 LLC C C 422F/b///				
Pa	irt 3: Cald	culate Your	Commitment F	Perioa Unaer	11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(4)				
18.	Copy you	r total averag	e monthly incom	e from line 11			18.	\$	
	5			,		92 24 1 4		Ψ	
19.					arried, your spouse is not fi 1325(b)(4) allows you to de	iling with you, and you contend	1		
			nt from line 13d.	del 11 0.0.0. 3	1020(b)(4) allows you to do	sadot part or your spouse s			
	If the mari	ital adjustment	does not apply, fi	ill in 0 on line 19a	ı.		19a.	 \$_	
		·							
	Subtract	line 19a from	line 18.					\$_	
							19b.		
20.	Calculate	your current	monthly income	for the year. Fo	llow these steps:				
	20a Conv	v line 10h					202		
	20a. Cop	y iiile 19b	•••••				20a.	\$	
	N.4101	Salas base 40 (the		- *				4	^
	Multi	iply by 12 (the	number of months	s in a year).				x 1	2
	 1								
	20b. The	result is your o	current monthly inc	come for the year	r for this part of the form.		20b.	\$	
		(b							
	20c Conv	the median fai	mily income for vo	our state and size	of household from line 160	C			
	20c. Copy	the median fai	mily income for yo	our state and size	of household from line 160	C		\$_	
	20c. Copy	the median fai	mily income for yo	our state and size	e of household from line 16৫	С		\$	
21.		the median fai		our state and size	e of household from line 16ા	C		\$	_
21.	How do th	he lines comp	pare?					\$	
21.	How do th	h e lines comp 0b is less than	pare?	top of page 1 of t	his form, check box 3, <i>The</i>	ce commitment period is 3 years	s. Go to Part 4.		Part 4

Debtor 1		 Case nu	umber (if known)	

Part 4: Sign Here	
By signing here, under penalty of perjury I declare that the infor	rmation on this statement and in any attachments is true and correct.
×	×
Signature of Debtor 1	Signature of Debtor 2
Date	Date
If you checked 17a, do NOT fill out or file Official Form 22C–2:	Calculation of Disposable Income.
If you checked 17b, fill out Official Form 22C–2: Calculation of I current monthly income from line 14 above.	Disposable Income and file it with this form. On line 35 of that form, copy your

Official Form 22C-1

Fill in this information to identify your case:					
Debtor 1					
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
Debtor 2					
(Spouse, if filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
United States E	Bankruptcy Court fo	District of (State)			
Case number (If known)					

☐ Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 22C-2

Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

12/13

To fill out this form, you will need your completed copy of Form 22C-1: Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for being accurate. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. Include the line number to which the additional information applies. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).

Part 1: Calculate Your Deductions from Your Income

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issues National and Local Standards for certain expense amounts. Use these amounts to answer the questions in lines 1-11. To find the IRS standards, either go to http://www.justice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/meanstesting.htm or ask for help at the clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.

Deduct the expense amounts set out in lines 1-11 regardless of your actual expense. In later parts of the form, you will use some of your actual expenses if they are higher than the standards. Do not include any operating expenses that you subtracted from income in lines 5 and 6 of Official Form 22C–1, and do not deduct any amounts that you subtracted from your spouse's income in line 13 of Form 22C–1.

If your expenses differ from month to month, enter the average expense.

Whenever this part of the form refers to you, it means both you and your spouse if Column B is filled in.

1. The number of people used in determining your deductions from income

Fill in the number of people who could be claimed as exemptions on your federal income tax return, plus the number of any additional dependents whom you support. This number may be different from the number of people in your household.

National Standards You must use the IRS National Standards to answer the questions in lines 2-3.

Food, clothing, and other items: Using the number of people you entered in line 1 and the IRS National Standards, fill in the dollar amount for food, clothing, and other items. \$

3. Out-of-pocket health care allowance: Using the number of people you entered in line 1 and the IRS National Standards, fill in the dollar amount for out-of-pocket health care. The number of people is split into two categories—people who are under 65 and people who are 65 or older-because older people have a higher IRS allowance for health care costs. If your actual expenses are higher than this IRS amount, you may deduct the additional amount on line 18.

People who are under 65 years of age 3a. Out-of-pocket health care allowance per person 3b. Number of people who are under 65 Copy line 3c 3c. Subtotal. Multiply line 3a by line 3b. here People who are 65 years of age or older 3d. Out-of-pocket health care allowance per person 3e. Number of people who are 65 or older Copy line 3f + \$_ 3f. Subtotal. Multiply line 3d by 3e.

Local Standards You must use the IRS Local Standards to answer the questions in lines 5-11.

3g. Total. Add lines 3c and 3f.....

Last Name

Based on information from the IRS, the U.S. Trustee Program has divided the IRS Local Standard for housing for bankruptcy purposes into two parts:

- Housing and utilities Insurance and operating expenses
- Housing and utilities Mortgage or rent expenses

Refer to the U.S. Trustee website to answer the questions in lines 4-5. Go to http://www.justice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/meanstesting.htm or ask for help at the clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.

Housing and utilities - Insurance and operating expenses: Using the number of people you entered in line 1, fill in the dollar amount listed for your county for insurance and operating expenses.

- 5. Housing and utilities Mortgage or rent expenses:
 - 5a. Using the number of people you entered in line 1, fill in the dollar amount listed for your county for mortgage or rent expenses.

5b. Total average monthly payment for all mortgages and other debts secured by your home.

To calculate the total average monthly payment, add all amounts that are contractually due to each secured creditor in the 60 months after you file for bankruptcy. Next divide by 60.

Name of the creditor		verage monthly syment	
		\$	
		\$	
	+	\$	
5b. Total average monthly payment		\$	Cop

py line 5b Repeat this amount on line 29a.

5c. Net mortgage or rent expense.

Subtract line 5b (total average monthly payment) from line 5a (mortgage or rent expense). If this number is less than \$0, enter \$0.

Copy 5c here -

Copy total

here 3q.

If you claim that the U.S. Trustee Program's division of the IRS Local Standard for housing does not accurately compute the amount that applies to you, fill in any additional amount you claim.

Explain why:

Official Form 22C-2

Other Necessary Expenses In addition to the expense deductions listed above, you are allowed your monthly expenses for the following IRS categories.	
12. Taxes: The total monthly amount that you actually pay for federal, state and local taxes, such as income taxes, self-employment taxes, social security taxes, and Medicare taxes. You may include the monthly amount withheld from your pay for these taxes. If you expect to receive a tax refund, you must divide the refund by 12 and subtract that number from the total monthly amount you actually pay for taxes. Do not include real estate or sales taxes.	\$
 Involuntary deductions: The total monthly payroll deductions that your job requires, such as retirement contributions, union dues, and uniform costs. Do not include amounts that are not required by your job, such as voluntary 401(k) contributions or payroll savings. 	\$
14. Life insurance: The total monthly premiums that you pay for your term life insurance. Do not include premiums for insurance on your dependents, for whole life, or for any other form of life insurance.	\$
15. Court-ordered payments: The total monthly amount that you pay as required by the order of a court or administrative agency, such as spousal or child support payments. Do not include payments on past due obligations for spousal or child support. You will list these obligations in line 31.	\$
 16. Education: The total monthly amount that you pay for education that is either required: ■ as a condition for your job, or ■ for your physically or mentally challenged dependent child if no public education is available for similar services. 	\$
17. Childcare: The total monthly amount that you pay for childcare, such as babysitting, daycare, nursery, and preschool. Do not include payments for any elementary or secondary school education.	\$
18. Additional health care expenses, excluding insurance costs: The monthly amount that you pay for health care that is required for the health and welfare of you or your dependents and that is not reimbursed by insurance or paid by a health savings account. Include only the amount that is more than the total entered in line 3. Payments for health insurance or health savings accounts should be listed only in line 21.	\$
19. Telecommunication services: The total monthly amount that you pay for telecommunication services, such as pagers, call waiting, caller identification, special long distance, business internet service, and business cell phone service, to the extent necessary for your health and welfare or that of your dependents or for the production of income, if it is not reimbursed by your employer. Do not include payments for basic home telephone, internet and cell phone service. Do not include self-employment expenses, such as those reported on line 5 of Official Form 22C-1, or any amount you previously deducted.	+
20. Add all of the expenses allowed under the IRS expense allowances. Add lines 2 through 19.	\$

Last Name

Ac	In the search additional Expense Deductions These are additional deductions allowed by the Means Test. Note: Do not include any expense allowances listed in lines 2-20.								
21.	21. Health insurance, disability insurance, and health savings account expenses. The monthly expenses for health insurance, disability insurance, and health savings accounts that are reasonably necessary for yourself, your spouse, or your dependents.								
	Health insurance \$								
	Disability insurance \$								
	Health savings account + \$								
	Total \$ Copy total here→	_{\$}							
	Do you actually spend this total amount?	Ψ							
	□ No. How much do you actually spend? □ Yes \$								
22.	Continuing contributions to the care of household or family members. The actual monthly expenses that you will continue to pay for the reasonable and necessary care and support of an elderly, chronically ill, or disabled member of your household or member of your immediate family who is unable to pay for such expenses.	\$							
23.	Protection against family violence. The reasonably necessary monthly expenses that you incur to maintain the safety of you and your family under the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act or other federal laws that apply.	\$							
	By law, the court must keep the nature of these expenses confidential.								
24.	24. Additional home energy costs. Your home energy costs are included in your non-mortgage housing and utilities allowance on line 4.								
	If you believe that you have home energy costs that are more than the home energy costs included in the non-mortgage housing and utilities allowance, then fill in the excess amount of home energy costs.								
	You must give your case trustee documentation of your actual expenses, and you must show that the additional amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.								
25.	Education expenses for dependent children who are younger than 18. The monthly expenses (not more than \$147* per child) that you pay for your dependent children who are younger than 18 years old to attend a private or public elementary or secondary school.	\$							
	You must give your case trustee documentation of your actual expenses, and you must explain why the amount claimed is reasonable and necessary and not already accounted for in lines 2-19.								
	* Subject to adjustment on 4/01/13, and every 3 years after that for cases begun on or after the date of adjustment.	_							
26.	\$								
the food and clothing allowances in the IRS National Standards. To find the maximum additional allowance, either go to http://www.justice.gov/ust/eo/bapcpa/meanstesting.htm or ask for help at the clerk's office of the bankruptcy court.									
	You must show that the additional amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.								
27.	Continuing charitable contributions. The amount that you will continue to contribute in the form of cash or financial instruments to a religious or charitable organization. 11 U.S.C. § 548(d)(3) and (4).	+							
	Do not include any amount more than 15% of your gross monthly income.								
28.	Add all of the additional expense deductions. Add lines 21 through 27.	\$							

Deductions for Debt Payment

29. For debts that are secured by an interest in property that you own, including home mortgages, vehicle loans, and other secured debt, fill in lines 29a through 29g.

To calculate the total average monthly payment, add all amounts that are contractually due to each secured creditor in the 60 months after you file for bankruptcy. Then divide by 60.

			Average monthly payment
Mortgages on your home			
29a. Copy line 5b here			\$
Loans on your first two vehicles			
29b. Copy line 9b here			\$
29c. Copy line 9e here			\$
Name of each creditor for other secured debt	Identify property that secures the debt	Does payment include taxes or insurance?	
29d.		□ No □ Yes	\$
29e.		□ No □ Yes	\$
29f.		□ No □ Yes	+ \$
29g. Total average monthly payment. Add	d lines 29a through 29f		\$

- 30. Are any debts that you listed in line 29 secured by your primary residence, a vehicle, or other property necessary for your support or the support of your dependents?
 - No. Go to line 31.
 - Yes. State any amount that you must pay to a creditor, in addition to the payments listed in line 29, to keep possession of your property (called the *cure amount*). Next, divide by 60 and fill in the information below.

Name of the creditor	Identify property that secures the debt	Total cure amount	Monthly cure amount
		\$ ÷ 60 =	\$
		\$ ÷ 60 =	\$
		\$ ÷ 60 =	+ \$
		Total	\$

Total \$______ Copy total here →

- 31. Do you owe any priority claims such as a priority tax, child support, or alimony that are past due as of the filing date of your bankruptcy case? 11 U.S.C. § 507
 - No. Go to line 32.
 - Yes. Fill in the total amount of all of these priority claims. Do not include current or ongoing priority claims, such as those you listed in line 15.

Total amount of all past-due priority claims.

\$_____ ÷ 60 = \$____

Debtor 1						Case number (if known)			
		First Name	Middle Name	Last Name					
	32. Projec	ted monthly	Chapter 13 plan	n payment			\$		
	Office f	or United Sta	tes Trustees. To	determined under schedule find this information, go to meanstesting.htm or ask f	•		x		
	Averag	e monthly ad	ministrative expe	nse			\$	Copy total here	\$
	33. Add al	of the dedu	ctions for debt				\$		
	-								
	Total Ded	uctions from	1 Income						
	34. Add al	of the allow	red deductions.						
	Copy I	ine 20, All of	the expenses allo	owed under IRS expense a	allowances		\$		
	Copy I	ine 28, All of	the additional exp	pense deductions			\$		
	Copy I	ine 33, All of	the deductions fo	r debt payment			+ \$		
	Total d	eductions					\$	Copy total here	\$
Pa	rt 2: Dete	ermine You	r Disposable I	ncome Under 11 U.S.	C. § 1325(b)(2)				
			•						
35.				ne from line 14 of Form 2 come and Calculation of		od			\$
			·						
36.				ne you receive for suppo					
	disability p	children. The monthly average of any child support payments, foster care payments, or disability payments for a dependent child, reported in Part I of Form 22C —1, that you received							
		nce with appl for such child		ptcy law to the extent reas	sonably necessary to	b be	\$		
27	Fill in all (uslified retir	rement deductio	ne. The monthly total of al	I amounts that your				
31.	employer v	Fill in all qualified retirement deductions. The monthly total of all amounts that your employer withheld from wages as contributions for qualified retirement plans, as specified in § 541(b)(7) plus all required repayments of loans from retirement plans, as							
		n § 362(b)(19		repayments of loans from	retirement plans, as		\$		
38.	Total of a	I deductions	allowed under	11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(2)(A).	Copy line 34		\$		
39.				If special circumstances ju					
you have no reasonable alternative, describe the special circumstances and their expenses. You must give your case trustee a detailed explanation of the special circumstances and documentation for the expenses.									
	documenta	ation for the e	xpenses.						
	Describe	the special cir	rcumstance		Amount of expense				
	39a.				\$				
	39b.				•				
					\$				
	39c.				+\$				
						Copy 39d			
	39d. Total .	Add lines 39a	a through 39c	39d.	\$	here 🛨	+\$		

D	ebtor 1	First Name	Middle Name Last Na	me		Case r	number (if known)		
40. Total adjustments. Add lines 36 through 39d.									- \$
41. Calculate your monthly disposable income under § 1325(b)(2). Subtract line 40 from line 35.									
Pá	Part 3: Change in Income or Expenses								
42.	this form h filed your h increased second co	as changed cankruptcy after you fil	r expenses. If the income in don't is virtually certain to chapetition, fill in the information ed your petition, check 22C in why the wages increased rease.	inge during n below. Fo -1 in the firs	the 12 months or example, if the st column, enter	after the date you e wages reported line 2 in the			
	Form	Line	Reason for change	Date of change	Increase or decrease?	Amount of change			
	□ B22C−1 □ B22C −2				☐ Increase☐ Decrease	\$			
	☐ B22C—1				☐ Increase☐ Decrease	\$			
	☐ B22C—1 ☐ B22C —2				☐ Increase☐ Decrease	\$			
	☐ B22C—1				☐ Increase☐ Decrease	\$			
Pá	art 4: Sigr	Here							
	By signing here, under penalty of perjury you declare that the information on this statement and in any attachments is true and correct.								
×									
Signature of Debtor 1 Signature of Debtor 2									
Date Date									

Official Forms 22C-1 and 22C-2

Instructions for the Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income, Calculation of Commitment Period and Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

United States Bankruptcy Court

12/01/13

How to Fill Out these Forms

Official Forms 22C—1 and 22C—2 determine the period for your payments to creditors, how the amount you may be required to pay to creditors is established, and, in some situations, how much you must pay.

You must file 22C -1, the Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period (Official Form 22C -1) if you are an individual and you are filing under chapter 13. This form will determine your current monthly income and determine whether your income is below the median income for households of the same size in your state. If your income is not above the median, you will not have to fill out the second form. Form 22C -1 also will determine your applicable commitment period—the time period for making payments to your creditors.

If your income is above the median, you must file the second form, 22C –2, *Chapter13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income*. The calculations on this form—sometimes called the *Means Test*—reduce your income by living expenses and payment of certain debts, resulting in an amount available to pay unsecured debts. Your chapter 13 plan may be required to provide for payment of this amount toward unsecured debts.

Read each question carefully. You may not be required to answer every question on this form. The instructions will alert you if you may skip questions.

Some of the questions require you to go to other sources for information. In those cases, the form has instructions for where to find the information you need.

If you and your spouse are filing together, you and your spouse must file a single statement.

Understand the terms used in these form

These forms use *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, these forms use *you* to ask for information from both debtors. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the forms use *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Things to remember when filling out this form

- Be as complete and accurate as possible.
- If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. Include the line number to which the additional information applies. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).
- If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Official Forms 22A-1, 22A-2, 22C-1, and 22C-2 are new versions of the "means test" forms used by individuals in chapter 7 and 13, formerly Official Forms 22A and 22C. The original forms were substantially revised as part of the Forms Modernization Project. Official Form 22B, used by individuals in chapter 11, has also been revised as part of the project, which was designed so that the individuals completing the forms would do so more accurately and completely.

The revised versions of the means test forms present the relevant information in a format different from the original forms. For chapter 7, former Official Form 22A has been split into two forms: 22A-1 and 22A-2. The first form, Official Form 22A-1, *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income*, is to be completed by all chapter 7 debtors. It calculates a debtor's current monthly income and compares that calculation to the median income for households of the same size in the debtor's state. The second form, Official Form 22A-2, *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation*, is to be completed only by those chapter 7 debtors whose income is above the applicable state median.

For chapter 13, there is a similar split of income and expense calculations. All chapter 13 debtors must complete Official Form 22C-1, *Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period*, which calculates current monthly income and the plan commitment period. Debtors only need to complete the second form, Official Form 22C-2, *Chapter13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income*, if their current monthly income exceeds the applicable median. Form 22C-2 calculates disposable income under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(3), through a report of allowed expense deductions.

Line 60 of former Official Form 22C has not been repeated in Official Form 22C-2. This line allowed debtors to list, but not deduct from income, "Other Necessary Expense" items that are not included within the categories specified by the Internal Revenue Service. Because debtors are separately allowed to list—and deduct—any expenses arising from special circumstances, former Line 60 was rarely used.

Form 22C-2 also reflects the Supreme Court's decision in *Hamilton v. Lanning*, 130 S. Ct. 2464 (2010). Adopting a forward-looking approach, the Court held in *Lanning* that the calculation of a chapter 13 debtor's projected disposable income under § 1325(b)

required consideration of changes to income or expenses reported elsewhere on former Official Form 22C that, at the time of plan confirmation, had occurred or were virtually certain to occur. Those changes could result in either an increased or decreased projected disposable income. Because only debtors whose annualized current monthly income exceeds the applicable median family income have their projected disposable income determined by the information provided on Official Form 22C-2, only these debtors are required to provide the information about changes to income and expenses on Official Form 22C-2. Part 3 of Official Form 22C-2 provides for the reporting of those changes.

In reporting changes to income a debtor must indicate whether the amounts reported in Official Form 22C-1—which are monthly averages of various types of income received during the six months prior to the filing of the bankruptcy case—have already changed or are virtually certain to change during the 12 months following the filing of the bankruptcy petition. For each change, the debtor must indicate the line of Official Form 22C-1 on which the amount to be changed was reported, the reason for the change, the date of its occurrence, whether the change is an increase or decrease of income, and the amount of the change. Similarly, in reporting changes to expenses, a debtor must list changes to the debtor's actual expenditures reported in Part 1 of Official Form C-2 that are virtually certain to occur during the 12 months following the filing of the bankruptcy petition. With respect to the deductible amounts reported in Part 1 that are determined by the IRS national and local standards, only changed amounts that result from changed circumstances in the debtor's life—such as the addition of a family member or the surrender of a vehicle—should be reported. For each change in expenses, the same information required to be provided for income changes must be reported.

Unlike former Official Forms 22A and 22C, line 23 of Official Form 22A-2 and line 19 of Official Form 22C-2 permit the deduction of cell phone expenses necessary for the production of income if those expenses have not been reimbursed by the debtor's employer or deducted by the debtor in calculating net self-employment income. The same lines also state that expenses for internet service may be deducted as a telecommunication services expense only if necessary for the production of income. Under IRS guidelines adopted in 2011, expenses for home internet service used for other purposes are included in the Local Standards for Housing and utilities—Insurance and operating expenses.